1 IV. **FACTS** 2 Ford vehicle infotainment systems. 3 10. Modern vehicles, including vehicles manufactured by Ford, contain "infotainment 4 systems." 5 11. Infotainment systems in Ford vehicles include methods for the system to connect to a smartphone, both by USB and by Bluetooth. 6 7 12. Once a smartphone is connected to the infotainment system in a Ford vehicle, the system 8 offers additional apps and functionality native to the smartphone but controlled and 9 accessed through the infotainment system controls rather than through the smartphone. 10 13. These can include, for example, the ability to play music stored on or streamed through the smartphone through the vehicle's speakers, and to use the smartphone's satellite 11 12 navigation software through the infotainment system screen and vehicle speakers for turn-13 by-turn directions. 14 14. Infotainment systems in Ford vehicles also include the ability to make and receive telephone calls on a connected smartphone, using the vehicle microphone and speakers and 15 thereby operating hands-free. 16 17 15. At all relevant times, infotainment systems in Ford vehicles also interface with the 18 smartphone's text messaging system. 19 16. Infotainment systems in Ford vehicles are designed to work specifically with at least the two major smartphone operating systems: CarPlay for Apple smartphones (iPhones) and 20 21 Android Auto for Android smartphones. 17. Infotainment systems in Ford vehicles from at least 2014 onward automatically and without 22 23 authorization, record, download, store, and are capable of transmitting, a copy of all text 24 messages already stored on smartphones when those phones connect to the infotainment 25 system. Infotainment systems in Ford vehicles from at least 2014 onward automatically and without 26 18. authorization, instantaneously intercept, record, download, store, and are capable of 27

transmitting, a copy of all text messages sent from or received by a smartphone while the

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E0DQEVgJY5k.

⁶ See https://berla.co/ive-v1-6-released/ (last accessed November 4, 2021).

⁵ See https://berla.co/invitation-vehicle-forensics-presentation-in-australia/ (last accessed November 4,

26

27

2021).

P.O. Box 11633

¹³ See https://berla.co/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/MPPOA Oct 2015.pdf (last accessed November 4,

Ard Law Group PLLC

2021).

¹⁴ *Id*.

26

¹⁵ See https://berla.co/12-days-of-vehicle-forensics/ (last accessed November 4, 2021). FIRST AMENDED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT AND JURY DEMAND - 8

²⁵ See https://berla.co/ive-v1-10-released/ (last accessed November 4, 2021).

- vehicle. Potentially, device contacts, call logs, and SMS messages are stored and can thus be acquired in iVe . . . "26
- 71. Since at least 2017 and continuing today, Ford vehicles store an unauthorized copy of call logs and text messages from mobile devices connected to Ford vehicle systems via USB, Bluetooth, or Wi-Fi, which can be, and are, retrieved by unauthorized third parties using Berla equipment and systems.
- On September 11, 2017, reporter Patrick O'Neill wrote that, in the San Bernadino terrorism investigation, while Apple refused to build a "backdoor" for access to a suspect's iPhone, Berla touted that its equipment evaded any security protections from the suspect's iPhone, with LeMere specifically stating that "We've assisted in pretty much every major terrorism investigation in the last year, from the Paris bombing to the Chattanooga, Tennessee, shooting to San Bernardino". The image embedded in that article, a screen shot of the iVe system, specifically shows that the iVe system can retrieve call logs and SMS messages. Second San Bernardino in the iVe system can retrieve call logs and SMS messages.
- 73. On April 4, 2018, Berla posted a description of the "Value of Vehicle System Data in Accident Reconstruction." ²⁹ In that post, it reiterated that, in addition to federally defined "event data," vehicles also record information from "synced devices, phone calls, and text messages". It continued, "That data may be recorded in the vehicle's infotainment and telematics system, along with whether or not a particular person's cell phone was used in the car, what calls were made, and/or what text messages were sent. In some instances, the actual audio recording of an occupant using the voice recognition system may be stored. The above types of data cannot simply be obtained through a basic OBD-II port hookup

23

²⁶ See https://berla.co/exporting-xry/ (last accessed November 4, 2021).

