UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Gerard Naucoli	
	11 11130
Write the full name of each plaintiff.	16 CV 4470
	(Include case number if one has been assigned)
-against-	
1	COMPLAINT
Bill Brotton, New York City, Brian	
	Do you want a jury trial?
Coulfield from Am Equilies, Dolice offices	✓ Yes □ No
Chuskophe Carluci #3169, Roymond Phill	JS# 10876
Poker Stourtos#25214 Police officer John Doc	2#1,23,45,6
Write the full name of each defendant. If you need more	
space, please write "see attached" in the space above and	
attach an additional sheet of paper with the full list of	
names. The names listed above must be identical to those	
contained in Section II.	

NOTICE

The public can access electronic court files. For privacy and security reasons, papers filed with the court should therefore *not* contain: an individual's full social security number or full birth date; the full name of a person known to be a minor; or a complete financial account number. A filing may include *only*: the last four digits of a social security number; the year of an individual's birth; a minor's initials; and the last four digits of a financial account number. See Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 5.2.

I. BASIS FOR JURISDICTION

Federal courts are courts of limited jurisdiction (limited power). Generally, only two types of cases can be heard in federal court: cases involving a federal question and cases involving diversity of citizenship of the parties. Under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, a case arising under the United States Constitution or federal laws or treaties is a federal question case. Under 28 U.S.C. § 1332, a case in which a citizen of one State sues a citizen of another State or nation, and the amount in controversy is more than \$75,000, is a diversity case. In a diversity case, no defendant may be a citizen of the same State as any plaintiff.

What i	s the basis for federal-court jurisdiction in your case?
×	Federal Question

☐ Diversity of Citizenship

information for each additional plaintiff.

A.	If you checked Federal	Question

Which of your federal constitutional or federal statutory rights have been violated?
for smandment of the US constitution, the 14th Amendment. The Cir
Light Act of 1871, 42 USA 1981, 1983 and 42 USL 1988.
The unidillion is evoked fursuant 28USC \$ \$ 1331, 1343, 228
B. If you checked Diversity of Citizenship
1. Citizenship of the parties
Of what State is each party a citizen?
The plaintiff,, is a citizen of the State of (Plaintiff's name)
(State in which the person resides and intends to remain.)
or, if not lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States, a citizen or subject of the foreign state of
If more than one plaintiff is named in the complaint, attach additional pages providing

If the defendant is an individual:	
The defendant,	, is a citizen of the State of
(Defendant's name)	, is a citizen of the State of
¥	i W
or, if not lawfully admitted for permane subject of the foreign state of	nt residence in the United States, a citizen or
If the defendant is a corporation:	
The defendant,	, is incorporated under the laws of
the State of	
and has its principal place of business in	the State of
or is incorporated under the laws of (for	eign state)
and has its principal place of business in	
If more than one defendant is named in the information for each additional defendant.	complaint, attach additional pages providing
II. PARTIES	
A. Plaintiff Information	
Provide the following information for each pages if needed.	plaintiff named in the complaint. Attach additional
Gerard	Nguedi'
First Name Middle Initia	
40 Upper Rock Ci	n#317
Street Address	70.050
County, City	State Zip Code
644 744 7802 Telephone Number	derand. nguedio gmail. Com Email Address (if available)

B. Defendant Information

To the best of your ability, provide addresses where each defendant may be served. If the correct information is not provided, it could delay or prevent service of the complaint on the defendant. Make sure that the defendants listed below are the same as those listed in the caption. Attach additional pages if needed.

Defendant 1:	CHRISTOPHE CA	RLUGCI #3169	1	
	First Name	Last Name	1.	
	NY 17 Precini	ct Police Of	lices	
	Current Job Title (or other	identifying information)		
	161 E. 51" S			
	Current Work Address (or	other address where defe	The same property and the	
	New York	10.7	10022	
	County, City	State	Zip Code	
Defendant 2:	Roymond	Phillips #	-10876	
	First Name	Last Name	1.1	
	NY 17th Pre Cer	rck Police Oy	files	
	Current Job Title (or other	identifying information		
	167 E. 51"	57		
	Current Work Address (or	other address where defe	ndant may be served)	
	New York	NY	10022	
	County, City	State	Zip Code	
D (1	D. Ka San	1,00 1/252		
Defendant 3:	pells Jou	100) #200	-14	
	First Name	Last Name	All was	
	NY I PLEA	nce pouce	ALICE L	
	Current Job Title (or other	identifying information)	11	
	16/E.51	S		
	Current Work Address (or	other address where defe	ndant may be served)	
	New York	NY	10022	
	County, City	State	Zip Code	

