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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
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3	SOFTWARE FREEDOM CONSERVAN ERIK ANDERSEN,	NCY &	
4	Plaintiffs,	,	
5	V .	09 CV 10155 (SAS)	
6	ZyXEL COMMUNICATIONS INC,		
7	PHOEBE MICRO, INC.,	and	
8	Defendants.	•	
9		x New York, N.Y.	
10		August 8, 2011 5:00 p.m.	
11	Before:	5.00 p.m.	
12	HON. SHIRA A. SCHEINDLIN,		
13	non. Sr		
14		District Judge	
15	APPEARANCES LAW OFFICES OF DANIEL RAVICHER Attorney for Software Freedom Conservancy and Erik		
16			
17	Andersen DANIEL RAVICHER		
18	ROBINS KAPLAN MILLER & CIRESI LLP Attorneys for ZyXEL Communications, Inc.		
19	DAVID LEICHTMAN MATTHEW J. YANG		
20			
21	COHEN LAW GROUP, PC Attorneys for Phoebe Micro, Inc. BRIAN COHEN		
22			
23	ALSO PRESENT: TINA WONG, (By Speakerphone)		
24			
25			

(In open court)

(Case called)

THE COURT: OK, so I guess today is a premotion conference. Four letters have been received: The plaintiff's July 15th letter describing his intention to move for summary judgment; I don't know how to pronounce it -- ZyXEL?

MR. LEICHTMAN: ZyXEL.

THE COURT: -- ZyXEL's July 15th letter, also requesting summary judgment; ZyXEL's July 18th letter claiming there are inaccuracies in plaintiff's July 15th letter that should be addressed now, before a briefing on summary judgment; and then plaintiff's July 19th letter that was response to both ZyXEL's letters.

So we do have a number of topics to discuss. One that I think we should start with is sort of toward the back of my agenda. That has to do with the expert evidence issue.

Plaintiffs say that ZyXEL has waived any right to introduce expert evidence because it didn't produce any initial expert report or rebuttal expert report; and also ZyXEL never served any deposition notice on plaintiff's expert, Mr. Khun, or any expert discovery requests on plaintiffs at all; therefore, ZyXEL should be barred from producing any expert evidence. ZyXEL says it hasn't had the opportunity to provide a expert rebuttal report, expert rebuttal witness. It says that during the 30(b)(6) deposition of Khun, Khun refused to

testify to any details of his expert opinion and was instructed not to answer such questions.

Plaintiffs respond by asserting that those questions related to Kuhn's rebuttal expert report regarding the now dismissed codefendant, Best Buy, and were therefore improper and untimely; and during the deposition plaintiffs told ZyXEL that this deposition was a 30(b)(6) deposition limited to the designated topics and was not an expert deposition of Khun. So plaintiffs state that they're going to seek to exclude any improper portions of that deposition, including any questions related to Kuhn's rebuttal expert report, and that ZyXEL should be barred.

Now, my clerk has just written me a note, that I apparently forgot to put counsel for Phoebe Micro on the phone. I'm not going to repeat all that, but I will ask the court reporter to read back that whole language, introduction of mine.

(Pause)

THE COURT: Hello? Hello.

MS. WONG: Yes this -- defendants -- Phoebe Micro.

THE COURT: What's your name?

MS. WONG: Tina Wong with --

THE COURT: You're breaking up. I don't know if you're on a cell phone. All I caught is your first name. I don't have your last name.

