

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26

THE HONORABLE BRIAN A. TSUCHIDA

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT SEATTLE

CHRISTOPHER J. HADNAGY, an individual; and SOCIAL-ENGINEER, LLC, a Pennsylvania limited liability company,

Plaintiffs,

v.

JEFF MOSS, an individual; DEF CON COMMUNICATIONS, INC., a Washington corporation; and DOES 1-10; and ROE ENTITIES 1-10, inclusive,

Defendants.

No. 2:23-cv-01932-BAT

DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Noted For Consideration: March 21, 2025

ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1

2 INTRODUCTION 5

3 STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS 7

4 A. Jeff Moss, Def Con, and the Code of Conduct 7

5 B. Christopher Hadnagy 8

6 C. Maxie Reynolds’s allegations 8

7 D. Discussions with Hadnagy 10

8 E. The Def Con Zoom call 11

9 F. Def Con posts the Transparency Report and Transparency Update,
10 and Black Hat independently bans Hadnagy. 16

11 G. Discovery confirms widespread misconduct by Hadnagy 18

12 PROCEDURAL HISTORY 23

13 SUMMARY JUDGMENT STANDARD 24

14 ARGUMENT 25

15 I. Hadnagy has not proven the falsity of any statement. 25

16 A. The Transparency Report is true and thus not defamatory 26

17 B. The Transparency Update is true and thus not defamatory 30

18 C. Def Con’s statements do not imply sexual misconduct, but even if
19 they did, the implication would be accurate. 33

20 II. Hadnagy has not shown negligence. 34

21 CONCLUSION 36

22

23

24

25

26

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

1				Page(s)
2				
3				
4	CASES			
5	<i>Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.</i> ,			
6	477 U.S. 242 (1986).....			24
7	<i>Ernst Home Ctr., Inc. v. United Food & Com. Workers Int’l Union, AFL-CIO, Loc.</i>			
8	1001,			
9	888 P.2d 1196 (Wash. App. 1995)			28
10	<i>Haueter v. Cowles Pub. Co.</i> ,			
11	811 P.2d 231 (Wash. App. 1991)			34
12	<i>LaMon v. Butler</i> ,			
13	770 P.2d 1027 (Wash. 1989)			25
14	<i>Mark v. Seattle Times</i> ,			
15	96 Wash.2d 473; 635 P.2d 1081 (1981)			25
16	<i>Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co. v. Zenith Radio Corp.</i> ,			
17	475 U.S. 574 (1986).....			24
18	<i>Mohr v. Grant</i> ,			
19	153 Wash.2d 812; 108 P.3d 768 (Wash. 2005).....			25, 28, 30
20	<i>In re Oracle Corp. Sec. Litig.</i> ,			
21	627 F.3d 376 (9th Cir. 2010).....			24
22	<i>Pardee v. Evergreen Shores Beach Club</i> ,			
23	13 Wash. App. 2d 1111 (2020).....			25, 34
24	<i>Paterson v. Little, Brown & Co.</i> ,			
25	502 F. Supp. 2d 1124 (W.D. Wash. 2007)			7, 26
26	<i>Schmalenberg v. Tacoma News, Inc.</i> ,			
	943 P.2d 350 (Wash. App. 1997)			28
	<i>Sisley v. Seattle Sch. Dist. No. 1</i> ,			
	286 P.3d 974 (Wash. App. 2012)			26

1 **FEDERAL RULES**

2 Fed. R. Civ. P. 56 24

3 **OTHER AUTHORITIES**

4 CollinsDictionary.com..... 30

5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26

1 **INTRODUCTION**

2 Jeff Moss is the founder of Def Con Communications, Inc., an organization that
3 hosts an annual cybersecurity and hacking conference in Las Vegas, Nevada. The
4 organization’s Code of Conduct prohibits harassment and reserves the right to expel
5 participants for harassment.

6 In 2021, Moss was informed that Christopher Hadnagy had committed
7 shocking acts of harassment against many people over the course of years. The first
8 woman to raise concerns, Maxie Reynolds, explained that Hadnagy had retaliated
9 against her after she left his employment by, among other things, pressuring
10 prominent podcasters and other media figures to “drop” her and trashing her
11 reputation in the community. When Def Con confronted Hadnagy, he admitted his
12 actions and claimed only that they were justified. More than a dozen other people
13 then came forward to report, among other things, Hadnagy’s inappropriate fixation
14 on the looks of his female employees and conference attendees and participants;
15 regular outbursts of anger in the workplace and while at the Def Con conference;
16 pattern of insulting employees; design of training exercises that prompted students
17 to ask strangers about things like penis circumcision, breast size, and feminine
18 hygiene products; and brandishing of a switchblade. All of these individuals,
19 including Reynolds, had attended Def Con conferences.

20 After hearing these distressing stories, Def Con banned Hadnagy from its
21 conferences with the following announcement:

22 We received multiple CoC [Code of Conduct] violation reports about a
23 DEF CON village leader, Chris Hadnagy of the SE Village. After
24 conversations with the reporting parties and Chris, we are confident
25 that the severity of the transgressions merits a ban from Def Con.
26

1 Declaration of Matt Mertens (“Mertens Decl.”) Exhibit 1 (the “Transparency Report”).
2 Def Con later issued an update to this report (Mertens Decl. Exhibit 2 “Transparency
3 Update”) conveying similar information in similar terms.

4 Citing the Transparency Report and Transparency Update, Hadnagy and his
5 company sued Moss and Def Con for defamation. The suit is meritless for two
6 overarching reasons:

7 **Hadnagy cannot prove the falsity of any statement.** A defamation
8 plaintiff bears the burden of proving that the challenged statement was neither true
9 nor substantially true. Hadnagy has not come anywhere close to meeting his burden.
10 The undisputed evidence shows beyond any doubt that Def Con received multiple
11 reports of behavior by Hadnagy that violated its Code of Conduct; that Def Con had
12 “conversations with the reporting parties and [Hadnagy]”; and that “the severity of
13 the transgressions merit[ed] a ban from Def Con” under the organization’s own
14 standards, which it had the authority to set in its sole discretion. Every part of the
15 Transparency Report and related update is true or at least substantially true; there
16 is no evidence to the contrary. Indeed, discovery has only confirmed Hadnagy’s
17 extensive pattern of misbehavior and reinforced the propriety of the ban. On this
18 record, no rational jury could find that Defendants made any false statement.

19 **Hadnagy cannot prove negligence.** Moreover, even if Hadnagy could prove
20 that some part of the challenged statements was not substantially true—which he
21 cannot—he cannot possibly show that Defendants were negligent in making them.
22 Hadnagy *admitted* to retaliating against a female former subordinate (Reynolds) in
23 ways that any reasonable person would find disturbingly vindictive whatever
24 Hadnagy’s purported justifications (many of which Hadnagy has since admitted were
25 based on false assumptions). And the Transparency Report and Transparency Update
26 were posted only after *more than a dozen other individuals* had come forward to

1 report experiences with Hadnagy that made them feel uncomfortable, degraded,
2 intimidated, and afraid. Hadnagy has produced *no evidence* showing that Defendants
3 knew or should have known that the reports of severe harassment—made by more
4 than a dozen people—were false. To the contrary, discovery has confirmed their truth.

5 *

6 Hadnagy complains that Def Con’s statements harmed his reputation. But a
7 person *earns* their reputation, good or bad, through their actions. Here, Hadnagy’s
8 *own actions*—including, ironically, his ruthless campaign to destroy someone else’s
9 reputation—were his undoing. Defendants cannot be held liable for truthfully
10 reporting *Hadnagy’s own misconduct*, as truth is an absolute defense to defamation.
11 *Paterson v. Little, Brown & Co.*, 502 F. Supp. 2d 1124, 1133 (W.D. Wash. 2007).

12 In the end, Hadnagy has no one to blame but himself. Defendants respectfully
13 request that the Court grant them summary judgment and dismiss this suit.