Defendant 4:	Bill	Bro	tton	
	First Name	Last Na	me	
S. S.	Former NY P. Current Job Title (or	4 0 11 1	A	buer
	4 plana	1 police		*
	Current Work Addre		and the same of th	nt may be served)
	New York		NY	1007
**	County, City	2	State	Zip Code
	NT OF CLAIM	r 1		
Place(s) of occur	rence: 330 E.	39 street,	New York, NY	unside Apt 331
Date(s) of occurr	ence: March	1st 2016 a	round 8PT	1
FACTS:	· ·			
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(please	see attad	hed)		·
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4
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INJURIES:
If you were injured as a result of these actions, describe your injuries and what medical treatment, if any, you required and received.
Thre than a year Caker Plaintiff still has severe knee pain and
Plainlift cannot rum fast climb slairs or practice any sport
With Mensily Plainlessy seemed nerve damage, embly such
damages, lost of enjoyment of life as well as other newloland
physicoland emokional damages
IV. RELIEF
State briefly what money damages or other relief you want the court to order.
Punitive damage, compensatory and emotion I damages
including damages for emotional distress, physicolenpairence
due to the knee injury, folse arrest, e conomic loss, speciol
damage, Attorney fees as well as any lourt cosks and any
further relief this wurt deens just

V. PLAINTIFF'S CERTIFICATION AND WARNINGS

By signing below, I certify to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief that: (1) the complaint is not being presented for an improper purpose (such as to harass, cause unnecessary delay, or needlessly increase the cost of litigation); (2) the claims are supported by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument to change existing law; (3) the factual contentions have evidentiary support or, if specifically so identified, will likely have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation or discovery; and (4) the complaint otherwise complies with the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11.

I agree to notify the Clerk's Office in writing of any changes to my mailing address. I understand that my failure to keep a current address on file with the Clerk's Office may result in the dismissal of my case.

Each Plaintiff must sign and date the complaint. Attach additional pages if necessary. If seeking to

proceed without prepayment of fees, each plaintiff must also submit an IFP application.

| Indiang | India | I

I have read the Pro Se (Nonprisoner) Consent to Receive Documents Electronically: \square Yes \square No

If you do consent to receive documents electronically, submit the completed form with your complaint. If you do not consent, please do not attach the form.

UNITED STATES DISCTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Gerard Nguedi Plaintiff

-VS-

Civil Action No. 16 CV 4430

NYPD Police Commissioner Bill Bratton, 1 Police Plaza, New York, NY 10007 The City of New York, 100 Church Street, New York, NY 10007 Pan Am Equities/Brian Caulfield, 18 E. 50th Street #10, New York, NY 10022 Christophe Carlucci #3169, NYPD 17th Precinct 167 E. 51st, New York, NY 100022 Raymond Phillips #10876, NYPD 17th Precinct 167 E. 51st, New York, NY 100022 Peter Scourtos #25214, NYPD 17th Precinct 167 E. 51st, New York, NY 100022

Police officer John Doe #1

Police officer John Doe #2

Police officer John Doe #3

Police officer John Doe #4

Police officer John Doe #5

Police officer John Doe #6

Defendants

COMPLAINT:

Plaintiff:

 The Plaintiff herein Gerard Nguedi resides is an IT consultant with 12 years of experience in technology, an MBA, PMP and CSM certifications. Plaintiff resides 40 Upper Rock Cir #317 Rockville, MD 20850. Mr. Nguedi is unemployed is currently looking for a job.