Wong, W-O-N-G. 1 MS. WONG: THE COURT: Ah, Ms. Wong, OK. 2 3 Are you on a cell phone? 4 MS. WONG: Yes, I'm sorry. I'm traveling, so I don't 5 have a phone landline. My apologies. 6 THE COURT: Well, you were not coming in clearly. We 7 really won't be able to hear what you say for the record, but you'll be able to hear what we're saying. So I'm going to 8 9 begin by asking the court reporter to read back my statement 10 which introduced the first of the topics that I intend to 11 discuss at this conference. So hold on a second and he'll read 12 it to you. 13 (Record read) 14 THE COURT: OK, did you hear that, more or less, 15 Ms. Wong? 16 MS. WONG: Yes. Thank you. 17 THE COURT: OK, so now you're up to where we're up to. 18 My inclination on that one is absolutely to bar ZyXEL from offering any expert evidence. Who here represents ZyXEL? 19 20 Mr. Leichtman, you want to say anything about that? 21 MR. LEICHTMAN: Yes, your Honor. Your Honor may 22 recall --23 THE COURT: I think you better come close so Ms. Wong 24 hears you too. 25 MR. LEICHTMAN: Sure.

Your Honor may recall that just in terms of the sequence of timing of things here, our firm represented Best Buy in this case, and Best Buy then settled. After that settlement, we were asked by ZyXEL to come in and replace their existing counsel and represent them in the case.

What happened with respect to ZyXEL, your Honor, is they believed they were going down a road towards a settlement. Neither side really engaged in any discovery. But all that they had received from the plaintiff by way of expert disclosures was two sentences on what Mr. Khun was going to testify about.

THE COURT: You mean his report is a two-sentence report?

MR. LEICHTMAN: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, he'll be limited to the two sentences.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Can I hand it up?

THE COURT: No, because it doesn't matter. That's all he's going to be able to say -- experts are limited to the opinions expressed in their report. That's why we have expert reports in the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and nobody's going around the rules here. If that's all he wrote, Mr. Ravicher, then that's all he's testifying to, end of story. Why don't you read the two sentences.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Sure. But if I may, you'll recall --

THE COURT: I don't want to recall anything. Read me the two sentences, because that's what he's going to be allowed to say, period.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Sure. "Bradley M. Khun to testify to the facts and opinions contained in his declaration before the

THE COURT: Well, then there's a declaration.

MR. LEICHTMAN: That's right.

Court in the abovereferenced matters."

THE COURT: That's not two sentences, is it?

MR. LEICHTMAN: No, but the declaration doesn't relate to my client.

THE COURT: Well, then he's not testifying about your client, he's testifying so far to what he said in the declaration. Go ahead.

MR. LEICHTMAN: OK. "The similarity between code produced by defendants and contributions to the BusyBox software program by Erik Andersen."

THE COURT: OK, and he can't testify to that.

MR. LEICHTMAN: OK, but there's a lot that would be packed in there that I have not --

THE COURT: I can't help it. You had the opportunity, while you busily thought you were settling, to ask for expert discovery and didn't. We don't reopen the door. If that discovery is closed -- and I believe it is -- that's it, you waived.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Well, if I may, your Honor, there had been an agreement to take Mr. Kuhn's deposition by ZyXEL. That got pushed off until after those deadlines had expired because the parties were talking about settling. When Mr. Khun then came to be deposed, and your Honor had said in that context of the Best Buy case these two sentences are not sufficient but you can take his deposition —

THE COURT: Right.

MR. LEICHTMAN: -- so we assumed that the same would apply for ZyXEL and would apply for Best Buy.

THE COURT: You can't assume anything. That was a 30(b)(6) deposition. It was done in response to a notice that designated topics. That's why we have Rule 30(b)(6). And apparently it was not converted, so to speak, into an expert deposition because it was not noticed as an expert deposition.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Well, I clearly put Mr. Ravicher on notice in advance of the deposition, we intended to find out his expert opinion.

THE COURT: Really? How did you do that?

MR. LEICHTMAN: By email.

THE COURT: I guess you can produce that email?

MR. LEICHTMAN: I can.

THE COURT: Then if you gave you notice, Mr. Ravicher, why did you instruct the witness not to give answers to questions regarding his expert opinion?

MR. RAVICHER: I don't recall -- I don't know what email he's talking about.