14 **STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS**

15 Unless otherwise noted, the following facts are undisputed.

16 **A. Jeff Moss, Def Con, and the Code of Conduct**

17 Jeff Moss is the founder of Def Con, an organization that hosts an annual
18 cybersecurity and hacking conference in Las Vegas. Compl. ¶¶ 2–3. The conferences
19 include speaker presentations, workshops, and contests. *Id.* ¶¶ 38–41. They also
20 feature breakout sessions, called “villages,” on particular topics. *Id.* ¶ 40.

21 Def Con’s Code of Conduct prohibits “harassment,” which includes “deliberate
22 intimidation and targeting individuals in a manner that makes them feel
23 uncomfortable, unwelcome, or afraid.” Mertens Decl. Exhibit 3. Def Con reserves the
24 “right to respond to harassment in the manner [it] deem[s] appropriate, including but
25 not limited to expulsion without refund and referral to the to the relevant
26 authorities.” *Id.*

1 In 2017, Def Con began to publish transparency reports—i.e., summaries of
2 every incident that had occurred at the conference each year. The goal was to
3 discourage inappropriate behavior and to “encourage other conventions to duplicate
4 this reporting and share their data so collectively we can shed some light on the
5 challenge we face in creating more safe and inclusive events.” *Id.* (typo fixed).

6 **B. Christopher Hadnagy**

7 Chris Hadnagy is the founder of Social-Engineer, LLC, a company focused on
8 the “social-engineering” tactics—i.e., manipulation, influence, and deception—that
9 can be used to gain access to a victim’s computer system or personal data. Compl. ¶
10 42. Hadnagy formerly hosted a social-engineering village at Def Con called
11 “SEVillage.” *Id.* ¶¶ 45–46.

12 Hadnagy is also the founder of the Innocent Lives Foundation (“ILF”), a
13 nonprofit organization involved in identifying child predators online. Mertens Decl.
14 Exhibit 4.

15 **C. Maxie Reynolds’s allegations**

16 In January 2020, Hadnagy hired Maxie Reynolds to work at Social-Engineer.
17 Mertens Decl. Exhibit 5 (“Reynolds Dep.”) 15:17–16:24, 19:8–19. Before hiring her,
18 Hadnagy pressed one of her references to confirm she was a real person, asking in a
19 LinkedIn message: “so she is that hot?” Mertens Decl. Exhibit 6 at SE_000405.
20 Written materials unearthed in discovery show that Hadnagy repeatedly described
21 Reynolds in similar terms. *See* Mertens Decl. Exhibit 7 (she’s “so hot it’s dumb”);
22 Mertens Decl. Exhibit 8 (looks like a “supermodel”); Mertens Decl. Exhibit 9 at
23 DENIS00000321 (the “hotness of maxie”).

24 While at the company, Reynolds wrote a book about social engineering.
25 Hadnagy worked with her to edit each chapter as it was drafted. Mertens Decl.
26 Exhibit 10 (“Hadnagy Dep.”) at 121:19–123:22.

1 On August 5, 2021, Reynolds resigned from Social-Engineer. Hadnagy then
2 took the following actions against her:

- 3 • Made accusations about her book. Hadnagy claimed that two images in the
4 book were from an active ILF case. Hadnagy Dep. 119:13–120:5. Hadnagy
5 called Reynolds’s publisher, who removed the images, and contacted an
6 acquaintance at the FBI. *Id.* at 125:12–127:25.
- 7 • Canceled podcast interviews. Hadnagy pressured the hosts of five
8 prominent podcasts to cancel scheduled conversations with Reynolds; he
9 succeeded in canceling three of them. *Id.* at 139:1–23.
- 10 • Interfered with a potential TV show. Hadnagy pressured the producer of a
11 TV show to “drop her from the show.” *Id.* at 144:9–146:1. In text messages,
12 Hadnagy claimed the project was illegal, that Reynolds is a liar, and that
13 she’s “dangerous”; he urged the producer to “run the other way with haste.”
14 Mertens Decl. Exhibit 11.
- 15 • Disparaged her character. Hadnagy texted Reynolds’s reference: “She is a
16 train wreck. Stole IP. Took work with her. Quit. Lied. Started a
17 competitive company.” *Id.* Exhibit 6 at SE_000408. Hadnagy later
18 admitted that Reynolds did *not* take work with her or start a competitive
19 company. Hadnagy Dep. 148:7–152:17.

20 On August 23, 2021, Reynolds told Hadnagy’s friend Neil Wyler—a senior
21 member of Def Con’s staff and also of Black Hat, an organization that hosts a security
22 conference similar to Def Con’s—about Hadnagy’s actions. Mertens Decl. Exhibit 12;
23 Reynolds Dep. 77:14–21; Mertens Decl. Exhibit 13 (“Wyler Dep.”) at 39:10–18, 41:19–
24 42:8. Reynolds also told Wyler that Hadnagy would often explode at people at work.
25 Wyler Dep. 38:20–24. Wyler later testified that this rang true to him because he had
26 personally experienced an outburst from Hadnagy at a Def Con conference in which

1 Hadnagy screamed obscenities at him and called him a pedophile.¹ *Id.* at 21:5–25:4,
2 38:25–39:5; *id.* Hadnagy Dep. 191:2–192:6, 264:14–21.

3 **D. Discussions with Hadnagy**

4 On August 25, 2021, Wyler texted Moss about Reynolds’s allegations. Mertens
5 Decl. Exhibit 15. Wyler and Moss spoke via phone that same day; Wyler testified that
6 Moss gave him permission to speak to Hadnagy on behalf of Def Con. Wyler Dep.
7 43:15–44:5.

8 On August 26, 2021, Wyler texted Hadnagy that a former employee had come
9 forward with allegations of harassment. *Id.* Exhibit 14 at WYLER00000022. Wyler
10 and Hadnagy spoke via telephone that night. Wyler Dep. 50:23–25. Hadnagy began
11 by volunteering half a dozen names for who the former employee might be. *Id.* at
12 51:1–52:11. After Wyler began to describe the allegations, Hadnagy said, “Okay, it’s
13 Maxie then.” *Id.* at 52:12–17. At each step of the conversation, Hadnagy confirmed
14 his actions against Reynolds, offering only “yes, but” purported justifications for his
15 conduct. *Id.* at 55:18–22 and 56:8–16. Hadnagy acknowledged he had called
16 Reynolds’s publisher (*id.* at 53:4–12); that he was pressuring a TV producer to drop
17 her (*id.* at 55:22–56:7); and that he had pressured podcast hosts to cancel
18 conversations with her (*id.* at 56:20–22). Hadnagy confirmed all this in his deposition.
19 Hadnagy Dep. 194:18–202:24. The conversation ended with Hadnagy agreeing he
20 would leave Reynolds alone. Wyler Dep. 65:8–25; Mertens Decl. Exhibit 15.

21 Hadnagy’s stated willingness to leave Reynolds alone lasted less than 72 hours.
22 On August 30, 2021, Social-Engineer COO Ryan MacDougall texted Reynolds
23 apropos of nothing, “It must be so hard living so many different lies. I hope you find
24 true joy someday.” Mertens Decl. Exhibit 16. That same day, someone at Social-
25

26 ¹ Hadnagy believed that Def Con was hosting an after-hours event involving
strippers in the SE Village event space and was furious about this.

1 Engineer locked Reynolds out of her personal computer, which she had been using for
2 work purposes while employed at the company. Wyler Dep. 71:17–73:1. Reynolds
3 reported the text and the lock-out to Wyler, who asked Hadnagy what was going on.
4 Mertens Decl. Exhibit 14 at WYLER00000024. Hadnagy confirmed that MacDougall
5 had sent the text and that Social-Engineer had locked Reynold’s laptop. *Id.* at
6 WYLER00000027–29.

