Case: 1:10-cv-04603 Document #: 1 Filed: 07/23/10 Page 1 of 19 PageID #:1

# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS, EASTERN DIVISION

JUL 2 3 2010 ABUN J-23-10

MICHAEL W. DOBBINS

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT

DON LIPPERT, Plaintiff,  v.  PARTHA GHOSH,M.D.; WILLARD ELYFA; JOSEPH SSENFUMA; TAMMY GARCIA; TERRY McCANN; MELODY FORD, and ROGER WALKER Jr. Defendants.	)	CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT  10 C 4603  Judge Ruben Castillo  Magistrate Judge Morton Denlow
	COMPLAINT	

Plaintiff DON LIPPERT, by pro se, complains against Defendants as follows:

#### INTRODUCTION

1. In this civil rights action, Plaintiff seeks damages and injunction relief for Defendants' deliberate indifference to Plaintiff's medical needs, in violation of the Eighth Amendment. Plaintiff suffers from Type 1 Diabetes. Defendants-the medical director and chief administratvie officer at the state facility at which Plaintiff is incarcerated and certain medical officials, and certain Stateville officials and certine Department of Corrections (IDOC) officials working in Plaintiff's prision or working for IDOC-have on numerous and continuous occasions denied Plaintiff access to adequate medical care, and knowingly disregarded excessive risks to Plaintiff's health by, among other things, (a) refusing to provide Plaintiff with a routine, healthy, nutritional, and wholesome diet to help treat and manage his chronic Type 1 Diabetes medical condition. This failure, and Defendants' actions, were indifferent and contrary to medical policy at Stateville, sound medical and dietary principles for treating Type 1 Diabetes, and Plaintiff's treatment plan. Defendant Ghosh the medical director at Stateville who was responsible for Plaintiff's treatment plan, knew of and failed to take steps to adress the inadequate medical/dietary care, to comply with proper medical procedures, medical policy, and Plaintiff' treatment plan. Defendant Willard Elyea, the Agency Medical Director for the Department of Corrections, had knowleged of and consented to the inadequate medical/dietary care provided to Plaintiff. As a result of Defendant's actions

Defendants' actions and failures to act, Plaintiff suffered and still suffers serious harm / injuries.

### JURISDICTION, VENUE, and EXHAUSTION of REMEDIES

- 2. This action is brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C.§ 1983. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C.§ 1331. On belief, more than one Defendant resides in this judicial district, and all the Defendants reside in Illinios. Moreover, a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in this judicial district. Accordingly, venue is proper under 42 U.S.C.§ 1391 (b) (1) and (2).
- 3. Prior to filing this Complaint, Plaintiff had exhausted any necessary administrative grievance procedures and administrative remedies.

#### **PARTIES**

- 4. Plaintiff Don Lippert is and has at all relevant times been a citizen of the United States. He is and was at all relevant times an inmate at State-ville Correction Center (Stateville) in Joliet, Illinios. On April 20, 2008, Plaintiff was housed at Stateville Correctional Center.
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant Dr. Partha Ghosh is a contractor for, Stateville. Defendant Ghosh was at all relevant times the medical director at Stateville. At all relevant times, he acted under color of state law, as a state official acting on behalf of the state. Dr. Ghosh was the medical professional responsible for Plaintiff's medical treatment and care at Stateville.
- 6. On information and belief, Defendant Willard Elyea is a physician licensed to practice in Illinois. Defendant Elyea is either an employee of, or a contractor for, IDOC. Defendant Elyea was at all relevant times the Agency Medical Director for IDOC. At all relevant times, he acted under color of state law, as a state official acting on behalf of the state. Dr. Elyea was the IDOC medical professional responsible for Plaintiff's medical treatment and care while in IDOC.
- 7. On information and belief, Defendant Joseph Ssenfuma is a nurse licensed to practice in Illinois. Defendant Ssenfuma is a contractor for, Stateville. Defendant Ssenfuma was at all relevant times a registered nurse at Stateville. At all relevant times, he acted under color of state law, as a state official acting on behalf of the state. On the days of April 20, 2008,

and May 19, 2008, he was the RN Supervisor at Stateville were Plaintiff is incarcerated at.

