UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
	X
MARILYN MILLER,	

Plaintiff,

AMENDED COMPLAINT

-against-

PLAINTIFF DEMANDS TRIAL BY JURY

Case No.: 15-cv-2339

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, POLICE
OFFICER SONIA YI, Shield #6593,
DETECTIVE OMAR MEDINA, Shield #4399,
DETECTIVE MATTHEW LAMENDOLA, Shield #5425,
DETECTIVE CLAYTON BARNETT, Shield #737,
SERGEANT ALFRED SPEARMAN, POLICE
OFFICERS JOHN/JANE DOE(S) #S 1-10,

Defendants.	
201011001	Y

Plaintiff MARILYN MILLER, for her amended complaint, by her attorney DAVID A.

ZELMAN, upon information and belief, respectfully alleges as follows:

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. This is a civil rights action in which Plaintiff MARILYN MILLER (hereinafter "MILLER" or "Plaintiff") seeks damages to redress the deprivation, under color of state law, of rights secured to her under the Fourth, Fifth, and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution. On or about May 21, 2014, MILLER was falsely arrested by employees of the City of New York, including but not limited to defendants. As a result of the violation of her constitutional rights, MILLER suffered physical and mental injuries.

II. JURISDICTION

2. Jurisdiction is conferred upon this Court by 28 U.S.C. §1343 (3) and (4), which provides for original jurisdiction in this court of all suits brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §1983, and

by 28 U.S.C. §1331, which provides jurisdiction over all cases brought pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the United States. This Court has pendant jurisdiction over Plaintiff's state law claims.

III. PARTIES

- 3. MILLER at all times relevant hereto resided in Brooklyn, NY.
- 4. Defendant CITY OF NEW YORK (hereinafter "CITY") is a municipal corporation, incorporated pursuant to the laws of the State of New York, which operates the New York City Police Department (hereinafter "NYPD"), and as such is the public employer of the Defendant officers herein.
- 5. Defendant POLICE OFFICER SONIA YI, Shield #6593, (hereinafter "YI") was a NYPD police officer, and at all times relevant hereto, acted in that capacity as agent, servant, and/or employee of Defendant CITY and within the scope of her employment. YI is sued in their official and individual capacity.
- 6. Defendant DETECTIVE OMAR MEDINA, Shield #4399, (hereinafter "MEDINA") was a NYPD police officer, and at all times relevant hereto, acted in that capacity as agent, servant, and/or employee of Defendant CITY and within the scope of his employment.

 MEDINA is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- 7. Defendant DETECTIVE MATTHEW LAMENDOLA, Shield #5425, (hereinafter "LAMENDOLA") was a NYPD police officer, and at all times relevant hereto, acted in that capacity as agent, servant, and/or employee of Defendant CITY and within the scope of his employment. LAMENDOLA is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- Defendant DETECTIVE CLAYTON BARNETT, Shield #737, (hereinafter "BARNETT") was a NYPD police officer, and at all times relevant hereto, acted in that

- capacity as agent, servant, and/or employee of Defendant CITY and within the scope of his employment. BARNETT is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- 9. Defendant SERGEANT ALFRED SPEARMAN, (hereinafter "SPEARMAN") was a NYPD police officer, and at all times relevant hereto, acted in that capacity as agent, servant, and/or employee of Defendant CITY and within the scope of his employment. SPEARMAN is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- 10. Defendants POLICE OFFICERS JOHN/JANE DOE(S) #s 1-10 (hereinafter "DOE(S)") were NYPD police officers, and at all relevant times hereto, acted in that capacity as agents, servants, and/or employees of Defendant CITY and within the scope of their employment. DOE(S) are sued in their official and individual capacity.
- 11. At all relevant times hereto, Defendants were acting under the color of state and local law. Defendants are sued in their individual and official capacities. At all relevant times hereto, Defendant CITY was responsible for making and enforcing the policies of NYPD and was acting under the color of law, to wit, under the color of the statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies, customs and usages of the State of New York and/or the City of New York.

IV. FACTS

- 12. On or about May 21, 2014, at approximately 11:15 A.M., MILLER was at her apartment at 1390 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, NY.
- Defendants knocked on MILLER's door, MILLER opened the door, and the Defendants forcibly entered.
- 14. Defendants told MILLER that she had to go with them to the precinct.
- 15. MILLER was transported to the 81st precinct against her will.