THE COURT: I don't either, but he says he can produce it, so I can't do much more today. He says, I gave him notice and I was going to explore the expert opinions. And despite that notice, you wouldn't let him testify as to his expert opinions.

MR. RAVICHER: I'd just like to correct a couple things:

First of all, Mr. Khun answered dozens of questions about his expert report in the deposition. I made objections. There were a couple of specific questions about Best Buy that I said he wasn't prepared to answer, and Best Buy had nothing to do with any deposition topics. But if we look at the deposition transcript, he answered pages and pages, hours and hours and hours, of questions. We went through almost every paragraph of his expert report. So for them to say he didn't answer questions about his expert report is not true.

Secondly --

THE COURT: All right, but then the objections are overruled.

MR. RAVICHER: But the email I believe he sent me, I haven't seen it, but I believe it was after discovery, after expert discovery closed.

THE COURT: But before the Khun deposition?

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MR. RAVICHER: But that was not a Kuhn deposition; it was a 30(b)(6) --

THE COURT: But if he said to you before the deposition, while we are at Mr. Kuhn's deposition, given that he is the expert and has written a report of two lines, which the judge said can be explored at deposition, I intend to question him as to his expert opinions. That changes everything.

MR. RAVICHER: But I responded by email, if I remember correctly, almost instantly, saying that's not proper; if you want to take it to the judge for a ruling, you can.

THE COURT: And I would have ruled in his favor, because apparently I said on the record, that's the time to explore his opinions; since this thing is so barebones, go ahead and ask him whatever you want at deposition. But basically you're saying people did ask about his expert opinions. And while you preserved the objections for the record, I can now overrule them; and whatever he said there is part of his opinion, and you know what he's going to say.

MR. RAVICHER: I think there's confusion between his report. First of all, he was an internal expert, so he had no duty to provide an expert report. We went over that issue with Best Buy. What he's talking about is our initial disclosures of who our experts were, which was done in April.

Now, Mr. Khun did provide a rebuttal report in May to

Best Buy's expert, and so what he's talking about here, where he asked him questions about his report, he's talking about the Best Buy rebuttal report, not these two lines of our expert disclosure. Again --

THE COURT: Were any of those questions answered about the rebuttal report?

MR. RAVICHER: We were there seven hours, your Honor.

THE COURT: I know. Were questions answered about the rebuttal report?

MR. RAVICHER: Yes.

THE COURT: All right, all those answers are there, on the record and can be used.

MR. LEICHTMAN: I understand that. But what he wouldn't answer was questions relating to an infringement by ZyXEL. And so what I still don't have is any opinion from him whatsoever about what manner in which ZyXEL --

THE COURT: Maybe he's never given an opinion on that.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Well, if he's not given an opinion on it, then I don't need an expert.

THE COURT: That's right.

MR. LEICHTMAN: If he's going to be permitted to give an opinion on it, then I need a rebuttal expert, and that's --

THE COURT: Hold on, hold on, hold on. The case is getting out of control, and I won't allow that. I am not starting expert discovery all over again. If he has given no

opinions about ZyXEL, that's the end of that story. Has he given any opinions about ZyXEL, in writing or anything else?

MR. RAVICHER: He's given opinions in a deposition, yes, about ZyXEL and his infringement analysis, yes.

THE COURT: In the deposition?

MR. RAVICHER: Yes.

MR. LEICHTMAN: I don't think he did, but --

THE COURT: What do you mean, you think? There's a transcript, folks.

MR. LEICHTMAN: There is a transcript.

THE COURT: You don't have to think what he said. It's in the transcript.

MR. LEICHTMAN: When I asked what his expert opinion about ZyXEL's infringement, Mr. Ravicher instructed him not to answer.

THE COURT: His testimony will be limited to that which he did answer and not to which there was objection.

