UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
	X
MARK POLANCO	

Plaintiff,

Defendants

VERIFIED COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL

-against-

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, N.Y.C. POLICE OFFICER NEVILLE, Shield # 13746, AND N.Y.C. POLICE OFFICERS "JOHN DOE", EACH SUED INDIVIDUALLY AND IN THEIR OFFICIAL CAPACITY,

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1. This is an action for compensatory and punitive damages for violation of Plaintiff's civil rights under the Fourth, Fifth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States and for unlawful imprisonment, harassment, intentional infliction of emotional distress, negligence and negligent hiring and/or retention of incompetent, unqualified, unfit and assaultive employees, by reason of the unlawful acts of defendants.

JURISDICTION

2. This action is brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Jurisdiction is founded upon 28 U.S.C. § 1343. Plaintiff further invokes the pendent jurisdiction of this Court to hear and decide claims arising under state law pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) in that all claims arose in this district.

PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiff is a resident of New York City, New York County, State of New York.
- 4. At all times hereinafter mentioned, the Defendant New York City Police officers were

employees of the defendants and was acting within the scope and authority of their employment. They are sued individually and in their official capacities as New York City Police Officers.

- 5. At all times, the defendant New York City owned and maintained the New York City Police Department ("NYPD") and employed the individual defendants sued herein.
- 6. That upon information and belief NYPD was responsible for the training of its officers.
- 7. That at all times herein the defendant, City, was negligent in the hiring, training, supervision, discipline, retention and promotion of the agents, servants and/or employees of the police department.
- 8. That at all times mentioned herein the defendant, City of New York knew or should have known of the discriminatory nature, bad judgment, and unlawful propensities of the officers involved in the violation of civil rights and intentional infliction of emotional distress of the plaintiff.

FACTS

- 9. On or about April 10, 2019, plaintiff was walking to get a late night snack at Café bark located at 833 W. 181st Street, NY, NY at approximately 11:45 P.M.
 - 10. As he was walking approximately five police cars pulled up next to him.
- 11. Two NYPD officers, one of which was Officer Neville, approached him and asked him for identification.
 - 12. Plaintiff responded that he did not have his identification on him.
 - 13. The officers asked him his name which he provided to them.
 - 14. At about this time Officer Neville put plaintiff in handcuffs.
- 15. The officers told plaintiff that they were looking for someone who had threatened to kill himself by jumping off a bridge. For the record, there was no bridge in sight.
- 16. The officers told plaintiff that the person they were looking for was reported to be wearing a brown coat. Plaintiff was wearing a gray sweater.

- 17. Plaintiff suggested that they use his phone to call his mother who could verify his identity and he could ask her if her son was a suicide risk.
- 18. As one officer was talking to plaintiff's mother, officer Neville told plaintiff to sit down and told him he was moving around too much.
 - 19. Plaintiff said he did not want to sit down.
- 20. At that point Officer Neville pushed plaintiff forcefully into the doorway, causing his head to slam into the front door of café Bark. Then, he pushed plaintiff to the ground which caused plaintiff to sustain an injury to his hip when he landed on the front stoop of the restaurant.
 - 21. Plaintiff also sustained injuries to his wrists from the excessively tight handcuffs.
- 22. Numerous other police officers were present at the time, in the direct vicinity of Officer Neville as he used excessive force against plaintiff.
- 23. After a few minutes the police decided to release plaintiff at the scene without any charges brought against him. Plaintiff was briefly evaluated by EMS at the scene. He declined their offer to take him to the hospital.
- 24. Then, after getting his food at Café Bark, plaintiff went to the local precinct to complain about his mistreatment by Officer Neville.
- 25. Upon seeing his physical injuries, the police at the precinct called an ambulance for plaintiff. The ambulance took him to Columbia Presbyterian Hospital's emergency room.
- 26. After waiting for a few hours until approximately 4:00 A.M. to see a doctor, plaintiff decided to leave without being treated.
- 27. Defendant City has pursued a policy and custom of deliberate indifference to the rights of persons in its domain, including the Plaintiff, in its procedures for supervising and removing, when appropriate, unstable and violent officers from their duties, including but not limited to the fact that the defendants knew or should have known of the individual Defendant's tendencies to use unlawful physical force, unlawful seizures, use excessive force, and otherwise commit unlawful acts, but took no steps to correct or prevent the exercise of such tendencies.
 - 28. Defendants knew or should have known that prior to this date, the perpetration of