- 16. At the precinct, MILLER was told she would be put through the system unless she paid \$1,700.
- 17. MILLER was held in the precinct for approximately six and a half hours.
- 18. MILLER was released from the precinct after her daughter arrived and paid \$1,700.
- 19. Upon information and belief, no charges were ever filed against MILLER related to this arrest. Defendants recklessly investigated this matter and violated NYPD rules and regulations in detaining plaintiff and requiring her to pay to gain her freedom.
- 20. That heretofore and on the 6th day of August, 2014, MILLER's Notice of Claim and Intention to sue was duly served upon and filed with the CITY; said Notice was filed within ninety (90) days after the cause of action herein accrued and set forth the name and post office address of MILLER, the nature of the claim, the time when, the place where, the manner in which the claim arose and the items of damage and injuries sustained.
- 21. That at least thirty (30) days have elapsed since the demand or claim upon which these actions are predicated was presented to CITY for adjustment or payment thereof and that it has neglected and/or refused to make adjustment or payment thereof.

V. <u>FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION</u> Pursuant to § 1983 (FALSE ARREST)

- 22. Paragraphs 1 through 21 of this complaint are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 23. That Defendants had neither valid evidence for the arrest of MILLER nor legal cause or excuse to seize and detain him.
- 24. That in detaining MILLER without a fair and reliable determination of probable cause,

 Defendant CITY abused its power and authority as a policymaker of the NYPD under the

- color of State and/or local law. It is alleged that CITY, via their agents, servants and employees routinely charged persons with crimes they did not commit. MILLER was but one of those persons.
- 25. Upon information and belief, it was the policy and/or custom of Defendant CITY to inadequately supervise and train its officers, staff, agents and employees; thereby failing to adequately discourage further constitutional violations on the part of their officers, staff, agents and employees.
- As a result of the above described policies and customs, the officers, staff, agents and employees of Defendant CITY believed that their actions would not be properly monitored by supervisory officers and that misconduct would not be investigated or sanctioned, but would be tolerated. In addition, the City of New York had and has a policy, custom, and/or practice of detaining persons for an excessive period of time prior to arraignment.
- 27. The above described policies and customs demonstrated a deliberate indifference on the part of the policymakers of the CITY to the constitutional rights of arrestees and were the cause of the violations of MILLER's rights alleged herein.
- 28. By reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendant CITY, acting under color of state law and within the scope of its authority, in gross and wanton disregard of MILLER's rights, subjected MILLER to an unlawful detention, in violation of the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and the laws of the State of New York.

29. By reason of the foregoing, MILLER suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, deprivation of liberty and privacy, terror, humiliation, damage to reputation and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

VI. <u>SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION</u> Pursuant to State Law (FALSE ARREST)

- 30. Paragraphs 1 through 29 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 31. That the seizure, detention and imprisonment of MILLER was unlawful in that Defendants had no probable cause to detain, arrest and/or imprison him.
- 32. That Defendants intended to confine MILLER.
- 33. That MILLER was conscious of the confinement and did not consent to it.
- 34. That the confinement was not otherwise privileged.
- 35. By reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendants, acting in gross and wanton disregard of MILLER's rights, deprived her of her liberty when they subjected her to an unlawful, illegal and excessive detention, in violation of State law.
- 36. That by reason of the foregoing, MILLER suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, economic injury, deprivation of liberty and privacy, terror, humiliation, damage to reputation and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

VII. <u>THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION</u> Pursuant to §1983 (FAILURE TO INTERVENE)

- 37. Paragraphs 1 through 36 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 38. That Defendants failed to intervene when Defendants knew or should have known that MILLER's constitutional rights were being violated.
- 39. That Defendants had a realistic opportunity to intervene on behalf of MILLER, whose constitutional rights were being violated in their presence.

- 40. That a reasonable person in the Defendants' position would know that MILLER's constitutional rights were being violated.
- 41. That by reason of Defendants' acts and omissions, Defendants, acting under the color of state law and within the scope of their authority, in gross and wanton disregard of MILLER's rights, deprived MILLER of her liberty when they failed to intervene to protect her from Defendants' violation of MILLER's constitutional rights pursuant to Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution.
- That upon information and belief, Defendants had a policy and /or custom of failing to intervene to protect citizens from violations of constitutional rights by police officers.
 Thus, as a result of the above described policies and customs, MILLER was not protected from Defendants' unconstitutional actions.
- 43. That upon information and belief it was the policy and/or custom of defendant CITY to inadequately hire, train, supervise, discipline and/or terminate their officers, staff, agents and employees, thereby failing to adequately discourage further constitutional violations on the part of their officers, staff, agents, and employees.
- 44. That as a result of the above described policies and customs, defendant CITY, its staff, agents and employees of defendant CITY believed that their actions would not be properly monitored by supervisory officers and that misconduct would not be investigated or sanctioned, but would be tolerated.
- 45. That the above described policies and customs demonstrate a deliberate indifference on the part of the policymakers of defendant CITY to the constitutional rights of detainees and were the cause of the violations of MILLER's rights alleged herein.