- 8. Defendant Tammy Garcia was at all relevant times employed at Stateville as the prision 'Grievance Officer' of immate issues. At all relevant times, she acted under color of state law, as a state official acting on behalf of the state. Garcia was responsible as a 'G.O.' to investigate complaints in grievances filed by immates and make recommendations to the Warden based on his/her findings. Furthermore, upon receipt of a grievance, the Grievance Officer (G.O.) will assemble any other information, interview the grievant, if necessary, and make recommendations to the IDOC Director. On the day of June 6, 2008, she was responsible for the immate issues being grieved were Plaintiff is incarcerated at.
- 9. Defendant Terry McCann was at all relevant times employed at Stateville as the 'Chief Administrative Officer'. At all relevant times, he acted under color of state law, as a state official acting on behalf of the state. McCann is responsible for the overall operations of the facility, the supervision, and protection of offenders assigned to his Institution, the supervision of it's staff members, and ultimately for overseeing both program and operational services of the facility, as well as ensuring compliance with all Departmental Directives and Rules. He is to advise the comitted person of the grievance disposition, in writing, within two (2) months or as resonable amount of time after receipt of the written grievance. On June 18, 2008, he was the warden at Stateville were Plaintiff is incarcerated at.
- 10. Defendant Melody Ford was at all relevant times employed by the IDOC as the Administrative Review Board member of Inmate Issues. At all relevant times she acted under color of state law, as a state official acting on behalf of the state. Ford was directly responsible for the reviews the appeals of grievances and first determines whether the inmate's grievance can be handled without the necessity of a hearing. If so, the inmate is so advised. Other matters are scheduled for a two-person 'A.R.B.' hearing involving an interview of the grieving inmate, examining relevant documents and at the A.R.B.'s discretion, calling witnesses. The A.R.B. submits a written report of its findings and recommendations to the Director or the Director's designee, who then reviews the report and makes a final determination on the grievances. On the day of Turnell', 2008, she was directly responsible for the reviews of my grievance appeal to the Director.
- 11. Defendant Roger Walker Jr. was at all relevant times employed by the Illinois Department of Corrections (IDOC) as the Director. At all relevant

times, he acted under color of state law, as a state official acting on behalf of the State. Walker was directly resposible for reviewing inmate grievances of persons' committed to IDOC, the responses of the Grievance Officers, and Chief Administrative Officers in connection with these grievances, while making determinations of whether these grievances require a hearing before the A.R.B., if so then advising the committed persons of these disposititions in writing. On the day of December 8, 2008, he was directly responsible for the functioning of all of IDOC Prisons as the chief overseer. Defendant Walker had knowledge of Plaintiff's inadequate medical care through, among other things, the grievance filed by Plaintiff, and he consented to that inadequate care.

- 12. At all relevant times, Defendants acted in their individual and official capacities in their positions as medical director, agency medical director, IDOC director, registered nurse supervisor, grievance officer, administrative review board member for Stateville and IDOC.
- 13. As of and prior to April 20, 2008, Plaintiff required a routine and healthy diet& frequent visits to medical specialists in Nutrition of two (2) times a year or as needed for the purpose of treating and managing the medical complications and providing other medical care as needed, necessary to keep Plaintiff healthy and safe from serious injury to control his Type 1 Diabetes condition.

# DEFENDANTS FAILURE TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE AND NECESSARY MEDICAL CARE

- 14. Plaintiff has been diagnosed with Type 1 Diabetes. At all relevant times hereto each of the Defendants' knew of and were aware of Plaintiff's serious medical condition.
- 15. Prior to April 20, 2008, Defendant Ghosh had prescribed treatment for Plaintiff's diabetes, including but not limited to a routine and healthy diet under American Diabetes Association (ADA) Standards, and providing other medical care as needed.
- 16. A routine and healthy diet under ADA Standards were critical to Plaintiff's safety and health. as an incarcerated prisoner, Plaintiff was dependent on the Defendant to provide him with a routine and healthy diet to keep him healthy and safe from serious harm/injury.
- 17. On February 18, 2005, Defendant Ghosh, M.D. had sent me a MEMO/letter stating that, 'Effectiv immediately, the diet used to treat diabetes will be a "Low Concentrated Sweets" or LCS Diet. Calorie controlled diets (1800cal,