Mr. Ravicher, you can't have it both ways. If this guy's going to testify, you couldn't do that, you couldn't say he's not allowed to tell his opinion and then he's allowed at trial. That's sandbagging, and it's wrong. So his opinion is limited to whatever he answered at the deposition.

MR. RAVICHER: Your Honor, just to defend myself, this was -- they never served any -- if they served --

THE COURT: I can't help it. It's gamesmanship, and

it's wrong, and it's wrong for me to have to listen to it.

Everybody knew what was going on there. If he's going to be
the trial expert witness, then let him answer the questions and
be done with it. Let him give his opinions and expound on
them. If you say I instruct him not to answer, then there's no
opinion on the record, not in writing and not at deposition,
and it's over.

So whatever he said about ZyXEL comes in, and not more. And you do not get a rebuttal expert. You've known about this problem for a long time. Expert discovery is over. It's too late for you to put in any expert witnesses. You were busy settling. You could have worked on two tracks at once; I'm not reopening expert discovery. The record is what it is.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Let me make an alternative proposal, your Honor.

In the context of Best Buy, Best Buy had put an expert report in. ZyXEL would be satisfied as an alternative to use the same expert and to be limited to what that expert said in his report at trial. There is no notice --

THE COURT: Did you ever depose that fellow?

MR. RAVICHER: We served deposition notices on Best Buy's counsel, which was his firm.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. RAVICHER: They said he had some health issues and so they wanted to postpone the scheduling of the deposition.

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Then we settled, so we never had --

THE COURT: I would accept that alternative if he's deposed, if Mr. Ravicher has an opportunity to depose him, and that ends the problem.

Now, let's talk about another discovery problem. Plaintiffs say that ZyXEL is precluded from offering any witnesses with regard to profits. On June 10th, plaintiffs provided ZyXEL with a calculation of ZyXEL's gross revenues attributable to the alleged infringement and the documents that supported the calculation. On July 9th, plaintiffs asked ZyXEL whether ZyXEL intended to use any fact witnesses to address the issue of actual damages so that if there was such a person, they could be deposed. Plaintiffs say that on July 10th, ZyXEL responded that it did not plan on offering any further discovery on this topic, and it has not yet decided who it will call to testify at trial on that issue.

So plaintiffs now say we move to preclude the production of any such evidence and the only evidence in the record is going to be our calculation, and that sounds right again, Mr. Leichtman. We asked you on July 9th, you responded on July 10th, and that's the end of it.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Well, I don't know --

THE COURT: Didn't plan on offering any further discovery on this topic, whatever that means.

> Well, because here's what happened in MR. LEICHTMAN:

this instance, your Honor: Plaintiff served a 30(b)(6) notice on our client. Our client provided a 30(b)(6) witness to testify to both gross revenue and deductible expenses. We provided that witness. They already took the testimony of that witness --

THE COURT: Well, that comes in.

MR. LEICHTMAN: OK, so all I was saying in my email was, I haven't decided who I'm going to call to testify at trial but I've already given the discovery that's required to prove our deductible expenses. It's in the very same documents.

THE COURT: You're saying whether it's Mr. Jones or Mr. Smith, the testimony is on the record?

MR. LEICHTMAN: Correct.

THE COURT: It will not change?

MR. LEICHTMAN: Correct.

THE COURT: It's just the person speaking; it might be somebody else.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Correct. Now, he may ask different questions, I don't know what questions he's --

THE COURT: "He," Mr. Ravicher?

MR. LEICHTMAN: Right, on cross-examination.

THE COURT: That's up to him. But that person is limited to the testimony given at the 30(b)(6) deposition. He cannot come up with all new figures, all new documents, no way.

He's limited to what was said at the 30(b)(6) deposition.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Correct. That's all I was saying. I wasn't saying we're not going to prove deductible expenses at trial. All I was saying is, you already have the discovery you're asking for.

THE COURT: And you're limited to it, you can't change that testimony. You can change the person who speaks, the words, but the testimony is set in stone now.