7 On September 2, 2021, Reynolds contacted Def Con’s “villages@defcon.org”
8 email address to say that she had 15 people willing to tell their stories of harassment
9 and misconduct by an unnamed village leader. Mertens Decl. Exhibit 17. Reynolds
10 asked to set up a video call with all willing participants so they would not have to put
11 their experiences into writing. *Id.* She wrote that “most people have expressed to me
12 that they fear his retaliation if [their] emails were shown to him.” *Id.* Def Con
13 scheduled a Zoom call for September 7, 2021. Wyler Dep. 93:24–94:18.

14 **E. The Def Con Zoom call**

15 Somewhere between 15 and 20 people attended the call, which lasted about
16 four hours. Reynolds Dep. 94:15–95:5; Wyler Dep. 97:11–15; Mertens Decl. Exhibit
17 18 (“Moss Dep.”) at 137:10–14, 144:24–145:5. The participants shared experiences
18 that Moss contemporaneously described as “[b]rutal stories” of “vengeful” and
19 “abusive” behavior.” Mertens Decl. Exhibit 19. Several participants have testified
20 about what they said on the call; Hadnagy has admitted many of their claims, as
21 indicated below. *Hadnagy does not and cannot dispute that Def Con representatives*
22 *(including Moss) were on the call and heard the participants’ stories.*

23 **1. Michelle Fincher**

24 Fincher was Social-Engineer’s former COO and worked for Hadnagy from 2013
25 until 2017. Mertens Decl. Exhibit 20 (“Fincher Dep.”) at 12:7–10; 28:16–18; 81:6–12.
26 Fincher testified that “there was almost never a day in my entire four years working


1 for Hadnagy that I was not either enraged or embarrassed due to something
2 happening in the company or my interactions with him.” *Id.* at 15:14–18.

3 Fixation on “hot Asians.” Hadnagy repeatedly referred to Fincher as a “hot
4 Asian,” and he talked about her legs and how she should wear high heels. Fincher
5 Dep. 18:16–19:2. Fincher found this uncomfortable and inappropriate. *Id.* at 19:11–
6 21:16. Hadnagy “fairly regularly” commented on women he perceived as being “hot
7 Asians.” *Id.* at 32:24–33:2. For the Def Con village in 2017, Hadnagy overrode his
8 team’s assessment that an applicant was not qualified and selected her for a
9 competition, saying, “She’s hot and she’s Asian. She’s in.” *Id.* at 29:14–31:16. Fincher
10 was “furious” and thought it was inappropriate for Hadnagy to be referring to a very
11 young woman that way. *Id.* at 31:17–32:23.

12 Bullying employees and anger outbursts. Fincher testified that Hadnagy “was
13 in the habit” of “berating people for various infractions, real or imagined.” *Id.* at
14 24:10–12. Employees were afraid to take bathroom breaks or get food during the
15 workday because Hadnagy would engage in “public humiliation” of employees who
16 had stepped away from their computers. *Id.* at 24:13–28:7. Fincher witnessed
17 Hadnagy insulting employees and testified that Hadnagy’s conduct in “essentially
18 screaming at someone over chat in a venue that the entire company can see is pretty
19 inappropriate.” *Id.* at 38:3–5. Hadnagy bullied an employee into resigning, which
20 upset Fincher. *Id.* at 38:21–39:8. Fincher regularly observed Hadnagy’s anger-related
21 outbursts and difficulty controlling his anger. *Id.* at 54:8–19.

22 Inappropriately sexualized trainings. Fincher and Hadnagy jointly provided
23 trainings at Black Hat. *Id.* at 42:13–25. Hadnagy’s trainings included “homework”
24 assignments that required trainees to ask strangers uncomfortable questions—e.g.,
25 for women to ask men if they had circumcised penises, and for men to ask women
26 about their bra size and use of feminine hygiene products. *Id.* at 45:9–46:6. Fincher

1 told Hadnagy that she “bitterly” disagreed with these training questions, as she
2 believed they put women in potentially unsafe situations. *Id.* at 45:3–46:6 and 48:6–
3 19. Students approached Fincher in “almost every class” she taught to tell her they
4 were uncomfortable with the questions. *Id.* at 48:20–49:2.

5  During his deposition, Hadnagy admitted that he referred to Fincher as
6 “the marketing Asian,” Hadnagy Dep. 52:11-22; that his training sessions asked
7 participants to ask questions about things like circumcision, bra size, and feminine
8 hygiene products, *id.* at 74:14–78:11, 84:1–24, 111:3–113:6; that there were
9 complaints about the questions, *id.*; and that he yelled at people at Def Con
10 conferences, *id.* at 264:10–265:11. Further, in response to RFAs, Hadnagy admitted:
11 “female students of the course were asked to try to gain a subject’s private
12 information on numerous topics, including thoughts on circumcision, boxers or briefs,
13 weight control products, birth control choices, and salary.” Mertens Decl. Exhibit 21.

14 **2. Cat Murdock**


15 Murdock worked at Social-Engineer from October 2017 until March 2019.
16 Mertens Decl. Exhibit 22 (“Murdock Dep”) at. 13:16–20.

17 Explosive anger. Murdock testified that the atmosphere at Social-Engineer
18 was that of “walking on eggshells” around Hadnagy; that any little thing could set off
19 him off; and his avatar in the company chat was the Hulk. Murdock Dep. 71:15–25,
20 78:11–79:7. One time Murdock was correcting the pronunciation of a Middle Eastern
21 man’s name, and Hadnagy became so angry he told Murdock to physically get away
22 because he didn’t know what he was going to do. *Id.* at 46:5–23. Murdock described
23 Hadnagy as “scary” in that moment and said she cried in a bathroom afterwards. *Id.*

24 Violence and “jokes” of violence. Murdock testified that Hadnagy threw a
25 phone at her, which she found “intimidating.” *Id.* at 59:3–60:17. Hadnagy also
26 regularly “joked” about shanking and throat-punching people, which Murdock found

1 “definitely uncomfortable.” *Id.* at 26:17–23; 27:9–13; 32:18–33:6. He would pull out
2 his switchblade as part of these “jokes.” *Id.* at 33:7–34:9; 87:13–22. It was “very
3 common” for Hadnagy to pull out his knife and joke about shanking people while
4 attending Def Con. *Id.* at 91:2–9.

5 Belittling of employees. Hadnagy commonly belittled his employees, referring
6 to them as “stupid,” “dumb,” and “morons.” *Id.* at 72:1–23. He yelled at every
7 employee at some point. *Id.* at 74:11–23. Hadnagy’s constant yelling made Murdock
8 feel “definitely unwelcome” and “for sure disrespected.” *Id.* at 74:1–10.

9  During his deposition, Hadnagy admitted that he “got very angry at”
10 Murdock. Hadnagy Dep. 200:18–201:24. He also conceded that he owns a
11 switchblade, *id.* at 16:16–17:5; did not dispute that he had threatened to “ball slap” a
12 trainee with the switchblade, *id.*; and acknowledged that his work avatar is the Hulk,
13 *id.* at 296:14–297:8. Written communications further confirm Hadnagy’s anger
14 toward Murdock and anger-issues generally.²

15 3. Jess Levine

16 Levine worked at Social-Engineer from November 2020 until March 2021;
17 Hadnagy fired her because Hadnagy was unhappy that she had tweeted about mental
18 health in the workplace. Mertens Decl. Exhibit 23 (“Levine Dep.”) at 22:14–17; 53:6–
19

20
21 ² See Mertens Decl. Exhibit 24 (acknowledging in an email to Murdock that his
22 “language and words were very strong and very harsh” towards her; that he had
23 “freaked out” on her; and that his “reaction was so poor”); *Id.* Exhibit 25 at 84 (“I was
24 harsh with Cat I truly was ... I was harsh in times of stress ... could I be called a jerk,
25 yes.”); *id.* Exhibit 26 (“I screwed up and chewed [Murdock] out bad”); *id.* Exhibit 27
26 (Murdock “had gotten me really angry many times and I was harsh with her ... a bit
of an Ahole a few times”); *id.* Exhibits 28 and 29 (“I’ve been a jerk a lot” and describing
himself as “aggro”); *id.* Exhibit 9 at DENIS00000323 (describing himself as an
“asshole”).