²⁵ || ²⁷ See https://www.cyberscoop.com/berla-car-hacking-dhs/ (last accessed November 4, 2021).

 $^{26^{28}} Id.$

²⁹ See https://berla.co/vehicle-system-data-and-accident-reconstruction/ (last accessed November 4, 2021).

2

and the press of a button, but iVe is a tool that facilitates the acquisition of data from many infotainment and telematics systems."

- 74. Since at least at least April 4, 2018 and continuing to today, Ford infotainment systems intercept and record call logs and text messages from phones connected to those infotainment systems, and store those logs and messages for retrieval by unauthorized third parties using Berla iVe systems.
- 75. On August 28, 2020, Berla announced a new release of its iVe software. 30 That post showed an exemplary set of vehicle data, by VIN, including call logs intercepted, recorded, copied and stored from an iPhone 12.
- 76. For at least the three years prior to the filing of the initial complaint in this matter, Ford vehicles have intercepted, recorded, and stored information protected by the Washington Privacy Act, including text messages and call logs, without the consent of users, while bypassing any password or biometric security that users include on smartphones.
- 77. For at least the three years prior to the filing of the initial complaint in this matter, Ford vehicles have stored text messages and call logs intercepted, recorded, and copied from connected smartphones even where such text messages and call logs have been deleted from the smartphone by the user.
- 78. Such data has been stored on Ford vehicles in a manner that it can be retrieved by unauthorized third parties using Berla systems.
- 79. In a December 28, 2020 story published by NBC News, NBC quoted LeMere from a podcast as follows: "'People rent cars and go do things with them and don't even think about the places they are going and what the car records,' LeMere said in a June interview for a podcast made by Cellebrite, a company that makes tools to help law enforcement agencies extract data from locked mobile phones. 'Most of them aren't doing anything

³⁰ See https://berla.co/ive-feature-spotlight-3-0-accessible-collections/ (last accessed November 4, 2021).

1	I	
1	85.	No Plaintiff is able to acquire a Berla system in order to be able to access the call logs stored
2		on his own or any other Ford vehicle.
3	86.	The onboard stored copy of call logs cannot be accessed by vehicle owners.
4	87.	Berla specifically restricts access to its systems, making them available primarily to law
5		enforcement and private investigation service providers.
6	B.	Plaintiff Jones's Ford infotainment system, phone, text messages, and call logs.
7	88.	Plaintiff Jones owns a 2015 vehicle manufactured by Ford.
8	89.	Plaintiff Jones's Ford vehicle is equipped with an infotainment system that syncs to any
9		smartphone either plugged into the system through a USB cable or connected via
10		Bluetooth.
11	90.	Plaintiff Jones owns a smartphone.
12	91.	Plaintiff Jones protects the data on his smartphone with password and biometric security
13		measures.
14	92.	The infotainment system on Plaintiff Jones's Ford is a device designed to intercept, record
15		and/ or transmit text communications.
16	93.	On at least ten occasions in the past three years, while in the State of Washington, Plaintiff
17		Jones connected his smartphone into the infotainment system in his Ford vehicle at a time
18		that it had at least one text message stored on it.
19	94.	On at least ten occasions in the past three years, while in the State of Washington, Plaintiff
20		Jones sent and/ or received a text message while his smartphone was connected to his Ford
21		vehicle infotainment system.
22	95.	On at least ten occasions in the past three years, while in the State of Washington, Plaintiff
23		Jones connected his smartphone to his Ford vehicle infotainment system at a time that it
24		had at least one record of a call he had placed or received.
25	96.	On at least ten occasions in the past three years, while in the State of Washington, Plaintiff
26		Jones placed and/or received a call while his smartphone was connected to his Ford vehicle
27		infotainment system.
	1	

2

notified of the pendency of this action by mail or electronic mail using the form of notice similar to that customarily used in class actions.