MR. LEICHTMAN: I understand.

THE COURT: All right, Mr. Ravicher.

MR. RAVICHER: Well, the 30(b)(6) witness is their chief technology officer. He does nothing with financial accounting --

THE COURT: But if he gave you figures, those figures come in, that's it, OK, done.

Now, another preclusion: Plaintiffs want to preclude introduction of evidence pertaining to ZyXEL's use of fact witnesses to address the issue of actual damages. I guess --

MR. LEICHTMAN: I think that's the same issue, your Honor.

THE COURT: I was going to say, it sounds the same, but for the remedy down the road, they ask that the Court eventually order ZyXEL to deliver all articles containing BusyBox to plaintiffs. That's down the road. We don't have to reach the remedy now, do we?

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MR. RAVICHER: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK, so that's done.

So there's two issues left really, the substantive The first is, the extent of plaintiff's copyright. ones.

What has Andersen really copyrighted? And I gather it's limited, it has only a copyright to a portion of version .60.3 that did not exist at the time of .60.1, and whatever new portions Andersen himself authored, and that's the extent of his copyright. And plaintiffs apparently think that the registration covers the new code he wrote as well as the version as a whole, since he was the project manager and is, therefore, responsible for the collection and assembly of the whole. ZyXEL says that plaintiff's unregistered copyright, so to speak, can't be asserted, and it cites to a Southern District case from 2009, SimplexGrinnell, which held that plaintiffs cannot assert any remedy for claims of infringement in an unregistered work because registration is a precondition to filing suit, and ZyXEL says that Andersen or plaintiffs haven't met this precondition and so they can't recover for any of the unregistered versions.

Then plaintiffs say, well, the Supreme Court, in Reed Elsevier, 2010, in some way overruled SimplexGrinnell because that case said it doesn't go -- it's not a jurisdictional bar but it's still a precondition to suit.

So I'm really confused by the argument, Mr. Ravicher.

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Maybe the Court still has jurisdiction over the action, but the registration is still a precondition to suit, and I don't know that Reed Elsevier changed that at all. Did it?

MR. RAVICHER: In Reed Elsevier, you had some copyrights that were registered, some that were not, exactly the same situation we have here.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. RAVICHER: Mr. Andersen has a registered copyright in 60.3 and has registered copyrights in later versions as well. So in Reed Elsiver, both the registered and unregistered copyrights were asserted and remedied by the Court, and we seek the same thing here, both the registered and unregistered copyrights being asserted and remedied.

THE COURT: What do you say the outcome was in Reed Elsevier, they heard the unregistered copyright portion of the infringement case?

MR. RAVICHER: So the case in Reed Elsevier was basically a class action, and they were trying to settle claims by both registered copyrightholders and unregistered.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. RAVICHER: And the Court was asked the question, can we resolve claims of unregistered copyrights since you can't file a suit and the Supreme Court said yes, you can.

THE COURT: Well, you can resolve suits, I think is somewhat different than litigating suits.

MR. RAVICHER: Well, I'll --

THE COURT: In other words, there's — can we resolve them even though we can't actually bring them as a claim? The Court said, essentially, go ahead and resolve them, which sounds logical to me. But here it's not being resolved now. Now we're talking about full-blown litigation, a trial, an outcome, a remedy and enforcement, all of that stuff, when for the unregistered copyright portion of this, there's a precondition of being able to file that suit, which has not been met.

MR. RAVICHER: Well, I would argue that what Reed Elsevier means is that a precondition for filing suit is either registration of the copyright --

THE COURT: Right.

MR. RAVICHER: -- or bringing the unregistered copyright in conjunction with a copyright --

THE COURT: You think that's what it means,
Mr. Leichtman?

MR. LEICHTMAN: No, absolutely not.

THE COURT: I doubt it. But if you think this is an issue to be briefed, that's it, you can go ahead and brief it, but I can tell you where I think I'm going to go with it.