1 22.³ While Levine was unable to attend the call, she drafted a statement that
2 Murdock read to the participants. Murdock Dep. 131:2–9; Levine Dep. 70:17–24.


3 Inappropriate behavior with a knife. Levine attended a gathering in Hadnagy’s
4 hotel suite at Def Con in 2017. Levine Dep. 14:6–13. Hadnagy was playing with his
5 knife; was intoxicated and slurring his words; and was making “jokes” about cutting
6 people with his knife. *Id.* at 14:21–16:6. Hadnagy brandished his knife and “joked”
7 about cutting people about 10 times in the three days of the conference. *Id.* at 17:7–
8 12. At other times, Hadnagy brandished his knife while on video calls and at one
9 point angrily stabbed his knife into his desk. *Id.* at 34:5–35:3. This made Levine feel
10 “scared” and “intimidated.” *Id.* at 45:12–46:1.

11 Berating Levine and other employees, including his own son. Hadnagy reduced
12 Levine to tears in a conversation in which he said she was a “waste of money”; she
13 had “taken advantage of his kindness”; she was being paid too much; she was a “liar”;
14 and her work or performance was “worthless.” *Id.* at 36:1–22. Hadnagy was equally
15 withering in his criticisms of his son Colin, who was also a Social-Engineer employee.
16 *Id.* at 60:17–61:3. Colin “often” confided in Levine about Hadnagy’s degrading
17 comments to him, including that he was an “idiot” and “incompetent.” *Id.* at 61:4–18.
18 Levine witnessed Hadnagy calling Colin Hadnagy a “retard,” an “idiot,” and “stupid”
19 on multiple occasions. *Id.* at 62:10–63:3.

20 Unlawfully withholding Levine’s final paycheck. After Hadnagy fired Levine,
21 Hadnagy withheld her final paycheck based on accusations that she had violated her
22 employment contract and deleted company data; Levine had done neither. *Id.* at 57:2–
23 58:13. Levine had to file a complaint with the North Carolina Department of Labor,
24
25

26 ³Defendants have redacted sensitive, nonessential information from Exhibit 23 in
accordance with LCR 5(g)(1)(B).

1 which cited Social-Engineer for violating North Carolina state law by failing to timely
2 pay Levine her final paycheck. *Id.* at 58:15–16; Mertens Decl. Exhibit 30.

3  During his deposition, Hadnagy admitted to unlawfully withholding
4 Levine’s final check, Hadnagy Dep. 303:9–304:11, and he did not otherwise deny his
5 conduct per Ms. Levine’s testimony.

6 **F. Def Con posts the Transparency Report and Transparency**
7 **Update, and Black Hat independently bans Hadnagy.**

8 Moss testified he believed the assertions against Hadnagy because (among
9 other things) (1) they were firsthand accounts of people who had worked for him, and
10 the stories supported one another; (2) on the call with Wyler, Hadnagy had
11 immediately started volunteering names of former employees when guessing the
12 identity of the initial complainant; (3) Hadnagy had not denied taking action against
13 Reynolds and had instead attempted to justify his conduct; (4) Hadnagy did not have
14 anything substantiating his side of the story, like a police report or lawsuit; and (5)
15 Wyler had personally experienced Hadnagy’s furious outburst at Def Con. Moss Dep.
16 167:24–171:25. Wyler likewise found the allegations credible because of the sheer
17 number of people and the “very clear level of intimidation and just general fear
18 around Chris and his behavior and what he would do if he knew that they were
19 talking to us.” Wyler Dep. 120:19–121:5.

20 Between September 8, 2021, and January 9, 2022, Moss and Hadnagy
21 exchanged messages to try to schedule a call; Hadnagy was not available at the times
22 Moss offered. Mertens Decl. Exhibit 31. In a message to Moss on January 9, 2022,
23 Hadnagy reiterated his belief that Reynolds had stolen from him; rhetorically asked
24 Moss “what do we need to discuss?”; and told Moss that Hadnagy would not bring
25 SEVillage back to Def Con in 2022. *Id.* at DEFCON00000152. On January 16, 2022,
26 Hadnagy emailed Moss and Wyler about *different* allegations made against him by

1 people at Black Hat and attempted to refute those allegations. Mertens Decl. Exhibit
2 32.⁴

3 On February 9, 2022, Def Con posted the Transparency Report announcing
4 Hadnagy's ban as follows:

5 We received multiple CoC [Code of Conduct] violation reports about a
6 DEF CON village leader, Chris Hadnagy of the SE Village. After
7 conversations with the reporting parties and Chris, we are confident
8 that the severity of the transgressions merits a ban from Def Con.

9 *Id.* Exhibit 1. Other parts of the report not specific to Hadnagy said that “harassment
10 encompasses any behavior that makes others feel uncomfortable”; that “[r]epeat
11 offenders and those who commit more egregious offenses are permanently barred
12 from our events”; and that “[i]n the case of the most troubling offenses or those who
13 we feel may represent an ongoing risk to the community, we take the extra step of
14 naming them publicly.” *Id.*

15 On February 10, 2022, Black Hat independently banned Plaintiff from future
16 involvement at Black Hat as a trainer or review board member. Declaration of Steve
17 Wylie (“Wylie Decl.”), ¶ 4 and Ex. A. Black Hat made this decision on its own
18 investigation, did not rely on Def Con’s investigation, and did not make this decision
19 based on public reaction to Def Con’s ban of Plaintiff. *Id.* Black Hat removed Plaintiff
20 solely based on its own investigation and the pattern of discriminatory and bullying
21 allegations against Plaintiff. *Id.* ¶¶ 4–5.

22
23
24 ⁴ In this email, Hadnagy attacked a former SEVillage competitor, Stephanie
25 Carruthers, as “terrible, unethical, and a liar.” Carruthers had started a competing
26 social engineering training at Black Hat. Hadnagy was incensed and complained
about her to Black Hat. He also told his students that her class material was
unethical and illegal. Wyler had to intercede with Hadnagy to tell him to stop
attacking Carruthers. Wyler Dep. 144:21-145:17; Wyler Dep. 148:14-151:8.

1 After Hadnagy filed this suit, Def Con posted an update on the litigation. The
2 January 13, 2023, Transparency Update said, in relevant part:

3 During our investigation we spoke directly with Mr. Hadnagy about
4 claims of his violations of our Code of Conduct. He confirmed his
5 behavior, and agreed to stop. Unfortunately, the behavior did not stop.

6 Mertens Decl. Exhibit 33.

7 **G. Discovery confirms widespread misconduct by Hadnagy**

8 Discovery in this lawsuit has confirmed that Hadnagy has repeatedly harassed
9 members of the infosec community. The following facts are only those that are
10 *undisputed*, either because Hadnagy has admitted them or because they appear in
11 written communications that Hadnagy cannot deny.

12 **1. Pattern of retaliation and disparagement**

13 Hadnagy continued his retaliation against Reynolds. On February 9, 2022—
14 the day the Transparency Report was posted—Hadnagy contacted the accrediting
15 body for the Offensive Security Certified Professional (OSCP) about Reynolds’s
16 certificate. Mertens Decl. Exhibit 34. He represented that he wanted to verify that “a
17 student actually has the OSCP for employment verification.” *Id.* Hadnagy has
18 admitted that his representation was false and that he was “looking for dirt” on
19 Reynolds. Hadnagy Dep. 161:14–165:2.