Defendants:

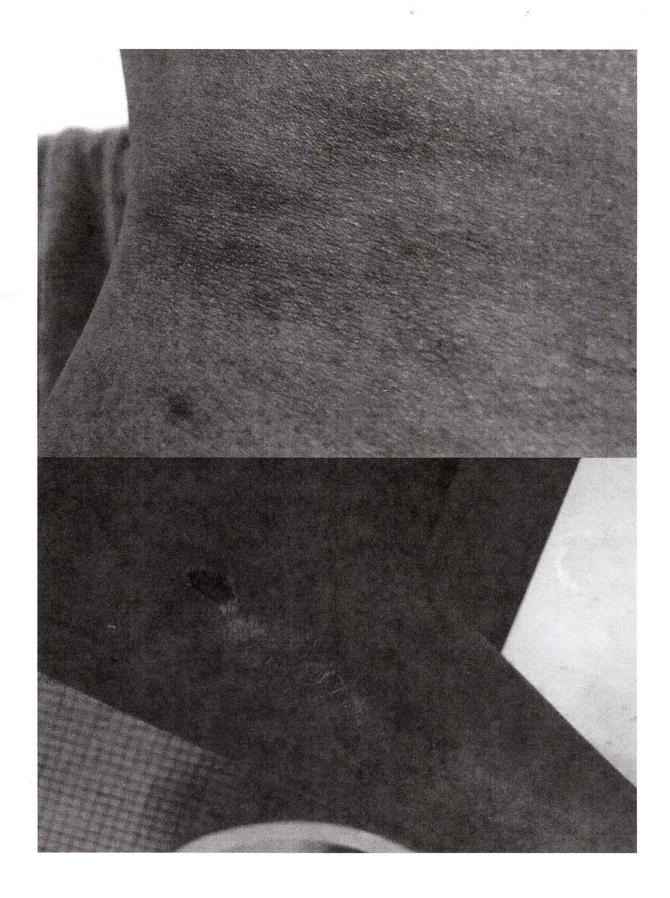
- The Defendant the City of New York is a municipal cooperation duly incorporated and existing pursuant to the laws of New York. The city of New York has established and maintained the New York Police Department (NYPD) as a constituent department or agency.
- Defendant Bill Bratton is the police commissioner for the City of New York, with supervisory authority over all officers and operation of the NYPD, including responsibility for training, recruiting, and managing all NYPD officers. He is sued in his individual and official capacity.
- 4. Defendant Brian Caulfield, Building Manager with Pan Am Equities responsible for managing the building. He is sued in his individual and official capacity.

- 5. Defendant Police Officer Christophe Carlucci, Shield No. 3169 is or was an employee of the NYPD at all relevant times. He is a supervising officer who participated to the encounter with Plaintiff described in paragraphs 14-41. He is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- 6. Defendant Police Officer Raymond Phillips, Shield No. 10876 is or was an employee of the NYPD at all relevant times. He is a supervising officer who participated to the encounter with Plaintiff described in paragraphs 14-41. He is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- Defendant Police Officer Peter Scourtos, Shield No. 25214 is or was an employee of the NYPD at all relevant times. He is a supervising officer who participated to the encounter with Plaintiff described in paragraphs 14-41. He is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- 8. Defendant police officer John Doe #1 is or was an employee of the NYPD at all relevant times. His identity is not fully known to the plaintiff but he is a supervising officer who participated to the encounter with Plaintiff described in paragraphs 14-41. He is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- 9. Defendant police officer John Doe #2 is or was an employee of the NYPD at all relevant times. His identity is not fully known to the plaintiff but he is a supervising officer who participated to the encounter with Plaintiff described in paragraphs 14-41. He is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- 10. Defendant police officer John Doe #3 is or was an employee of the NYPD at all relevant times. His identity is not fully known to the plaintiff but he is a supervising officer who participated to the encounter with Plaintiff described in paragraphs 14-41. He is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- 11. Defendant police officer John Doe #4 is or was an employee of the NYPD at all relevant times. His identity is not fully known to the plaintiff but he is a supervising officer who participated to the encounter with Plaintiff described in paragraphs 14-41. He is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- 12. Defendant police officer John Doe #5 is or was an employee of the NYPD at all relevant times. His identity is not fully known to the plaintiff but he is a supervising officer who participated to the encounter with Plaintiff described in paragraphs 14-41. He is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- 13. Defendant police officer John Doe #6 is or was an employee of the NYPD at all relevant times. His identity is not fully known to the plaintiff but he is a supervising officer who participated to the encounter with Plaintiff described in paragraphs 14-41. He is sued in his official and individual capacity.