- 2500cal, 2800cal, ect.) will no longer be used. The LCS diet restricts concertrated sweets suchas sugar, candy, honey, jelly, jam, syrup, pies, cakes, puddings and sweetened soft drinks, ect.'.
- 18. After I had received this MEMO/Letter I had complained verbally to Dr. Ghosh, and other medical officials of how I'm still being served and forced to eat the same exact foods/meals plus deserts that are being served to the entire prison population for their meals.
- 19. After verbally stressing my MEDICAL DIETARY concerns to Dr. Ghosh, no medical official acted to take corrective measures to place an end to the heinous medical mistreatment.
- 20. As a result of Defendant actions and failures to act, Plaintiff suffered and still suffers injuries of Diabetic Neuropathy, severe headaches, weight lost, pooer eye vision, severe fluctuating blood sugar levels, and pain/numbness in hands, feet, and legs.
- 21. On May 19, 2008, Defendant Ssenfuma had knowledge of Plaintiff's inadequate medical care/treatment through, among other things, the inmate greivance that Plaintiff filed on 'MEDICAL TREATMENT' dated: April 20, 2008, which he had received on April 21, 2008, and wrote his medical 'RESPONSE' on May 19, 2008, stating in brief, " I strongly believe offender Lippert diet is very appropriate for his medical condition we have not had any problems with other diabetic patients", and consented to that inadequate medical care/treatment, giving rise to the Claim against him.
- 22. Defendant Ssenfuma denied Plaintiff's access to adequate medical care/ treatment, and knowingly disregarded excessive risks to Plaintiff's health and well-being by, among other things, (a) refusing to take corrective action measures,(b) refusing to provide Plaintiff with a routine and healthy diet, (c) allowing and condoning the actions of the medical department to provide inadequate medical care/treatment for my dietary needs,(d) knowingly and deliberately making false statements and reports to cover up the gross misconduct of the medical departments failure to enforce the American Diabetes Association (ADA) Nutritional Guidelines for Diabetics.
- 23. All of these failures, and Defendants actions, were contrary to sound medical care for treating and managing Plaintiff's chronic medical condition.
- 24. Defendant Ssenfuma acted at all relevant times with evil motive or intent, or recklessly or with callous indifference to Plaintiff's constitutional rights.

- 25. As a result of Defendant actions and failures to act, Plaintiff suffered and still suffers injuries of Diabetic Neuropathy, severe headaches, weight lost, pooer eye vision, severe fluctuating blood sugar levels, and pain/numbness in hands, feet, and legs.
- 26. ON April 22, 2008, Defendant Garcia had knowledge of Plaintiff's inadequate medical care/treatment when she had received my 'MEDICAL TREATMENT' grier vance; On June 5, 2008, she had received RN Supervisor, Joseph Ssenfumas' 'MED-ICAL RESPONSE', and on June 6, 2008, she arbitrarily denied my grievance stating, "This Grievane Officer has no medical expertise or authority to contradict the doctor's recommendations/diagnosis", and consented to that inadequate med-care/treatment, giving rise to the Claim against her.
- 27. Defend Garcia denied Plaintiff's acess to adequate medical care/treatment and knowingly disregarded excessive risks to Plaintiff's health and well-being by, among other things,(a) refusing to take appropriate corrective action measures,(b) knowingly and deliberately refusing to use sound decision making by not trying to obtain relevant medical/dietary treatment documents on Nutrition Guidelines on hobs to treat/manage Type 1 Diabetes, or even to investigate/inquire with an outside indepedent Nutritionist for relevant medical information about the grieved matter for her final conclusion,(c) allowing and condoning the actions of the medical department to provide inadequate medical care/treatment,(d) knowingly and deliberately alowing the gross misconduct of the medical departments failure to enforce the American Diabetes Associations (ADA) Nutritional Guidelines for Diabetes.
- 28. All of these failures, and Defendants actions, were contrary to sound medical care for treating and managing Plaintiff's chronic medical condition.
- 29. Defendant Garcia acted at all relevant times with evil motive or intent, or recklessly or with callous indifference to Plaintiff's constitutional rights.
- 30. As a result of Defendant actions and failure to act, Plaintiff suffered and still suffers injuries of Diabetic Neuropathy, severe headaches, weight lost, pooer eye vision, severe fluctuating blood sugar levels, and pain/numbness in hands, feet, and legs.
- 31. On June 18, 2008, Defendant McCann, had knowledge of Plaintiff's inadequate medical care/treatment when he had received my 'MEDICAL TREATMENT' greivance dated April 20, 2008; On June 18, 2008, he arbitrarily denied my greivance concurring with the medical department and the Greivance Officers deliberate indifference towards my health, giving rise to the Claim against him.
  - 32. Defendant McCann denied Plaintiff access to adequate medical care/