20 In March 2022, Hadnagy repeatedly emailed a former client of Social-Engineer
21 to allege that Reynolds had used her sexual allure to induce a male employee of the
22 client to terminate its contract with Social-Engineer. Mertens Decl. Exhibit 35. The
23 former client had to tell Hadnagy to stop contacting them and involved their legal
24 team to make Hadnagy stop. *Id.*

25 Hadnagy’s bad-mouthing of Reynolds has also continued. In texts to a
26 colleague, Hadnagy has described Reynolds as “poison,” Mertens Decl. Exhibit 36;

1 called her a “psychopath,” Mertens Decl. Exhibit 9; and suggested finding a “hit man”
2 for her, Mertens Decl. Exhibit 37. He called Reynolds an “awful psycho bitch” in an
3 email to his PR consultant. Mertens Decl. Exhibit 38. And he wrote the following
4 email to a tech journalist:

5 So much data on her, she is a con artist. Her and her “ex” are known for
6 scamming people and stealing money then disappearing. She is pretty
7 terrible. Lied about her dad dying. Started a company while on “sick
8 leave” with her ex to compete with us, used corp email to divert contracts
9 and sign contracts she had no right to sign. Actively tried to sabotage
10 employees here, female employees at that, they will testify to it. She,
11 and this is no joke, is a psychopath. Joe Navarro has help me diagnose
12 her. It will be an amazing book. She reported me for being into Child
13 Porn. She illegally used pics from an ILF case in her book that I helped
14 her write. She left SECOM 3 days before launch and removed my name
15 from the book completely.

16 Mertens Decl. Exhibit 39. Hadnagy has since admitted that Reynolds did *not* take
17 work from Social-Engineer or start a competing company. Hadnagy Dep. 148:7–
18 152:17. He further admitted that neither he nor Joe Navarro are qualified to diagnose
19 anyone with anything, let alone with psychopathy. Hadnagy Dep. 26:25–29:17.

20 Hadnagy engaged in similar retaliatory behavior toward Murdock and
21 Samantha Gamble, a former ILF employee. After Murdock quit SE, Hadnagy made
22 similar accusations against Murdock, claiming that she had started a competing
23 business. Hadnagy sent her new employer (who was not a competitor, but a client) a
24 cease-and-desist letter, despite the fact that the non-compete had already lapsed.
25 Murdock Dep. 113:6–115:3. He also made disparaging comments about Murdock to
26 the above tech journalist, calling her a “terrible person.” Mertens Decl. Exhibit 39.
After Gamble quit ILF, Hadnagy tried to get Gamble blacklisted from industry
conferences and her talk at the National Child Protection Task Force Conference
cancelled. Mertens Decl. Exhibit 40 (“Gamble Dep.”) 58:23–61:23. He even emailed a

1 conference organizer calling Gamble “trash” and “filth.” Gamble Dep. 58:20–62:25;
2 Mertens Decl. Exhibit 50.

3 **2. Collaboration on child-predator “bait” with young**
4 **female colleague**

5 Samantha Gamble began working at ILF in 2019, when she was 21 years old.
6 Gamble Dep. 9:10-13, 75:18-20.

7 Plaintiff regularly commented on Gamble’s appearance, telling her she was
8 “pretty,” that “watching [her] grow up is like drinking a fine wine,” and after she
9 gained some weight, that she “filled out and finally looked [her] age.” *Id.* at 21:2–
10 22:15; Mertens Decl. Exhibit 41. Plaintiff’s comments on her appearance made
11 Gamble feel “uncomfortable,” and she thought they were “inappropriate.” Gamble
12 Dep. 23:4-11. Plaintiff took Gamble alone on an October 2021 business trip, where he
13 told Gamble he is a “boob guy”; told Gamble about his sexual relationship with his
14 wife and about his wife’s body; told Gamble that “he doesn’t understand how men like
15 to fold women into pretzels”; and kissed her on the forehead outside her hotel room.
16 *Id.* at 25:5–27:11. Gamble again testified that Plaintiff’s comments and actions were
17 “uncomfortable” and “inappropriate.” *Id.* at 26:7–27:11.

18 As part of a purported “sting” operation, Hadnagy worked with Gamble on
19 creating “pretexts”—i.e., fake profiles of young girls—as “bait” for potential child
20 predators. To create the “pretexts,” Hadnagy would talk to Gamble about the physical
21 characteristics of pre-pubescent girls—their bra size, underwear size, pubic hair, the
22 age when they start shaving pubic hair, etc. Mertens Decl. Exhibit 42. While Hadnagy
23 testified that the operation was Gamble’s idea, Hadnagy Dep. 287:20–293:16,,
24 Gamble testified that it was not her idea, Gamble Dep. 32:17–25, and that the
25 questions were personal ones about her own experiences that made her
26 uncomfortable, Gamble Dep. 31:25–32:9. It is undisputed that the operation was “not

1 something [ILF staff] [could] do as citizens, so th[e] project went nowhere.” Hadnagy
2 Dep. 287:20–288:5.

3 3. Comments about Asians

4 Plaintiff told an Asian-American colleague that “EVERYONE knows that” he
5 has “Asian FEVER,” adding, “Commie or not they are hot ;)” Mertens Decl. Exhibit
6 43. Hadnagy called his female subordinate “an adorable little Asian teapot.” Mertens
7 Decl. Exhibit 44. He referred to an Asian girl who had won a competition at his village
8 as “the teenage one, that is tiny and small and really cute.” Mertens Decl. Exhibit 45.
9 And when Fincher circulated a video to work colleagues of a woman beatboxing,
10 Hadnagy replied-all: “pretty cool[,] helps that she is a hot Asian;”) Mertens Decl.
11 Exhibit 46. Hadnagy’s own COO—himself an Asian-American man—told Hadnagy to
12 stop the Asian-related commentary back in 2015. Mertens Decl. Exhibit 59 (“Chris,
13 though we joke about it at times, all the Asian comments that come through aren’t
14 the best. It would be a ‘human resources’ issue in other companies.”)

15 4. Comments about women’s appearances

16 Hadnagy regularly commented about the attractiveness, or perceived lack
17 thereof, of his former employees, volunteers, and SEVillage contestants. *See, e.g.,*
18 Mertens Decl. Exhibit 47 (colleague Alethe Denis is “about 150% hotter than
19 Whitney,” referring to Whitney Maxwell, a former SEVillage contestant); Mertens
20 Decl. Exhibit 7 (“Whitney is hot. She is so beautiful”); Mertens Decl. Exhibit 48
21 (“Denis Dep.”) 98:5–9, 105:3–13; Mertens Decl. Exhibit 7 (“[REDACTED] is just not and
22 [REDACTED] is just not,” referring to Hadnagy’s opinion of the attractiveness of former
23 SEVillage contestants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED])⁵; Mertens Decl.
24 Exhibit 49 and Denis Dep. 99:7–19 (“not being a dick but i mean she’s not even as hot
25

26 ⁵ Defendants have redacted these names because of the nature of Hadnagy’s ad
hominem attacks against these women.

1 as maxie”, referring to former SEVillage contestant Rachel Tobac); *see also* Mertens
2 Decl. Exhibits 51–53; Denis Dep. 97:22–98:9, 110:18–112:2 (calling Tobac a “complete
3 joke” and “awful” and agreeing that she’s “such a piece of shit”).

4 **5. Complaints about Hadnagy’s trainings**

5 Hadnagy has received complaints about his training sessions going back to
6 2015. *See* Mertens Decl. Exhibit 54 (2015 complaint that the training “forced a
7 subordinate to engage in sexually explicit conversation while at work”); Mertens Decl.
8 Exhibit 55 (2018 complaint that Black Hat trainings were sexualized and violated
9 Black Hat’s code of conduct); Mertens Decl. Exhibit 56 (2021 email where Hadnagy
10 bemoans removing “the underwear homework” from his trainings because “too many
11 snowflakes got upset and called me out for being sexually abusive”).