INTRODUCTION:

- 14. This is an action brought by Gerard Nguedi, an African American IT Consultant to vindicate profound deprivations of his constitutional rights caused by race based police brutality and racial hatred in his own home.
- 15. In the morning of December 23rd 2015 the plaintiff unfairly lost his job as a Consultant at the Federal Reserve Bank Of New York at the hands of NYPD Police Commissioner Bill Bratton himself. The Federal Reserve Bank Of New York cameras caught the arrest on tape.
- 16. Additionally, NYPD Police officers stationed around Plaintiff home Midtown Manhattan constantly tried to intimidate Plaintiff by honking suddenly and very loudly in their white NYPD Police van with tinted windows when the Plaintiff is crossing the street with his groceries and walking pass their van when they are parked on the street corner.
- 17. Plaintiff was not intimidated by the NYPD and their attacks and was letting it know on social media. Plaintiff friends and family began to worry as to why the Plaintiff was so angry and posting angry posts online and not picking up the phone.
- 18. On Marsh 1st, 2016, The Plaintiff's sister was worried and decided to call the police to make sure the Plaintiff was okay.
- 19. At least nine NYPD Police Officers arrived just a few moments later with Pan Am Equities building Manager Brian Caulfield and his staff and instead of offering any help to the Plaintiff, the NYPD <u>IMMEDIATELY</u> started banging on Plaintiff door ordering the Plaintiff to open his door. The Plaintiff asked who it was and then refused to open the door and the NYPD officers who took both keys to the plaintiff's apartment from the building manager Brian Caulfield opened both locks and started breaking the Plaintiff door chain with their police batons.
- 20. When the Defendants were breaking the door chain, the Plaintiff called 911 for help and the operator explained to the Plaintiff that his sister had actually called 911 because she was worried about the Plaintiff. The 911 operator was confused and couldn't help the plaintiff and nor could she explain why angry NYPD police officers didn't tell the

- Plaintiff that they were there because Plaintiff sister had called or why they were now breaking Plaintiff door.
- 21. While the Defendants continued to hit the door chain with their police batons, Plaintiff tried to call his sister to know what she told the Police but the NYPD broke the door chain and entered Plaintiff apartment before plaintiff could call his sister.
- 22. NYPD officers Christophe Carlucci Shield #3169, Raymond Phillips Shield #10876, Peter Scourtos #25214, along with at least 6 other of their associates from the 17TH Precincts senselessly beat, humiliated, mocked Mr. Nguedi in his own home then mimicked "gay sexual acts" on the Plaintiff body when beating Plaintiff at the time, the plaintiff was known to be defenseless on the floor.
- 23. The mimicking a "gay act" along with other NYPD Police Officers senseless lawless behavior was clearly a calculated trap aiming at pushing the Plaintiff to fear for his life and pick up a knife or any other item that can be considered a "Weapon" so that Defendant can use their guns to shoot and kill the Plaintiff supposedly in "self-defense". The Plaintiff didn't fight back or pick up any knife on the kitchen table as the Plaintiff clearly understood what the NYPD was trying to do.
- 24. When things started dragging on, one of the NYPD Police Officers from the 17TH Precincts then pulled out medical items to drug the plaintiff who screamed multiple times "don't drug me" but the Plaintiff was drugged in his own home and lost consciousness.
- 25. The plaintiff body was disposed in some ways and Plaintiff woke up in severe pain all over his body the next day at Bellevue hospital facility for mentally ill people. Plaintiff was locked up in that hospital for a week without receiving any treatment for his injuries. Plaintiff's family was visiting from France and had to come visit Plaintiff while locked up in a prison like hospital for mentally ill people.
- 26. These pictures show some of Mr. Nguedi's injuries two weeks after the attack:





JURIDICTION:

- 27. This action arises under the Constitution and laws of the United States, including Article III, Section 1 of the United States Constitution and is brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1981, 1983 and 42 U.S.C. § 1988. The Jurisdiction of this Court is invoked pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1343, 2201.
- 28. This case is instituted in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391 as the judicial district in which all relevant events and omissions occurred and in which Defendants maintain offices and/or reside.