treatment and knowingly disregarded excessive risks to Plaintiff's health and well-being by, among other things,(a) refusing to take corrective action measures,(b) knowingly and deliberately refusing to use sound decision making by not trying to obtain relevant medical/dietary treatment documents on Nutrition Guidelines on how to treat/manage Type 1 Diabetes, or even to investigate/inquire with an outside independent Nutritionist for relevant medical information about the greived matter for his final 'RESPONSE',(c) allowing and condoning the actions of the medical department to provide inadequate medical care/treatment,(d) knowingly and deliberately allowing the gross misconduct of the medical departments failure to enforce the American Diabetes Associations (ADA) Nutritional Guidelines for Diabetes.

- 33. All of these failures, and Defendant actions, were contrary to sound medical care for treating and managing Plaintiff's chronic medical condition.
- 34. Defendant McCann acted at all relevant times with evil motive or intent, or recklessly or with callous indifference to Plaintiff's constitutional rights.
- 35. As a result of Defendant actions and failure to act, Plaintiff suffered and still suffers injuries of Diabetic Nueropathy, severe headaches, weight lost, pooer eye vision, severe fluctuating blood sugar levels, and pain/numbness in hands, feet, and legs.
- 36. On July 14, 2008, Defendant Ford, had knowledge of Plaintiff's inadequate medical care/treatment when she had received my 'MEDICAL TREATMENT' greivance; On July 14, 2008, or on November 17, 2008, she arbitrarily denided my greivance stating in brief," Based on a total review of all available information, it is the opinion of this office that the issue was appropriately addressed by the institutional administration. It is, therefore, recommended the greivance denied.". and consented to that inadequate medical care/treatment, giving rise to the Claim against her.
- 37. Defendant Ford denied Plaintiff's access to adequate medical care/treatment and knowingly disregarded excessive risks to Plaintiff's health and wellbeing by, among other things,(a) refusing to take corrective action measures,
  (b) knowingly and deliberately refusing to use sound fact finding decision
  making by not trying to obtain relevant medical/dietary treatment documents on
  Nutrition Guidelines on how to treat/manage Type 1 Diabetes, or even to investigate/inquire with an outside independent Nutritionist for relevant medical
  information about the greived matter for her final 'RESPONSE',(c) allowing and
  condoning the actions of the medical department to provide inadequate medical
  care/treatment,(d) knowingly and deliberately allowing the gross misconduct of
  the medical departments failure to enforce the American Diabetes Associations

- (ADA) Nutritional Guidelines for Diabetes.
- 38. All of these failures, and Defendant actions, were contrary to sound medical care for treating and managing Plaintiff's chronic medical condition.
- 39. Defendant Ford acted at all relevant times with evil motive or intent, or recklessly or with callous indifference to Plaintiff's constitutional rights.
- 40. As a result of Defendant actions and failure to act, Plaintiff suffered and still suffers injuries of Diabetic Nueropathy, severe headaches, weight loss, pooer eye vision, severe fluctuating blood sugar levels, and pain/numbness in hands, feet, and legs.
- 41. On December 8, 2008, Defendant Walker, had knowledge of Plaintiff's in-adequate medical care/treatment when he had received my 'MEDICAL TREATMENT' grievance; On December 8, 2008, he arbitrarily denied my grievance by 'CON-CRRING' with the Administrative Review Board deliberate indifference towards my health, giving rise to the Claim against him.
- 42. Defendant Walker denided Plaintiff's access to adequate medical care/
  treatment and knowingly disregarded excessive risks to Plaintiff's health and
  well-being by, among other things,(a) refusing to take corrective action
  measures,(b) allowing and condoning the actions of the medical department,
  grievance officer, chief administrative officer and administrative review
  board to provide inadequate medical care/treatment,(c) knowingly and deliberately refusing to use sound fact finding decision making by not trying to
  obtain relevant medical/dietary treatment documents on Nutrition Guidelines on
  how to treat/manage Type 1 Diabetes, or even to inquire with an outside independent Nutritionist for relevant medical information about the grieved matter
  for his final DECISION',(d) knowingly and deliberately allowing the gross
  misconduct of the medical departments failure to enforce the American Diabetes
  Associations (ADA) Nutritional Guidelines for Diabetes.
- 43. All of these failures, and Defendant actions, were contrary to sound medical care for treating and managing Plaintiff's chronic medical condition.
- 44. Defendant Walker acted at all relevant times with evil motive or intent, or recklessly or with callous indifference to Plaintiff's constitutional right
- 45. As a result of Defendant actions and failure to act, Plaintiff suffered and still suffers injuries of Diabetic Nueropathy, severe headaches, weight loss, power eye vision, severe fluctuating blood sugar levels, and pain/numbness in hands, feet, and legs.