All right, then we get what products are involved here. ZyXEL says that the summary judgment proceeding should be limited to only one product, the P663H router, because it's

the only product mentioned in the complaint. And apparently Khun in his deposition couldn't even describe, with respect to even that product, what version of BusyBox or what features of BusyBox that router actually used.

But related to that, ZyXEL says that plaintiff's knowledge of any other ZyXEL products that may contain BusyBox were revealed to the plaintiffs during settlement discussions and, therefore, can't be used. And plaintiffs said, in response, that the complaint uses that router only as an example but not as a limitation, and that they were aware of other products apart from the settlement effort.

I would like the plaintiff to try to be more specific if we can't do this today. Do you have evidence of what specific portions or versions of .60.3 that Andersen does have a registered copyright for and what products are the totality of the list of products that you want to use and how you learned about them outside of settlement? Because I think you are barred if the only way you learned about them is through settlement discussions, where there's a presumption that you're not going to be able to use it for any purpose.

MR. RAVICHER: So with respect to what Mr. Andersen contributed — putting aside the editorial anthology compilation copyright he has, because he put together all these pieces, but just looking at specific code that he added, either by himself or as a co-author with other persons, that is

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detailed in Mr. Kuhn's rebuttal expert report to Best Buy, and Mr. Leichtman asked Mr. Khun dozens of questions exactly about this. The analysis is not capable of precise -- like comparing two books to see where the same words are, because software is written in one language and then gets compiled in just binary digits and completely differently, so you can't eyeball it to see the identicalness.

So what Mr. Khun described in his report is he compares the previous version of BusyBox to .60.3, he finds all the differences. Then in those differences, he looks in the author field to find who was the attributed author and where there was -- I think you may recall we had a phone call about this during the Best Buy preliminary injunction. And there are certain fields where Mr. Andersen attributes the authorship to himself and some where he attributes it to other people certain instances where he left it blank, which was his way of saying I'm not going to waste my time putting my own name in when I wrote it. So Mr. Khun goes into detail about this. So that's Mr. Anderson's copyrights that he wrote in the version.

With respect to the versions in the products, we do know -- and we have a detailed spreadsheet with each product that we believe has BusyBox in it -- which version is in there.

THE COURT: So you know which products he wants to talk about, you just think it should be limited to one in the complaint?

MR. LEICHTMAN: I have not seen that spreadsheet; it hasn't been produced.

THE COURT: Are you planning to show your adversary the spreadsheet so he knows which products you think were in dispute?

MR. LEICHTMAN: I think it's too late for that, your Honor.

THE COURT: No, I don't think it's too late. I'm not saying I'm going to let him. It's not too late to show you.

We'll all see what the list is. Weren't you planning to show it to him?

MR. RAVICHER: We can provide this information to him.

I was waiting for us to get this expert discovery issue resolved.

THE COURT: We need to get it resolved.

MR. RAVICHER: I can tell you that we know that the one product that's mentioned in the complaint, which is just an example of the number of products that they had, has a version, which if I recall correctly -- I don't have it right in front of me -- is the same exact version that was in the Best Buy products that we alleged infringed. So the analysis of Mr. Kuhn's -- what's left over from .60.3 into version 1.0 --

THE COURT: No, I understand that in terms of which portions of the code might be registered or not, might be new or not, compared to an older version, but I think he's entitled

22 188ksofc Conference to this spreadsheet that tells him what products you think are 1 infringing and, therefore, at issue. So will you turn over 2 3 that spreadsheet? 4 MR. RAVICHER: Yes, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: So that's coming. And then we can revisit whether it's fair to do that, but I don't think the fact that 6 7 they're not listed one by one in the complaint is a problem because I think he's saying any product that uses the 8 9 infringing software we believe we have a right to pursue. 10 MR. LEICHTMAN: Just so I understand, because then I think what flows from that is a whole host of additional 11 12 issues, because, one, we have no opinions on those versions

from Mr. Khun and, therefore, we have had no opportunity to put in any rebuttal expert evidence on the infringement issues.