- 126. Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of the other members of the Class.
- 127. All members of the Class have been and/or continue to be similarly affected by Ford's wrongful conduct as complained of herein. Plaintiffs are unaware of any interests that conflict with or are antagonistic to the interests of the Class.
- 128. Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the Class members' interests and have retained counsel competent and experienced in class actions and complex litigation. Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' counsel will adequately and vigorously litigate this class action, and Plaintiffs are aware of their duties and responsibilities to the Class.
- 129. Ford has acted with respect to the Class in a manner generally applicable to each Class member. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all Class members and predominate over any questions affecting individual Class members. The questions of law and fact common to the Class include, inter alia:
 - a. Whether Ford intercepted and/ or recorded private communications and conversations without the consent of all participants in the communication and conversations;
 - b. Whether Ford violated RCW 9.73.060; and
 - The remedies available to Plaintiffs and the Class.
- 130. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy since joinder of all Class members is impracticable. Furthermore, as the statutory damages suffered by individual Class members is relatively small, the expense and burden of individual litigation makes it impossible as a practical matter for Class members to individually redress the wrongs done to them. There will be no difficulty in managing this action as a class action.

1	I	
1	140.	Each member of the Class is therefore entitled to \$1,000 of statutory liquidated damages.
2	141.	Plaintiff therefore seeks recovery of statutory damages, on his own behalf and on behalf of
3		each member of the Class, together with the costs of the suit, including reasonable
4		attorneys' fees and other costs of litigation.
5	В.	Second Cause of Action: Declaratory Relief
6	142.	Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference the allegations contained in the preceding
7		paragraphs of this Complaint.
8	143.	This Second Cause of Action is brought pursuant to the Uniform Declaratory Judgments
9		Act, Chapter 7.24 RCW, on behalf of the Class, against Ford.
10	144.	Plaintiffs seek a declaration that Ford's conduct violates the Washington Privacy Act.
11	C.	Third Cause of Action: Injunctive Relief
12	145.	Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the preceding
13		paragraphs of this Complaint.
14	146.	Plaintiffs seek an injunction from this Court, enjoining Ford from further interception and
15		recordation of text messages and call logs by use of its infotainment systems, and ordering
16		Ford to cause its infotainment systems to delete all stored text messages and call logs.
17		VII. PRAYER FOR RELIEF
18	WHE	REFORE, Plaintiffs and the Class prays for relief and judgment as follows:
19		A. Declaring that this action is properly maintainable as a class action under Civil Rule
20	23, and	d certifying Plaintiffs as the Class representative and their counsel as Counsel for the Class;
21		B. Declaring that Ford intercepted and recorded private communications and
22	conve	resations in violation of the Washington Privacy Act;
23		C. Awarding Plaintiffs and the members of the Class the remedy of liquidated damages
24	at the 1	rate of one hundred dollars a day for each day of violation, not to exceed one thousand dollars
25	per Pla	aintiff and Class member, and a reasonable attorneys' fee and other costs of litigation;
26		D. Enjoining further violations of the WPA; and

Such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

VIII. JURY DEMAND 1 Plaintiffs and the Class hereby demand a trial by jury. 2 November 4, 2021. 3 ARD LAW GROUP PLLC 4 5 By: Joel B. Ard, WSBA # 40104 6 Ard Law Group PLLC 7 P.O. Box 11633 8 Bainbridge Island, WA 98110 Phone: (206) 701-9243 9 ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS AND 10 THE PUTATIVE CLASS 11 12 THE RESTIS LAW FIRM, P.C. 13 By: /s/ William R. Restis 14 William R. Restis (admitted pro hac vice) 15 402 West Broadway, Suite 1520 San Diego, CA 92101 16 619.270.8383 17 william@restislaw.com ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS AND 18 THE PUTATIVE CLASS 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27