46. April 20, 2008, was not the first time Defendants had displayed deliberate indifference to Plaintiff's serious medical condition. On numerous occasions prior to April 20, 2008, Defendants had failed to provide Plaintiff with the treatment that was necessary and part of his treatment plan for his Type 1 Diabetes. Among other things, Plaintiff had on numerous occasions not received his 2800cal. ADA DIABETIC DIET. Defendants Elyea, Ghosh, and Ssenfuma were aware of this systematic inadequate diet and repeated failures to follow Plaintiff's treatment plan, and they failed to take steps to ensure that that treatment plan was properly carried out and that Plaintiff was provided with a routine and healthy diet.

#### COUNT 1

#### DEFENDANTS MCCANN, GARCIA, FORD, WALKER

- 47. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-46 for this paragraph 47 of Count 1.
- 48. Defendants McCann, Garcia, Ford, and Walker were deliberately indifferent to Plaintiff's serious medical/dietary needs.
  - 49. Plaintiff's medical condition was objectively serious.
- 50. Defendants McCann, Garcia, Ford, and Walker were aware of and disregarded an excessive risk to Plaintiff's health.
- 51. Defendants acted with evil motive or intent, or recklessly or with callous indifference to Plaintiff's rights.
- 52. As a result of Defendants' deliberate indifference, Plaintiff suffered and still suffers serious harm.
- 53. By their actions, Defendants subjected Plaintiff or caused him to be subjected to a deprivation of his rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the Eighth Amendment to the Constitution, as made applicable to the states through the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution. By their actions, Defendants violated 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

#### COUNT II

## DEFENDANTS GHOSH, SSENFUMA and FLYEA

- 54. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-53 for this paragraph 54 of Count II.
- 55. Defendants Ghosh, Ssenfuma, and Elyea were aware of a systematic lapse in enforcement of Plaintiff's treatment plan, and Stateville's and the Department of Corrections' policies regarding medical care and treatment of prisoner suchas Plaintiff, by, among other things, a failure to provide Plaintiff with

a routine and healthy ADA Diet.

- 56. Defendants Ghosh, Ssenfuma, and Elyea failed to ensure that the policies of Stateville and the Department of Corrections and Plaintiff's treatment planincluding but not limited to the dietary needs-were carried out, and they failed to ensure that Plaintiff was provided with a proper routine and healthy diet.
- 57. Defendants Ghosh, Ssenfuma, and Elyea's failure to ensure that the the treatment plan and policies of Stateville and the Department of Corrections were carried out amounted to deliberate indifference to Plaintiff's serious medical needs.
- 58. Defendants Ghosh, Ssenfuma, and Elyea acted at all relevant times with evil motive or intent, or recklessly or with callous indifference to Plaintiff'S rights.
- 59. As a result of Defendants Ghosh, Ssenfuma and Elea's deliberate indifference, Plaintiff suffered and still suffers serious harm.
- 60. By their actions, Defendants Ghosh, Ssenfuma and Elyea subjected Plaintiff or caused him to be subjected to a deprivation of his rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the Eighth Amendment to the Constitution, as made applicable to the states through the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution. By their actions, Defendants violated 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for entry of judgment in his favor and awarding the following relief against the Defendants:

- (1) A declaration judgment that the Defendants' actions, as described above, constituted deliberate indifference, in violation of the Eighth Amendment to the Constitution, as made applicable to the states through the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution, and 42 U.S.C. § 1983;
- (2) injunctive relief, in the form of an order(i) enjoining and prohibiting the individual Defendants and other current and future employees of Stateville and Department of Corrections from further deprivations of Plaintiff's Constitutional rights; (ii) requiring that the Defendants provide him with wholesome and nutritional foods under the American Diabetes Association Recommended Standard Diet for the medical treatment and management of Plaintiff's Type 1 Diabetes; (iii) requiring that the Defendants povide Plaintiff to be seen by a certifyed license nutritionist two (2) times a year as recommended under the ADA Guidelines for Plaintiff's Type 1 Diabetes chronic condiction; (iv) requiring that the Defendants transfer Plaintiff to a State facility that that can

provide proper and necessary adequate med.care/treament for his chronic medical condition, such as Dixon Correctional Center.

- (3) monetary compensation in the amount of \$35,000 from Defendant Partha Ghosh in his individual/official capacity,
- (4) monetary compensation in the amount of \$35,000 from Defendant Willard Elyea in his individual/official capacity,
- (5) monetary compensation in the amount of \$25,000 from Defendant Terry McCann in his individual/official capacity,
- (6) monetary compensation in the amount of \$40,000 from Defendant Joseph Ssenfuma in his individual/official capacity,
- (7) monetary compensation in the amount of \$25,000 from Defendant Tammy Garcia in her individual/official capacity.
- (8) monetary compensation in the amount of \$25,000 from Defendant Melody Ford in her individual/official capacity,
- (9) monetary compensation in the amount of \$35,000 from Defendant Roger E. Walker in his individual/official capacity;
  - (10) punitive damages;
  - (11) mental and emotional injury damages; and
  - (12) such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Date:

Respectfully submitted,

DON LIPPERT- Plaintiff

Don Lippert #B-74054

P.O. Box 112

Joliet, Il. 60434

## Case: 1:10-cv-04603 Document #: 1 Filed: വെൾ. இது கூறு கூற 19 PageID #:12 RESPONSE TO COMMITTED PERSON'S GRIEVANCE

	Grievance Officer's Report	
Date Received: April 22, 2008	Date of Review: June 6, 2008	Grievance # 0848
Committed Person: Don Lippert		Inmate #: B74054
Nature of Grievance: Medical Tx		
	•	
Facts Reviewed: Grievant allege	s he should be on a special diet because of his diabete	s .
Relief Requested: diabetic diet		
Grievance written: 4-20-08		
Sent to HCU: 4-21-08		
Medical response received: 6-5-0		
Agency Medical Director, Stateville concentrated carbohydrates as suc	na: (summarized) According to the memo that Dr. Ghosh of Correctional Center was giving a regular diet that was alrea it is already a therapeutic diet. I strongly believe offender any problems with other diabetic patients	ady low in cholesterol, fat, and
It appears that this gnevance issue	has been resolved.	
•	· <u> </u>	
This Grievance Officer has no medi	cal expertise or authority to contradict the doctor's recomme	endation/diagnosis.
,		•
Recommendation: No further action	n necessary at this time.	
		•
	•	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		Carri
Tammy García  Print Grievance (	<del>-</del>	erance Officer's Signature
(Attach a	copy of Committed Person's Grievance, including counsalor's respons	se if applicable)
	Chief Administrative Officer's Response	
Date Received: U-17-C	ldo not concu	ur ☐ Remand
Comments:		
•	•	
·		
Chief Administrative Officer	Mc Cann SA	618-08
	Committed Person's Appeal To The Director	
<del></del>		<b>_</b>
Chief Administrative Officer's decision to	officer's decision to the Director. I understand this appeal must be the Administrative Review Board, P.O. Box 19277. Springfield. IL (s response, if applicable, and any pertinent documents.)	submitted within 30 days after the date of the 32794-9277. (Attach a complete copy of the
$\sim$ 1.		