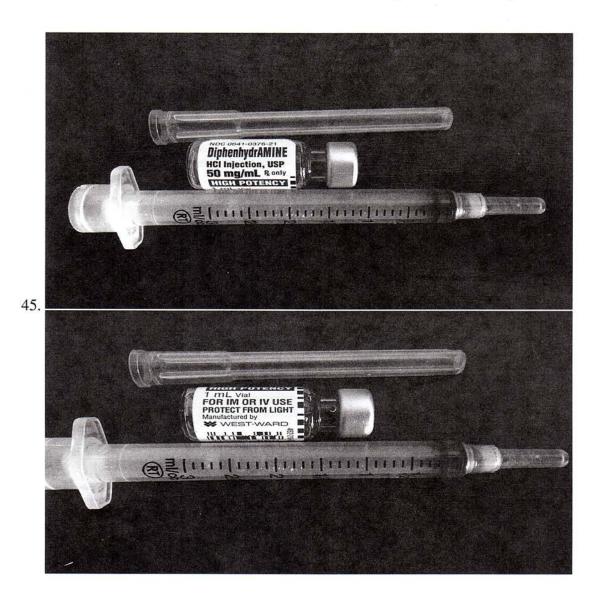
STATEMENT OF FACTS:

- 29. In the morning of December 23rd 2015 the plaintiff unfairly lost his job as at the Federal Reserve Bank Of New York at the hands of NYPD Police Commissioner Bill Bratton himself. The Federal Reserve Bank Of New York cameras caught the arrest on tape.
- 30. During the months of January and February of 2016, NYPD Police officers stationed around Plaintiff home around 39th street and 2nd avenue Midtown Manhattan were constantly trying to intimidate Plaintiff by honking suddenly and very loudly in their white NYPD Police vans with tinted windows when the Plaintiff is crossing the street and walked pass the van with groceries when they are parked on street corner. The Plaintiff was also watched closely by certain NYPD police officers stationed in the area often they would look out for the Plaintiff in the crowd as if Plaintiff is suspicious and then look away when Plaintiff continues walking as if he is not seeing anything.
- 31. In February 2016 Plaintiff was frustrated at the NYPD and especially at Former NYPD Police Commissioner Bill Bratton for humiliating the Plaintiff in his work place, arresting the Plaintiff, getting the Plaintiff fired for a mistake made by the Plaintiff when going to work that morning at the FRBNY. On Feb 22th, 2016, the small "mistake" made by the Plaintiff was deemed "Legally Insufficient" by a NY State Court and the Plaintiff was acquitted of all wrong doings.
- 32. Plaintiff saw his life being shattered by NYPD Police Commissioner Bill Bratton whose very involvement in this issue was an unbelievably mind-blowing fact. The Plaintiff was confused and angry and was letting it know on social media. Plaintiff friends and family began to worry as to why the Plaintiff was posting angry posts online and began to worry about the Plaintiff.
- 33. On Marsh 1st 2016, Sabine Nguedi the plaintiff's sister was worried about the Plaintiff and decided to call 911 so somebody can make sure the Plaintiff is okay. Sabine Nguedi explained to the 911 operators that the plaintiff was very depressed or may have a mental issue.
- 34. A few moments later NYPD officers arrived at the plaintiff's address but instead of offering any help to the Plaintiff, the Defendants banged on the plaintiff's door and ordered the Plaintiff to open the door. The plaintiff asked who it was and they

responded it's the police. The plaintiff responded I didn't call the police and don't need any help and the police officers became more angry and started slamming the door threatening to break the door if the Plaintiff doesn't open it. The plaintiff refused to open the door again as the tone of the Defendants became more aggressive. The Defendant decided to use the double of the plaintiff's key that they took from building manager Brian Caulfield. They open the two locks with both keys and like a group of zombies in a horror movie started hitting the door chain with their police batons.