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THE COURT: I don't know that -- wait a minute. You're telling me two different things. You're talking about versions of the software and I'm talking about additional products to the router.

MR. LEICHTMAN: That's exactly what I'm talking about as well because each product uses a different version.

THE COURT: Every product is a different version? There can't be that many different versions. If you have 50 products, you have 50 versions of the code.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Your Honor, there are at least 15 versions that just start with 1.00 and then they go up from

there, and I think they're already up to 1.18 now, and within each of those gradations — so if you have 1.2, you might also have 1.2.1, 1.2.2. I don't know how many version there are, but there are many, so there are many different versions of the software that have been used.

THE COURT: When you produce the spreadsheet with the many products, when you say here's a spreadsheet of 50 products, will it also disclose whether those 50 products each have a different code or whether the following ten have the same code, the following five have the same code, we can see how many different codes we're talking about?

MR. RAVICHER: We can produce a spreadsheet with every product identified and which version of BusyBox we believe is in it, and you can sort it by version --

THE COURT: How many different versions are there going to be in that spreadsheet?

MR. RAVICHER: I would think Mr. Leichtman's about right -- somewhere around 15.

THE COURT: How many different products are going to be in that list?

MR. RAVICHER: About 50.

THE COURT: I think there too --

MR. LEICHTMAN: Your Honor, again, there's been no request for discovery about sales, profits, about any of those products. There's been no request for a discovery about

1	infringement on any of those products.	
2	THE COURT: How are you going to prove any damages if	
3	you didn't make any request for discovery with regard to those	
4	products?	
5	MR. RAVICHER: Your Honor, we did make requests for	
6	discovery on all products which include BusyBox. They only	
7	gave us what they gave us.	
8	THE COURT: And what were you complaining about that?	
9	MR. RAVICHER: I didn't complain about that, so we'll	
10	still seek a remedy of an injunction for any of the products	
11	that we didn't get	
12	THE COURT: But not damages?	
13	MR. RAVICHER: Well, statutory damages, but that's by	
14	work, not by product.	
15	THE COURT: And you wouldn't need to know profits and	
16	expenses, deductions and things like that?	
17	MR. RAVICHER: Right.	
18	THE COURT: That's helpful.	
19	MR. LEICHTMAN: It is, except they still have no	
20	infringement evidence with respect to	
21	THE COURT: Then they'll fail. If they don't have	
22	infringement evidence, they'll fail.	

THE COURT: But they may use portions of the

none of the products use version .60.3.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Because none of the versions use --

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registered copyright in the codes; is that your point? I'm asking Mr. Ravicher. Some portion of those codes may contain the information that Andersen was able to register; is that right or wrong? MR. RAVICHER: That's true. And I also don't know how he can say none of the 50 products use 60.3 if he doesn't know what versions are in his products. MR. LEICHTMAN: I know it's not 60.3. THE COURT: Why don't we reconvene after we get the spreadsheet? That's fine, your Honor. MR. LEICHTMAN: THE COURT: OK. MR. RAVICHER: I'd like to --THE COURT: We need a schedule for this brief. We're very close. But when are you going to turn over this spreadsheet? MR. RAVICHER: I can turn it over by tomorrow. THE COURT: So should we reconvene toward the end of this week, Thursday or Friday? MR. RAVICHER: I actually am traveling. I can do

MR. RAVICHER: I actually am traveling. I can do Monday or Tuesday.

THE COURT: OK. I'm not here Tuesday so Monday. Let me look. I want to get it done.

Well, we can try 5:30. You may end up waiting. I'll do my best. So 5:30 on Monday the 15th, and then we'll finish

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up and do a briefing schedule.