C. # 2

Case: 1:10-cv-04603 Document #: 1 Filed: 07/23/10 Page 13 of 19 Page D#.10

OFFENDER'S GRIEVANCE	
Date: 4-20-08 Offender: (Please Print) Don Linder+ Present Facility: C 1 1 1 C Facility where grievance	B-74054
NATURE OF GRIEVANCE:	Stateuille C.C.
Personal Property	ime
Date of Report	Facility where issued
Note: Protective Custody Denials may be grieved immediately via the local administratic Complete: Attach a copy of any pertinent document (such as a Disciplinary Report, Shakadown R Counselor, unless the issue involves discipline, is deemed an emergency, or is subject to Grievance Officer, only if the issue involves discipline at the present facility or issue not re Chief Administrative Officer, only if EMERGENCY grievance.  Administrative Review Board, only if the issue involves transfer denial by the Transfer Coadministrative Officer.	direct review by the Administrative Review Board. solved by Counselor. pordinator, protective custody, involuntary issues, or issues not resolved by the Chief
Brief Summary of Grievance: Inis 18 a Grievance again MD. Medical Director for being detibe Wards my health and life by taking at "Diabetic Diet" calorie controlled diet 2800 cal, etc.) to treat and help most Chronic Diabetic inmates illness. This IDOC Employee, Partha Ghash his own Diabetic Diet which he he the prison Dietary Dept, which he Sweets" or LCS Diet.  Relief Requested: NOTE: Due to the long Relief I Request will be on the other side of t  page # 2.  Check only if this is an EMERGENCY grievance due to a substantial nsk of imminent persona  Offender's Signature  (Continue on reverse side if necessary)	rate indiferent to- bay the Stateville ADA s (1800 cal, 2500 cal, bage the prisons of MD. had made acl enforced here in calls "Low Concentrate lier — Requested my Relief
Counselor's Response (if applicable)	
Date Received: 4, 21, 08   Send directly to Grievance Officer   10  Response: this Chevance (annit be resolved a little be towarded to Hou administration- Copy will also be sent to STA Ever Mills ersure handling -	Outside jurisdiction of this facility. Send to Administrative Review Board, P.O. Box 19277, Springfield, il. 62794-9277  L. W.M.S.C.O. LURL SCO An Marylling. A  Let - Low Mar
EMERGENCY REVIEW	
Date  Received: / / Is this determined to be of an emergency nature?  Chief Administrative Officer's Signature	Yes; expedite emergency grievance No; an emergency is not substantiated. Offender should submit this grievance in the normal manner.
Distribution: Master File; Offender Page 1	Vacc

Page 1

DOC 0046 (Rev. 3/2005)

Employee arievance U To have a registered dietition, knowledgeable and skilled in implementing proper nutrition into diobetes management here in S.C.C. D. To recieve a ADA Standard Recommended Diet referring to Fiber-Containing healthy foods such as (Fresh fruits, Fresh or Steamed beans and Starchy regetables and whole grains) To be served unrefined corbobydrates such as (breads) Other products made with whole wheat whole grains)

CXH, 1,6

## **MEMORANDUM**

Date:

May 19, 2008

To:

Grievance Office

From:

Joseph Ssenfuma RN Supervisor

Subject:

Medical Grievance for Lippert, Don B74054

The offender Lippert grievance on ADA diet, chart reviewed and grievance investigated.

According to the memo that Dr. Ghosh dated on 10/17/07, in reference to the Agency Medical Director, Stateville Correction center was giving a regular diet that was already low in cholesterol, fat, and concentrated carbohydrates. As such it is a therapeutic diet.

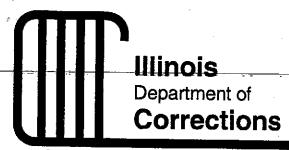
The only special diets we have are as following:

- 1.) Dental soft pureed diet, people with no teeth.
- 2.) Rend diet people with end stage renal disease
- 3.) Vegan (Hebrew diet (only after approval from chaplain).

I strongly believe offender Lippert diet is very appropriate for his medical condition we have not had any problems with other diabetic patients.

Received greened Construction C

EXH, 1c



Rod R. Blagojevich

Governor

Roger E. Walker Jr.

Director

1301 Concordia Court / P.O. Box 19277 / Springfield IL 62794-9277 / Telephone: (217) 558-2200 / TDD: (800) 526-0844

November 17, 2008

Don Lippert Register No. B74054 Stateville Correctional Center

Dear Mr. Lippert:

This is in response to your grievance received on July 14, 2008, regarding medical treatment (requests special diet due to diabetes), which was alleged to have occurred at Stateville Correctional Center. This office has determined the issue will be addressed without a formal hearing.

The Grievance Officer's report, 0848, and subsequent recommendation dated June 6, 2008 and approval by the Chief Administrative Officer on June 18, 2008 have been reviewed.