12 Notably, an attendee of Hadnagy’s 2017 Derby Con training complained about
13 Hadnagy’s repeated references to “hot wheels pornography” (pornography featuring
14 female amputees in wheelchairs); 1970s pornography; the comment “boobs have
15 super powers”; and discussion of “ball-slapping” and “hacking naked.” Declaration
16 of Record Custodian of Security Innovation Ex. A; *see also* Hadnagy Dep. 11:19–16:15.

17 **6. DEI Report**

18 A DEI assessment of Social-Engineer in May 2022 revealed significant
19 problems with Hadnagy’s leadership. *See* Mertens Decl. Exhibit 57 at 406. It noted
20 that staff expressed offense at Hadnagy’s communication style and felt disrespected
21 and unappreciated; that “upper management tends to be hijacked by their emotions”;
22 that interviewees reported it was “unsustainable to work with the offensive
23 treatment in the long-term”; that four female team members had left in the last two
24 months; and that “jokes of a sexual nature had been heard in the workplace as well
25
26

1 as commentary on employee appearance.”⁶ *Id.* The consultants cautioned that “these
2 staff perceptions could lead to *allegations of hostile work environment and*
3 *harassment*” and recommended that Hadnagy “implement behavioral changes
4 reflecting a significant break from past behavior.” *Id.* at 407 (emphasis added).

5 PROCEDURAL HISTORY

6 In August 2022, Hadnagy and Social-Engineer filed suit in the Eastern District
7 of Pennsylvania. Dkt. 44 at 4. After the suit was dismissed for lack of personal
8 jurisdiction, Plaintiffs refiled in Nevada state court. *Id.* Defendants removed the
9 action to the District of Nevada and then moved to transfer venue to the Western
10 District of Washington; that motion was granted. *Id.* at 4–5.

11 In January 2024, Defendants filed a motion to dismiss. The Court granted the
12 motion with respect to all claims except the claim for defamation based on the
13 Transparency Report and Transparency Update. *Id.* at 12–15, 23. The Court gave
14 Plaintiffs leave to replead certain claims—including an “injurious falsehoods”
15 defamation claim based on allegations related to Black Hat—but Plaintiffs never did.
16 *Id.* at 15–16, 23; *see also* Dkt. 53 at 2–3.

17 Months later, Plaintiffs moved to amend the complaint to add a claim for
18 invasion of privacy by false light. Dkt. 49. Plaintiffs’ proposed amended complaint
19 attempted to add new allegations of “defamation by implication.” Dkt. 49-2 at 17–21.
20 In rejecting Plaintiffs’ motion, the Court determined that it would be futile to allow
21 Plaintiffs to plead “defamation by implication”:

22 Plaintiffs allege the Transparency Report and Update are defamatory
23 by implication because third parties on social media “interpreted them
24 to mean that there were despicable facts underlying the ban and

25 ⁶ This feedback was consistent with feedback that Plaintiff’s assistant gave him
26 directly on March 9, 2022, in which she told him he could be “a complete raging jerk”;
his behavior “absolutely qualifies as abusive in the business world; and his behavior
“creates the definition of a toxic environment.” Mertens Decl. Exhibit 58.

1 Plaintiff Hadnagy was a sexual predator of the worst order” and made
2 “assumptions that Plaintiff Hadnagy was a sexual predator.” But the
3 fact third parties drew a negative conclusion (i.e., that Hadnagy is a
4 sexual predator) from Def Con’s ban cannot establish a defamation by
5 implication claim as a matter of law. Nor can Plaintiffs’ belief that Def
6 Con should have included additional facts (i.e., clarified that the Code of
7 Conduct violations were not sexual in nature) establish a defamation by
8 implication claim.

9 ...

10 Nothing in the Transparency Report or Update references or implies
11 sexual misconduct. Therefore, “assumptions” by third parties or
12 Plaintiffs’ own “conclusions as the pleader” about the Transparency
13 Report and Update are insufficient to plead a defamation by implication
14 or false light claim.

15 Dkt. 53 at 10–11 (internal citations omitted). Plaintiffs moved for reconsideration but
16 “[did] not contest [the] Court’s finding that the proposed Defamation by Implication
17 claim [was] unsupported.” Dkt. 56 at 4 n.1.

18 SUMMARY JUDGMENT STANDARD

19 Summary judgment is required where “there is no genuine dispute as to any
20 material fact and the movant is entitled to judgment as a matter of law.” Fed. R. Civ.
21 P. 56(a). “Where the non-moving party bears the burden of proof at trial, the moving
22 party need only prove that there is an absence of evidence to support the non-moving
23 party’s case.” *In re Oracle Corp. Sec. Litig.*, 627 F.3d 376, 387 (9th Cir. 2010). “[T]he
24 burden then shifts to the non-moving party to designate specific facts demonstrating
25 the existence of genuine issues for trial.” *Id.* “This burden is not a light one.” *Id.* A
26 mere “scintilla of evidence in support of the [non-movant’s] position” is not sufficient,
Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc., 477 U.S. 242, 252, 266 (1986); neither is “some
metaphysical doubt as to the material facts,” *Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co. v. Zenith
Radio Corp.*, 475 U.S. 574, 586, (1986). “Where the record taken as a whole could not
lead a rational trier of fact to find for the non-moving party, there is no genuine issue
for trial.” *Matsushita*, 475 U.S. at 587 (cleaned up).

1 Wash. App. 2d 1111 (2020). In analyzing a statement for falsity, “the question is not
2 whether the statement is literally true but, rather, whether the statement is
3 substantially true,” or whether “the gist of the story, the portion that carries the
4 ‘sting,’ is true.” *Sisley v. Seattle Sch. Dist. No. 1*, 286 P.3d 974, 978 (Wash. App. 2012)
5 (cleaned up). “The party claiming defamation bears the burden of proving falsity, and
6 thus bears a burden of production at the summary judgment stage.” *Id.* (cleaned up).
7 The truth is an *absolute defense* to a claim of defamation. *Paterson*, 502 F. Supp. 2d
8 at 1133.

9 Applying these standards here, Hadnagy has not carried his burden of proving
10 the falsity of any challenged statement.

11 **A. The Transparency Report is true and thus not defamatory.**

12 The Transparency Report is true and thus not defamatory. For ease of
13 reference, here it is again:

14 We received multiple CoC [Code of Conduct] violation reports about a
15 DEF CON village leader, Chris Hadnagy of the SE Village. After
16 conversations with the reporting parties and Chris, we are confident
17 that the severity of the transgressions merits a ban from Def Con.

18 Mertens Decl. Exhibit 1.

19 *First*, it is indisputably true that Def Con “received multiple [Code of Conduct]
20 violation reports” about Hadnagy.

- 21 • Reynolds reported that Hadnagy had retaliated against her by, among
22 other things, making accusations about her book; pressuring podcast hosts
23 to cancel scheduled conversations with her; pressuring a TV producer to
24 drop her from the show; and maligning her character to influential
25 members of her professional community.
- 26 • Fincher reported that Hadnagy had called her “hot Asian” and “marketing
Asian”; had bullied employees; and had designed training exercises with

1 questions about circumcision, bra size, and feminine hygiene products,
2 which multiple participants found uncomfortable and offensive, including
3 Fincher herself.

- 4 • Murdock reported Hadnagy’s explosive anger in the workplace; comments
5 about Asian women; and brandishing of a switchblade.
- 6 • Levine reported Hadnagy’s “jokes” about cutting people with a switchblade;
7 pattern of insulting employees; verbal abuse of his own son; and unlawful
8 withholding of her final paycheck.
- 9 • And at least ten other people reported similar experiences on the Zoom call.

10 Hadnagy cannot plausibly claim, let alone prove, that Def Con did *not* receive
11 multiple Code-of-Conduct reports about Hadnagy.