- 35. When the Defendants were breaking the door chain, the Plaintiff called 911 for help and the operator told the plaintiff that the people at the plaintiff's door are responding to a 911 call from Plaintiff sister and the plaintiff asked "but they are braking my door for no reason" the 911 operator became confused and couldn't explain the lawless behavior of the police officers and why they did not just tell the Plaintiff they were there because Plaintiff sister called and instead said "Someone called to help you" with a deep sarcastic tone.
- 36. The Plaintiff tried to call Sabine Nguedi to know what she told the Police but before he can retrieve her number NYPD officers Christophe Carlucci Shield #3169, Raymond Phillips Shield #10876, Peter Scourtos Shield #25214, along with at least 6 other of their associates from the 17TH Precincts had broken the security chain and entered Plaintiff's home.
- 37. After breaking the door security chain 5 police officers immediately moved to arrest the Plaintiff unsuccessfully a 6th police officer was in front of the Plaintiff beating the Plaintiff in the head with his police baton while pulling Plaintiff's body to the ground.
- 38. Two other police officers were at the door with Building Manager Brian Caulfield and his staff watching the Plaintiff being senselessly beaten while covering the door from any curious neighbor.
- 39. One police officer mimicked "gay sexual acts" on the defendant when the Plaintiff was immobilized handcuffed on the floor while the other police officer where beating the Plaintiff.
- 40. NYPD police officers mockery and other provocations were all clearly designed to get the Plaintiff to fight back with a knife or anything that can be considered a weapon so

- the NYPD police officer can kill the plaintiff with their firearms supposedly in "self-defense". Plaintiff did not attempt to pickup anything and did not fight back.
- 41. The situation started dragging on and Plaintiff noticed one of the NYPD Police Officer picking-up a medical item and Plaintiff started screaming loudly and multiple times "DON'T DRUG ME" hopping anyone in the hallway would intervene and stop them but NYPD police officers drugged the handcuffed Plaintiff, then continued to beat the plaintiff until Plaintiff became unconscious. NYPD officers then abandoned the Plaintiff's unconscious body at nearby Bellevue Hospital mental illness facility where the plaintiff regained consciousness the next day in severe pain and ended up getting locked up for one week in that facility during a time when Plaintiff family was visiting from France. Plaintiff family was shocked to visit Plaintiff at hospital for the mentally ill people and this whole experience has hurt Plaintiff and his family greatly.
- 42. A total of at least 14 people were actively involved in this operation at least 9 of which were NYPD police officers. It's also possible more police officers rrived to the scene after Plaintiff was drugged.
- 43. In the hospital, after arguing with hospital staff that I was not supposed to be in a hospital the plaintiff realized he was stocked in the medical system and had to start a procedure to get out of that facility after one week of being retained there against the Plaintiffs will.
- 44. When the Plaintiff returned home Plaintiff found DiphenhydraMINA HCI Injection, USP 50 mg/mL High Potency" on the floor next to empty/used needles and drug container as you can see on the pictures below. It's also possible that NYPD used other drugs on the Plaintiff before or after Plaintiff was unconscious.



- 46. In April 2016, a man named David White from Seton University used the court system of the Southern District of New York to volunteer as a mediator on a case involving Plaintiff and the NYPD, police commissioner Bill Bratton and the FRBNY. Plaintiff realized later that Mr. White was a VERY CLOSE associate of Bill Bratton, the NYPD and the FBI. The NYPD and Police Commissioner have profiled, targeted and hurt the Plaintiff solely because the Plaintiff is a black man. At no point during all of these events was the Plaintiff accused or even suspected of any wrongdoing.
- 47. Both of Plaintiff knees where severely damaged to the point that one year later the Plaintiff is still struggling to climb stairs, run or play ANY SPORTS. The Plaintiff has marks and other scares and an MRI revealed nerve damages.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF: 42 U.S.C. § 1983 – Excessive Force in violation of the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments

- 48. The plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in each preceding paragraph as if fully set forth herein.
- 49. Actual physical and emotional injuries, and other damages and losses as described herein entitling the plaintiff to compensatory and special damages, in amounts to be determined at trial.
- 50. As a further result of the Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff has incurred special damages, including medically related expenses and may continue to incur further medically and other special damages related expenses, in amounts to be established at trial.
- 51. In addition to compensatory, economic, consequential and special damages, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive damages against each of the individually named Defendants under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, in that the actions of each of these individual Defendants have been taken maliciously, willfully or with a reckless or wanton disregard of the constitutional rights of Plaintiff.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF: □42 U.S.C. § 1983 – Racial Discrimination in Violation of the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment and 42 U.S.C. § 1981 □