Based on a total review of all available information, it is the opinion of this office that the issue was appropriately addressed by the institutional administration. It is, therefore, recommended the grievance be denied.

FOR THE BOARD:

Melody J. Ford

Administrative Review Board

Office of Inmate Issues

CONCURRED:

Roger E. Walker Jr.

Director

10

cc: Warden Terry McCann, Stateville Correctional Center Don Lippert, Register No. B74054

EXH, 2

# Meal Plans for Diabetic Diets

				•	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Breakfast:	1800 cals	2200 cals	2500 cals	2800 cals	3000 cals*
Fruit	1	1	2	2	2
Bread	3	3	4	4-	4
Meat	- ()	1		1	1
Milk	1	1	1	11	1
Fat	SARRON ME	2	Land to the second to	2	3
Lunch:	1800 cals	2200 cals	2500 cals	2800 cals	3000 cais
Meat	3	3	3	3	3
Bread	2	4	4	4	4
Vegetable	1	1	2	2	2
Fruit	1	1	1	1	2
Milk	1	1	1	1	1
Fat	2	3	3	3%	4
					•
Dinner:	1800 cals	2200 cals	2400 cals	2800 cals	3000 cals
Meat	3	3	3	3	4
Bread	3	4	4		
Vegetable	and the state of t	2	2	Z	2
Fruit	1	1	2	2	2
Milk	0	0	0	0	0
Fat	3	3	3	3	4
HS snack	1800 cals	2200 cals	2500 cals	2800 cals	3000 cals
Meat	0	0		2	a.
Bread	2	2	2	2	3
Fruit	1	ı	1	i	2
Fat	٥	0	J.	2	a
1·				<u> </u>	

EXH.3

Case: 1:10-cv-04603 Document #: 1 Filed: 07/23/10 Page 18 of 19 PageID #:18



Rod R. Blagojevich

Roger E. Walker, Jr.

Stateville Correctional Center / P.O. Box 112 / Joliet, IL 60434 / Telephone: (815) 727-3607 TDD: (800) 526-0844

TO:

Lippert # 1374054

FROM:

Dr. Partha Ghosh, MD, Medical Director Carol Jushkewich, RD, LDN Dietitian

DATE:

2/18/05

SUBJ:

Diabetic Diet

Effective immediately, the diet used to treat diabetes will be a "Low Concentrated Sweets" or LCS Diet. Calorie controlled diets (1800 cal, 2500 cal, 2800 cal, etc.) will no longer be used. The LCS diet restricts concentrated sweets such as sugar, candy, honey, jelly, jam, syrup, pies, cakes, puddings and sweetened soft drinks, etc.

As a diabetic, it is important for you to eat a consistent amount of carbohydrate at each meal, while limiting your intake of sweets and sugar containing foods. If you are overweight, you should lose weight and focus on portion sizes. Overeating will increase your blood sugar levels. Engaging in physical exercise at least four or more times per week is recommended.

Cc:

Mary Garbs, RN AHCUA
Florence Trotta, RN, Director of Nurses
Jimmy Dominguez, Asst Warden of Programs
Alex Jones, Asst. Warden of Operations
Quenton Tanner, Food Supervisor

EXH. 4

	UN	ITED STATES DIST	TRICT COURT	
	NO.	RTHERN DISTRICT	OF ILLINOIS,	,
DO	N LIPPERT,	EASTERN DIV	SION	
Pla	aintiff,	}		
		í	Case No.	
	<b>V</b> ,	)		
PAI	RTHA GHOSH,M.D., et al.	)	·	
De	fendants.			•
	PROOF	CERTIFICATE	OF SERVICE	
-	Michael Dobbins,	•	•	
TO	U.S. DISTRICT CLERK	·	TO:	•
	PRISIONER CORRESPONDENC	 E		<del></del> -
	219 South Dearborn Stree			
	Chicago, IL. 60604			<del></del>
prop	erly addressed to the parties lice: 9- Civil Rights Com	isted above for mai		
				· .
				<del></del>
	uant to 28 USC 1746, 18 USC			
	ry, that I am a named party in			
	ments, and that the information vielege.	on contained therein	n is true and correct to	the best of my
DAT	E: <u>6/23/2010</u>	Sta	Don Suppe ME: Don Lippe C#: B-74054 Tevill Corrections BOX 112	al Center