unlawful acts, and the use of excessive force and the infliction of injury to persons in the custody of the individual defendants was occurring, in that there may have been reports of such unlawful conduct by this specific officer, but failed to take appropriate steps to eliminate such unlawful acts.

29. Defendant, among other deficiencies, failed to institute a bona fide procedure in which defendant investigated the unlawful acts of the individual defendants or properly investigated reports of their alleged misconduct.

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

- 30. On April 22, 2019, a Notice of Claim was served by plaintiff upon the Defendant New York City, setting forth:
 - 1. The name and post office address of the Claimant and his attorney;
 - 2. The nature of the claim;
 - 3. The time when, the place where, and the manner in which the claim arose;
 - 4. The items of damages and injuries sustained so far as practicable.
- 31. The Notice of Claim was served upon the Defendants within 90 days after Plaintiff's several causes of action accrued.
- 32. More than thirty days have elapsed since the Notice of Claim was served upon the City of New York.
- 33. New York City and its Comptroller have failed, neglected and refused to pay, settle, compromise or adjust the claim of the Plaintiff herein.
- 34. On August 19, 2019, plaintiff submitted to an inquiry concerning the justness of his claims as provided by § 50-H of the General Municipal Law.
- 35. This action has been commenced within one year and 90 days after Plaintiff's various cause of action have accrued.
 - 36. Plaintiff has duly complied with all of the conditions precedent to the

commencement of this cause of action.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS: FALSE ARREST

- 37. Plaintiffs reiterate and reallege the facts stated in paragraphs 1-36 as if stated fully herein.
- 38. As a result of their actions, defendants, under "Color of law", deprived each plaintiff of his right to freedom from deprivation of his liberty in violation of the Fourth, Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States and 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
- 39. Defendants subjected Plaintiff to these deprivations of his rights either maliciously or by acting with a reckless disregard for whether Plaintiffs' rights would be violated by their actions.
- 40. As a direct and proximate result of the acts of defendants, plaintiff suffered physical and psychological injuries, and endured great pain and mental suffering.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS: EXCESSIVE FORCE

- 41. Plaintiff reiterates and realleges the facts stated in paragraphs 1-40 as if stated fully herein.
- 42. As a result of their actions, defendants, acting under "Color of law", deprived Plaintiff of his right to freedom from the use of excessive force without due process of law in violation of the Fourth, Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States and 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
- 43. Defendants subjected Plaintiff to these deprivations of his rights either maliciously or by acting with a reckless disregard for whether Plaintiff's rights would be violated by his actions.
- 44. These Defendant officers either actively participated in the excessive force or were present and improperly failed to intervene to prevent other officers from using excessive force although they were in a position to do so.
 - 45. As a result of the aforesaid occurrence, Plaintiff suffered the damages and injuries

aforesaid. All Defendants are liable for said damage and injuries.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS

(Monell Claim)

- 46. Plaintiff reiterates and realleges the facts stated in the preceding paragraphs as if stated fully herein.
- 47. Defendant City and N.Y.P.D., through The N.Y.C. Police Commissioner, as a municipal policymaker, in the hiring, training and supervision of the Defendant officers, have pursued a policy and custom of deliberate indifference to the rights of persons in their domain, and Plaintiffs, violating Plaintiffs' rights to freedom from deprivation of liberty without due process of law in violation of the Fourth, Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States and 42 U.S.C. 1983.
- 48. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned policy and custom of deliberate indifference of Defendants City and N.Y.P.D., Defendant officers committed the unlawful acts referred to above. Thus, Defendant City is liable for Plaintiffs injuries.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS PURSUANT TO 42 U.S.C. § 1985 (Failure to Intervene)

- 49. Plaintiff reiterates and realleges the allegations contained in the above paragraphs.
- 50. Defendant officers conspired unlawfully to cause plaintiff to suffer the deprivation of liberty, as well as the economic and non-economic injuries which reasonably flowed from their illegal conduct.