MR. RAVICHER: There's just one issue you mentioned there, your Honor, about how we became aware of all these products.

THE COURT: Yes, I did ask that, when you raised the point about settlement.

MR. RAVICHER: In these products, the firmwares for those products are all available on ZyXEL's website. member of the public can go there and look at the firmware and it's easy to inspect and determine if BusyBox is in there. They also have an admission on their website saying: customer, our products, including the following model numbers, have BusyBox in them. And so there's plenty of public information about these products that include BusyBox in them.

THE COURT: That would seem to make an end to the argument about the settlement talks, do you think, Mr. Leichtman?

MR. LEICHTMAN: Your Honor, I don't think that's quite accurate. I think what's on the website shows updates in the software, to the extent that members of the public can make updates to the products. And if the BusyBox hasn't been updated, there's no BusyBox software code on ZyXEL's website.

THE COURT: No, no, he didn't say the code was. said it's disclosed, all the products that are using the BusyBox software. Isn't that what you said?

MR. RAVICHER: Two things: First of all, there's — you can go and download new firmware for your device. And it's not componentized from where it's a complete new firmware that you just flash on your device to replace everything else. They have whole host of files and folders you can download that for their products, so that's (a).

(B) is the statement on the website says: Dear customer, some of our products have included software written by third parties, including BusyBox. These are the product model numbers that include --

THE COURT: Well, I think maybe what you ought to do -- can you do can a snapshot and bring in what you're saying supports your ability to have found this out other than through settlement?

MR. RAVICHER: Yes.

THE COURT: Can you go to that website and show me what you're talking about?

MR. RAVICHER: Assuming they have not taken it down since our letter, yes.

THE COURT: Assuming they have not taken it down since your letter. Best I can do. As you say, it shows one thing and he denies it. That's again silly. The record is what it is, just like a transcript.

Whatever is up there, is up there, unless you took it down. So why don't you try to do that this afternoon so I can

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MR. RAVICHER: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Will I be allowed to see that in advance as well, your Honor?

THE COURT: Well, it's there if it's there.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Because I don't know what he's talking about.

THE COURT: OK.

MR. LEICHTMAN: He says it can be found. I haven't been able to find it.

THE COURT: OK.

MR. LEICHTMAN: Your Honor, when is he going to turn over the list?

THE COURT: He said he would turn over the spreadsheet tomorrow, close of business tomorrow. That's the 9th. And the snapshots, I would think the same thing; you go back, you go on the site, either they're there or they're not.

MR. RAVICHER: Our letter has the URLs. All he has to do is type it into his web browser.

THE COURT: Why don't you do it. Then there won't be any confusion that you're talking about the same spot so to speak.

MR. RAVICHER: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: There's probably a lot of things on there.

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You know what you're saying. Otherwise I get this: It's up
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      there; no, it's not -- two people saying the opposite about
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      what's right there. OK, so by the close of business tomorrow
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      you can get both of these things to him?
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              MR. RAVICHER: Yes, your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Then we'll be ready to talk again on
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              OK, thank you.
     Monday.
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              MR. RAVICHER: Thank you.
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              MS. WONG: Your Honor?
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              THE COURT: Yes, Ms. Wong?
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              MS. WONG:
                         Yes, Phoebe Micro is hoping to settle --
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              THE COURT: Wait, wait. Phoebe Micro is helping to
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      settle, you said?
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              MS. WONG: Yes.
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               -- with plaintiffs shortly, and we're trying to reduce
      the costs for my client. Can we be excused from the reconvened
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      hearing?
               THE COURT: Yes. That's your choice. If you wish to
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      be excused from the reconvened hearing next Monday, you can.
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      That's up to you. I have no problem.
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              MS. WONG: Thank you, your Honor.
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              THE COURT: OK, thank you. Bye-bye.
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              MS. WONG:
                          Bye-bye.
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              THE COURT: OK. I quess we're done. Thank you.
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