- 52. The plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in each preceding paragraph as if fully set forth herein.
- 53. The Defendant beat the Plaintiff because the Plaintiff in theirs eyes, as a black man didn't have the right to not open his door. The building manager Mr. Brian Caulfield who was present the whole time was an accomplice as he gave the keys to the Defendant apartment even if the defendant didn't have a warrant and did so despite the fact that everybody knew the plaintiff was not accused or suspected of any crime.
- 54. In addition to compensatory, economic, consequential and special damages, Plaintiff is

entitled to punitive damages against each of the individually named Defendants under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, in that the actions of each of these individual Defendants have been taken maliciously, willfully or with a reckless or wanton disregard of the constitutional and statutory rights of Plaintiff.

THIRTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF□ Violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983 – Deliberately Indifferent Policies, Practices, Customs, Training, and Supervision in violation of the Fourth, Fourteenth, and First Amendments and in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1981□

- 55. The plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in each preceding paragraph as if fully set forth herein.
- 56. Defendant City of New York negligently trained, retained, and supervised defendant John Doe whose acts and conducts were the direct and proximate cause of injury and damage to plaintiff and violated his statutory and common law rights as guaranteed by the laws and constitution of the state of New York.
- 57. In addition to compensatory, economic, consequential and special damages, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive damages against each of the individually named Defendants under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, in that the actions of each of these individual Defendants have been taken maliciously, willfully or with a reckless or wanton disregard of the constitutional and statutory rights of Plaintiff.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF: INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS.

- 58. The plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in each preceding paragraph as if fully set forth herein.
- 59. The acts of all the Defendants on this case were intentional and purposely aimed at inflicting emotional distress to the Plaintiff.
- 60. The plaintiff was already going through a tremendous amount of pain and suffering when the Defendant came and beat the Plaintiff in his own home for no reason and decided to abandon his body in a hospital.
- 61. In addition to compensatory, economic, consequential and special damages, Plaintiff is

entitled to punitive damages against each of the individually named Defendants under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, in that the actions of each of these individual Defendants have been taken maliciously, willfully or with a reckless or wanton disregard of the constitutional and statutory rights of Plaintiff.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF: FALSE ARREST.

- 62. The plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in each preceding paragraph as if fully set forth herein.
- 63. During this incident it was very clear to all parties involved that the Defendant was not accused of any crime and was not suspected of committing any crime.
- 64. In addition to compensatory, economic, consequential and special damages, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive damages against each of the individually named Defendants under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, in that the actions of each of these individual Defendants have been taken maliciously, willfully or with a reckless or wanton disregard of the constitutional and statutory rights of Plaintiff.

SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF: ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

- 65. The plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in each preceding paragraph as if fully set forth herein.
- 66. By the conduct and actions described above, Defendants inflicted the torts of assault and battery upon plaintiff. The act and conducts of Defendant were the direct and proximate cause of injury and damage to plaintiff and violated his statutory and common law rights as guaranteed by the laws and constitution of the state of New York.
- 67. In addition to compensatory, economic, consequential and special damages, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive damages against each of the individually named Defendants

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

	ff prays that this Court enter judgment for the Plaintiff and against each of the lants and grant:
a.	Compensatory and consequential damages, including damages for emotional distress, humiliation, loss of enjoyment of life, and other pain and suffering on all claims allowed by law in an amount to be determined at trial;
b.	False arrest damages in an amount to be determined at trial;
	Economic losses on all claims allowed by law, in an amount to be determined at trial;
d.	Special damages in an amount to be determined at trial;
e.	Punitive damages on all claims allowed by law against individual Defendants and in an amount to be determined at trial; \Box
f.	Attorneys' fees and the costs associated with this action under 42 U.S.C. § 1988, 36 □including expert witness fees, on all claims allowed by law;
g.	Pre- and post-judgment interest at the lawful rate; and, \Box
	Any further relief that this court deems just and proper, and any other appropriate relief at law and equity. \Box

PLAINTIFF REQUESTS A TRIAL BY JURY,

Signature:

Date: Monday, May 15th, 2017 Name: Gerard Nguedi, Pro/Se/ 40 Upper Rock Cir #317

Rockville, MD 20850 Cell: 646 744 7802