- 51. "John Doe" defendants acted unlawfully in their failure to intervene and prevent the unlawful actions by other defendant officers, although they were in a position to do so.
- 52. Defendants subjected Plaintiff to these deprivations maliciously and/or with a reckless disregard for whether plaintiff's rights would be violated by their actions.
- 53. As a result of the aforesaid occurrence, plaintiff suffered the damages and injuries aforesaid. All Defendants are liable for said damage and injuries.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATION OF STATE LAW: FALSE ARREST

- 54. Plaintiff reiterates and realleges the facts stated in the above paragraphs as if stated fully herein.
- 55. Plaintiff while lawfully in Brooklyn, New York, was seized and falsely arrested and imprisoned without just cause, provocation, probable cause, or any valid reason, by agents, servants and/or employees.
- 56. These Defendant were employed by the Defendants City, and was acting within the scope of their employment, "under color of law", and on behalf of their employers, Defendant City.
- 57. As a result of the aforesaid occurrence, Plaintiff was caused to and did suffer the damages and injuries aforesaid. All Defendants are liable for said damage and injuries.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATION OF STATE LAW: ASSAULT AND BATTERY

- 58. Plaintiff reiterates and realleges the facts stated in the above paragraphs as if stated fully herein.
- 59. At the said time and place, Plaintiff, without any just cause or provocation was assaulted and intentionally injured by Defendants, acting within the scope of their employment, "under color of law", and on behalf of their employer, N.Y.P.D., and the Defendant City.

By reason of said assault and battery, plaintiff sustained serious, severe and

permanent personal injuries as aforesaid for which all Defendants are liable.

61. The aforesaid incident and resulting injuries to Plaintiff was caused without any fault

of Plaintiff contributing thereto.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff prays that this Court:

1. Enter a judgment that defendants, by their actions, violated Plaintiff's rights under

state law, and violated Plaintiff's rights under the Fourth, Fifth, Eighth and Fourteenth

Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, 42 USC Sec. 1983 and 42 USC Sec. 1985,

and violated Plaintiff's rights under State law; and,

2. Enter a judgment, jointly and severally, against defendants Holder and "John Doe" for

compensatory damages in the amount of One Million (\$1,000,000.00) Dollars; and,

3. Enter a judgment, jointly and severally against Defendants Holder and "John Doe" for

punitive damages in the amount of Three Million (\$3,000,000.00) Dollars; and,

4. Enter an Order:

a) Awarding plaintiff's reasonable attorney's fees and litigation expenses pursuant

to 42 U.S.C. § 1988;

b) Granting such other and further relief which to the Court seems just and proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiffs hereby demands a trial by jury.

Dated: New York, New York

January 31, 2020

RESPECTFULLY,

/s/

STEVEN A. HOFFNER, ESQ.

Attorney for the Plaintiff

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STEVEN A. HOFFNER, an attorney admitted to practice in the Courts of the

State of New York states:

That the affirmant is the attorney of record for the plaintiff in the within action.

That the affirmant has read the foregoing Complaint and knows the contents thereof.

That the same is true as to affirmant's knowledge, except as to matters therein alleged to

be on information and belief, and as to those matters affirmant believes them to be true.

That the reason this verification is made by affirmant is because the plaintiff does not

reside in the county wherein affirmant maintains his office.

That the grounds of my belief as to all matters not stated upon my own knowledge are as

follows:

investigation, client conferences, and review of the file.

The undersigned affirms that the following statements are true, under the penalties of

perjury.

Dated: New York, New York

January 31, 2020

STEVEN A. HOFFNER, Esq.

(SH-0585)