- 46. That in so acting, defendant CITY abused its power and authority as policymaker of the NYPD under the color of State and/or local law.
- 47. That by reason of the foregoing, MILLER suffered physical and psychological injuries, traumatic stress, mental anguish, economic damages including attorney's fees, damage to reputation, shame, humiliation, and indignity. All of said injuries may be permanent.

XII. <u>FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION</u> Pursuant to State Law (CONVERSION)

- 48. Paragraphs 1 through 47 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 49. On or about May 21, 2014, Defendants took property from Plaintiff's possession and converted it to their own use.
- 50. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, emotional injuries, economic injury, trauma, humiliation, terror, damage to reputation, and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

XIII. <u>FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION</u> Pursuant to § 1983 (EXCESSIVE PRE-ARRAIGNMENT DETENTION)

- 51. Paragraphs 1 through 50 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 52. That Defendants had no legal cause nor excuse to detain Plaintiff for a prolonged period prior to arraignment.
- 53. That Defendants detained Plaintiff excessively prior to arraignment in violation of Plaintiff's civil rights.
- 54. That Defendants detained Plaintiff with ill will and/or negligently.
- 55. That Defendants should have expeditiously investigated this matter and released Plaintiff.
- 56. By reason of Defendant's acts and omissions, Defendants, acting under color of state law and within the scope of its authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights,

- deprived Plaintiff of his liberty when it subjected him to an unlawful, illegal and excessive detention, in violation of his due process rights pursuant to the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and the laws of the State of New York.
- 57. That in so acting, Defendant CITY, abused its power and authority as policymaker of the New York City Police Department under the color of State and/or local law.
- 58. That upon information and belief, in 2014, Defendant CITY had a policy or routine practice of detaining and imprisoning individuals for excessive periods prior to arraignment.
- 59. That upon information and belief, it was the policy and/or custom of Defendant CITY to inadequately train and supervise their officers, staff, agents and employees, thereby failing to adequately discourage further constitutional violations on the part of their officers, staff, agents and employees.
- 60. That as a result of the above described policies and customs, the officers, staff, agents and employees of Defendant CITY believed that their actions would not be properly monitored by supervisory officers and that misconduct would not be investigated or sanctioned, but would be tolerated.
- 61. That the above described policies and customs demonstrate a deliberate indifference on the part of the policymakers of Defendant NYPD to the constitutional rights of arrestees and were the cause of the violations of Plaintiff's rights alleged herein.
- 62. That Defendant, through its officers, agents and employees, unlawfully incarcerated Plaintiff for an excessive period of time prior to arraignment.

63. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered mental injuries, economic injury, deprivation of property, liberty and privacy, terror, humiliation, damage to reputation and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

XIV. <u>SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION</u> Pursuant to State Law (PRE-ARRAIGNMENT DELAY)

- 64. Paragraphs 1 through 63 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 65. Defendants negligently and/or intentionally failed to arraign Plaintiff promptly following his arrest as required by New York State and Federal laws, rules, regulations and statutes.
- 66. Said failure to promptly arraign Plaintiff caused his arrest to be void ab initio.
- As a result of the above constitutionally impermissible conduct, plaintiff was caused to suffer personal injuries, violation of civil rights, economic damages, emotional distress, anguish, anxiety, fear, humiliation, loss of freedom and damage to his reputation and standing within his community.

XV. <u>SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION</u> Pursuant to State Law (RESPONDEAT SUPERIOR)

- 68. Paragraphs 1 through 67 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 69. That Defendants were acting in furtherance of the duties owed to their employer, defendant CITY.
- 70. That at all times Defendants were acting within the scope of their employment.
- 71. That Defendant CITY was able to exercise control over Defendants activities.
- 72. That Defendant CITY is liable for Defendants actions under the doctrine of respondent superior. By reason of the foregoing, MILLER suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, emotional injuries, economic injury, trauma, humiliation, terror, damage to reputation, and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

INJURY AND DAMAGES

As a result of the acts and conduct complained of herein, MILLER has suffered and will

continue to suffer economic injuries, physical pain, emotional pain, suffering, permanent

disability, inconvenience, injury to her reputation, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of

liberty and other non-pecuniary losses. Plaintiff has further experienced severe emotional

and physical distress.

WHEREFORE, MILLER respectfully requests that judgment be entered:

1. Awarding MILLER compensatory damages in a full and fair sum to be

determined by a jury;

2. Awarding MILLER punitive damages in an amount to be determined by a jury;

3. Awarding MILLER interest from May 21, 2014;

4. Awarding MILLER reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 42 USC § 1988; and

5. Granting such other and further relief as to this Court deems proper.

Dated: Brooklyn, New York February 4, 2016

DAVID A. ZELMAN, ESQ.

(DZ 8578)

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