12 *Second*, it is true that Def Con “had conversations with the reporting parties
13 and Hadnagy.” There can be no dispute that Def Con had conversations with the
14 *reporting parties*, of course. Nor is there a genuine dispute of material fact about
15 whether Def Con had conversations with *Hadnagy*. The undisputed evidence shows
16 that Wyler was a senior staff member at Def Con; Wyler had conversations with
17 Hadnagy that he then relayed to Moss; and Hadnagy sent two emails to Moss directly,
18 in addition to exchanging direct messages with Moss.⁷ Hadnagy cannot possibly
19 dispute that Moss, the founder of Def Con, represents Def Con.

20 Further, even if Hadnagy could prove that Def Con did not have any
21 conversation with him (he cannot), it wouldn’t matter. “[W]here a report contains a
22

23 ⁷ Wyler Dep. 47:14–49:25 (Hadnagy perceived Wyler as acting on behalf of Def Con
24 and Black Hat); Mertens Decl. Exhibit 14 at WYLER00000030 and Wyler Dep.
25 73:5–16 (Hadnagy refers to Wyler as “mediator” between Social-Engineer and Def
26 Con); Wyler Dep. 43:15–44:5 (Moss deputized Wyler to speak to Hadnagy on behalf
of Def Con); Wyler Dep. 84:19–87:4 (Wyler explaining that he is part of “core inner
circle of Def Con” and that Hadnagy’s allegation of not having to spoken to anyone
at Def Con “is a lie flat out”).

1 mixture of true and false statements, a false statement (or statements) affects the
2 ‘sting’ of a report only when ‘significantly greater opprobrium’ results from the report
3 containing the falsehood than would result from the report without the falsehood.”
4 *Mohr*, 108 P.3d at 775; *see also Schmalenberg v. Tacoma News, Inc.*, 943 P.2d 350,
5 364 (Wash. App. 1997) (“A reasonable person could find that the story was false in
6 minor respects, but no reasonable person could find that falsity of this minor sort was
7 a factual cause of damage that would not have occurred anyway, due to the gist of the
8 story being true.”) (footnote omitted). The “sting” of the Transparency Report, to the
9 extent one exists, is that multiple people had reported Hadnagy for serious Code-of-
10 Conduct violations. Whether Def Con had conversations with Hadnagy has no
11 significant effect on the level of “sting.” Nor is the statement about conversations
12 itself “capable of a defamatory meaning.” *Ernst Home Ctr., Inc. v. United Food &*
13 *Com. Workers Int’l Union, AFL-CIO, Loc. 1001*, 888 P.2d 1196, 1204 (Wash. App.
14 1995).

15 *Third*, it is true that Def Con was “confident that the severity of the
16 transgressions merit[ed] a ban from Def Con.” Again, Reynolds reported that
17 Hadnagy had engaged in a vicious campaign of retaliation designed to destroy her
18 career and reputation. And Hadnagy acknowledged that he had, in fact, gone to great
19 lengths to cancel her media engagements and pressure people to drop her because
20 she was supposedly a liar and thief. Def Con representatives then heard the stories
21 of more than a dozen people on the Zoom call. They reported inappropriate comments
22 about women and Asians; outbursts of explosive anger; a pattern of insulting
23 employees; training exercises with painfully uncomfortable and sexualized questions;

1 intimidating use of a switchblade: the list went on and on.⁸ Naturally these
2 individuals reported feeling “uncomfortable, unwelcome, and afraid”—precisely what
3 Def Con’s Code of Conduct aims to prevent. *See* Mertens Decl. Exhibit 1
4 (“Harassment’ encompasses any behavior that makes others feel uncomfortable or
5 unsafe.”) The information reported to Def Con amply justified its decision to ban
6 Hadnagy from its conferences and to publicly name him to protect the community.
7 *Id.*⁹

8 Moreover, information revealed in discovery has confirmed the “severity” of
9 Hadnagy’s “transgressions.” *Id.* It is undisputed that Hadnagy has continued his
10 efforts to malign Reynolds; that Hadnagy made a female subordinate uncomfortable
11 with unsolicited comments about his sexual preferences and his sex life with his wife;
12 that Hadnagy has made numerous comments about women (as hot or not) and about
13 Asians; that Hadnagy has received at least three complaints about his intentionally
14 “uncomfortable” training exercises; and that a DEI report found extensive issues with
15 Hadnagy’s leadership at Social-Engineer.

16 In short, the evidence shows that Hadnagy is an unrepentant bully whose
17 penchant for cruelty is matched only by his appalling treatment of women as sexual
18 objects. He richly deserves his Def Con ban.

22 ⁸ *See* Exhibit A attached for a complete list of the testimony provided to Def Con about
23 Hadnagy intimidating, targeting, and making people feel uncomfortable, unwelcome,
24 or afraid.

25 ⁹ The Transparency Report explains that Def Con staff members “believe we have an
26 obligation to the community not to provide cover for these individuals to quietly find
new and unsuspecting victims elsewhere. When we disclose this information, we do
so to protect the DEF CON community, not to act as a public trial.” *Id.*

1 **B. The Transparency Update is true and thus not defamatory.**

2 As with the Transparency Report, each aspect of Transparency Update is true
3 and thus not defamatory. Again, here it is for ease of reference:

4 During our investigation we spoke directly with Mr. Hadnagy about
5 claims of his violations of our Code of Conduct. He confirmed his
6 behavior, and agreed to stop. Unfortunately, the behavior did not stop.

7 Mertens Decl. Exhibit 33.

8 *First*, it is true that Def Con “spoke directly with Mr. Hadnagy about claims of
9 his violations of [its] Code of Conduct.” Once more, the evidence shows that Wyler
10 spoke to Hadnagy about the allegations via text and phone call; that Wyler was a
11 senior staff member at Def Con; that Wyler related the substance of his conversations
12 to Moss; and that Hadnagy sent two emails to Moss in addition to exchanging direct
13 messages with him. Def Con thus “spoke” to Hadnagy about the claims. *See* Speak,
14 CollinsDictionary.com, <https://bit.ly/4gqJTfW> (the word “speak” can mean “to utter
15 words with the ordinary voice” or to otherwise “express or communicate opinions,
16 feelings, ideas, etc.”). At the very least, this statement is at least *substantially true*,
17 and Hadnagy cannot prove otherwise. Moreover, the truth the statement is
18 immaterial because it doesn’t meaningful affect the alleged “sting” of the
19 Transparency Update. *See Mohr*, 108 P.3d at 775.

1 *Second*, it is true that Hadnagy “confirmed his behavior.” Again, Hadnagy
 2 confirmed to Wyler (aka “Grifter”) that he had taken numerous retaliatory actions
 3 against Reynolds. The following screenshot is a page from Hadnagy’s deposition
 4 describing the conversation:

Page 197

1 **Q** Did you tell Grifter about how you
 2 canceled -- about how you got pod casts canceled,
 3 book deals canceled -- not book deals -- publishing
 4 deals, and television production deals canceled, or
 5 tried to get them canceled?
 6 **A** I told him -- I didn't get the publishing
 7 deal canceled. It was paused until she rewrote it.
 8 But I did tell him that I pulled all of my support.
 9 Even though two pod casts didn't cancel her, I
 10 pulled my personal support. I had my name removed
 11 from her book. I had my company and my nonprofit
 12 removed from her book. And that I had -- yeah, that
 13 I stopped supporting her on the pod casts and other
 14 things like that.
 15 **Q** When you say I stopped supporting her,
 16 does that mean that you told Grifter that you
 17 reached out to the pod cast people to say I am
 18 pulling my support, don't have her on the pod cast?
 19 **A** I think -- I think we did talk about that,
 20 if I recall, because I think I mentioned I had a
 21 conversation with Jack Rhysider, who is the owner of
 22 Dark Net Diaries. I do -- I do think I recall
 23 telling him specifics that I had reached out to the
 24 people that I had introduced her to, and pulled my
 25 support verbally with them.

19 Hadnagy Dep. 197:1–25. Moreover, Hadnagy has since reaffirmed, both in his
 20 deposition and in response to RFAs, that he took the actions Reynolds complained of.
 21 *See id.* at 125:9–148:16; Mertens Decl. Exhibit 21 at 16–18, 20–23. While Hadnagy
 22 has argued that his actions were justified, he has never denied that he did the things
 23 Reynold alleged. Further, Hadnagy has admitted that he volunteered the names of
 24 other potential claimants on his call with Wyler, which confirmed he was aware of
 25 other potential issues. *See* Hadnagy Dep. 194:18–196:2 (recalling asking “[i]f it was
 26 Maxie and Cat. I believe Rachel Tobac was one I asked, Stephanie Carruthers for

1 email to a tech journalist. Clearly Hadnagy’s behavior “did not stop.” The statement
2 is thus at least substantially true.

3 **C. Def Con’s statements do not imply sexual misconduct,**
4 **but even if they did, the implication would be accurate.**

5 The Court has already rejected Hadnagy’s “defamation by implication”
6 argument—i.e., the notion that the Transparency Report and Transparency Update
7 somehow implied that Hadnagy had committed sexual misconduct. *See* Dkt. 53 at 11
8 (“Nothing in the Transparency Report or Update references or implies sexual
9 misconduct.”) And Plaintiffs did not move for reconsideration of the Court’s
10 determination, so they cannot challenge it now or otherwise attempt to resurrect the
11 defamation-by-implication argument.

12 Any such attempt would fail regardless because the evidence shows that
13 Hadnagy *did* engage in pervasive sexual misconduct. He regularly objectified and
14 sexualized his female employees. He shared his sexual interest in Asian women. He
15 engaged his 21-year-old female employee in conversations about pubic hair for a
16 purported “sting” operation that would have been illegal. He told that same employee
17 he was a “boob guy,” talked to her about her body, her attractiveness, and her physical
18 appearance, and gave her an unwanted kiss on the forehead. He designed training
19 sessions in which women would ask men about circumcised penises, and men would
20 ask women about bra sizes and feminine hygiene products. His third-party DEI
21 consultants confirmed that employees reported commentary about employee
22 appearance and sexual jokes in the workplace. And that’s just the evidence that is
23 *undisputed*. Discovery has unearthed evidence of even more troubling incidents that
24 Def Con is prepared to present at trial.

1 Accordingly, any implication about sexual misconduct that could be drawn
2 from the Transparency Report and Transparency Update would be true, or at least
3 not provably false.

4 **II. Hadnagy has not shown negligence.**

5 Even if there were a genuine issue of material fact about the truthfulness of
6 the challenged statements (there is not), defamation is not a strict liability tort; the
7 plaintiff must prove fault. When the plaintiff is a private figure, he must prove
8 negligence—i.e., that “the defendant knew or, in the exercise of reasonable care,
9 should have known that the statement was false.” *Haueter v. Cowles Pub. Co.*, 811
10 P.2d 231, 236 (Wash. App. 1991); *see also Pardee*, 13 Wash. App. 2d at *6 (same).

11 Hadnagy has not offered any evidence even suggesting, much less proving, that
12 Def Con knew or should have known that any statement in the Transparency Update
13 or Transparency Report was false. Def Con performed extensive due diligence before
14 posting the statements. When Reynolds first came forward, Def Con discussed her
15 allegations with Hadnagy, who *admitted* taking the alleged actions. While Hadnagy
16 offered “yes, but” justifications for his behavior, Def Con was rightly skeptical of those
17 justifications based on the facts and circumstances. Moreover, Def Con was entitled
18 to conclude that whatever Hadnagy claimed Reynolds did or didn’t do, nothing could
19 justify his vindictive, mean-spirited, and highly personal campaign against her.

20 Moreover, Reynolds was far from the only accuser. More than a dozen people
21 came forward to share their experiences with Hadnagy and explain how he had made
22 them feel scared, humiliated, and demeaned. Their allegations were incredibly
23 disturbing; they accused Hadnagy of brandishing a switchblade; of violent outbursts
24 of anger; of speaking to employees in a sexualized manner; of fixating on his
25 employees’ race; etc., etc. Moss testified he found the allegations credible because
26 (among other things) they were firsthand accounts of people who had worked for him;

1 Hadnagy had volunteered a list of people who he suspected would have issues with
2 him; and the accounts comported with Wyler’s own personal experience with
3 Hadnagy. Moss Dep. 167:24–171:25. Wyler likewise found the allegations credible
4 because of the sheer number of people and the “very clear level of intimidation and
5 just general fear around Chris and his behavior and what he would do if he knew that
6 they were talking to us.” Wyler Dep. 120:19–121:5. Indeed, *the evidence of*
7 *misbehavior was overwhelming.*

8 Further, discovery has confirmed that Def Con was absolutely right about
9 Hadnagy. At least nine people have provided sworn testimony regarding the
10 substance of the Zoom call and/or their negative personal experiences with Hadnagy.
11 And in his deposition, Hadnagy repeatedly acknowledged that his behavior was
12 inappropriate or, at a minimum, that he could understand why others would find his
13 behavior inappropriate. *E.g.*, Hadnagy Dep. 11:19–13:23 (understood “how some
14 people might find that discussing Hot Wheels porn throughout a class would be
15 inappropriate”); *id.* at 13:24–14:24 (discussing ‘70s porn during class “would be
16 inappropriate”); *id.* at 16:16–17:23 (threatening to ball slap someone with a
17 switchblade would be inappropriate “[n]owadays”); *id.* at 18:4–19:9 (“references to
18 boobs having superpowers” would be inappropriate); *id.* at 24:4–25:21
19 (acknowledging “there are people who would be offended” by him calling a former
20 employee “an awful psycho bitch”); *id.* at 27:18–28:15 (acknowledging that “someone
21 might find it to be inappropriate to refer to someone as a full on psychopath who has
22 not been diagnosed as a psychopath”); *id.* at 31:16–32:15 (in “this day and age,”
23 someone might feel it is inappropriate to refer to a female employee as a beautiful
24 woman); *id.* at 38:20–39:24 (calling a woman “stupid hot” might be seen as
25 inappropriate); *id.* at 46:10–47:9 (acknowledging it was “unprofessional to refer to a
26 former contestant as being hot and beautiful”); *id.* at 53:9–54:6 (saying he would

1 change how he spoke about Asians today versus 2012); *id.* at 67:6–68:16 (calling a
2 female employee “an adorable little Asian teapot” was inappropriate and
3 unprofessional); *id.* at 80:23–81:24 (understands how people could find his training
4 questions inappropriate).

5 On this record, no reasonable juror could find that Def Con “knew or should
6 have known” that any of the statements in the Transparency Report or Transparency
7 Update were false. The evidence available at the time showed that Hadnagy had
8 committed multiple, severe acts of harassment, and Hadnagy has offered no evidence
9 to the contrary even with the benefit of extensive discovery.

10 **CONCLUSION**

11 For the foregoing reasons, Defendants respectfully request that the Court
12 grant summary judgment and dismiss this suit with prejudice.

13 DATED this 22nd day of February 2025.

14
15 **PERKINS COIE LLP**

16 I certify that this memorandum contains
17 8,970 words, in compliance with the
18 Local Civil Rules.

s/David A. Perez
David A. Perez
Perkins Coie LLP
1201 Third Avenue, Suite 4900
Seattle, WA 98101-3099
Telephone: 206.359.8000
Email: DPerez@perkinscoie.com

21 Matthew J. Mertens
22 **Perkins Coie LLP**
23 1120 N.W. Couch Street 10th Floor
24 Portland, OR 97209-4128
25 Telephone: 503.727.2000
26 Email: MMertens@perkinscoie.com

Lauren A. Trambley
Perkins Coie LLP

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26

505 Howard Street, Suite 1000
San Francisco, CA 94105-3204
Telephone: 415.344.7000
Email: LTrambley@perkinscoie.com

*Attorneys for Defendants Jeff Moss and
DEF CON Communications, Inc.*