UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA PENSACOLA DIVISION

IN RE: 3M COMBAT ARMS EARPLUG PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION	Case No. 3:19-md-2885	
This Document Relates to: Beal, Case No. 7:20-cv-00006	Judge M. Casey Rodgers Magistrate Judge Gary R. Jones	
VERDIO	CT FORM	
We, the jury, in the above entitled	d and numbered case, unanimously find as	
follows on Plaintiff James Beal's claims	and 3M's affirmative defense, based on the	
Court's instructions on the law and the e	vidence:	
I. Plaintiff's Claims:		
(1) Strict Liability—Design Defect		
ProvenNot Proven		
(2) Strict Liability—Failure to Warn and/or Instruct		
Proven Not Proven		
(3) Negligence—Design Defect		

Not Proven

Not Proven

Negligence—Failure to Warn and/or Instruct

(4)

Proven

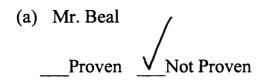
(5)	Fraudulent Misrepresentation /	
	<u>√</u> Proven	Not Proven
(6)	Fraudulent Concealment	
	Proven	Not Proven
(7)	Negligent Misrepresentation	
	<u>√</u> Proven	Not Proven

If you have found any claim proven—claims (1), (2), (3), (4), and (7) by a preponderance of the evidence and claims (5) and (6) by clear and convincing evidence—proceed to Section II (3M's Affirmative Defense). But if you found only claim (5) and/or (6) proven, you should skip Section II (3M's Affirmative Defense) and proceed to Section III (Compensatory Damages), then skip Section IV (Apportionment of Fault).

If you have not found any claim above proven, your deliberations are complete, and you should have the Foreperson sign and date the Verdict Form.

II. 3M's Affirmative Defense:

(1) Comparative Negligence: (strict liability and negligence claims only)



If you have found affirmative defense (1)(a) not proven by a preponderance of the evidence, you should proceed to Section III (Compensatory Damages), then skip Section IV (Apportionment of Fault).

If you have found affirmative defense (1)(a) proven by a preponderance of the evidence, you should proceed to Section III (Compensatory Damages), then complete Section IV (Apportionment of Fault). In determining Compensatory Damages in Section III, you should not make any reduction in the amount of damages you award based on the fault, if any, of Mr. Beal. The Court in entering judgment will take into account your allocation of fault among all persons or entities who you find contributed to Mr. Beal's damages.

III. Compensatory Damages:

If you have found in favor of Mr. Beal on any of his claims, state the total compensatory damages, if any, you find:

IV. Apportionment of Fault:

(strict liability and negligence claims only)

If you have found any of the persons or entities listed below was at fault and thereby caused or contributed to Mr. Beal's injuries, then it is necessary for you to determine the percentage of fault that should be apportioned to each. If you find no fault, then you should place a "0" by that name. Your allocation of fault must equal 100%.

3M	%
	•
Mr. Beal	%

If you awarded compensatory damages to Mr. Beal, you should consider his claim for punitive damages. If you did not award compensatory damages, your deliberations are complete, and the Foreperson should sign and date this Verdict Form.

V.	Punitive	Damages:

✓ Proven ___Not Proven

If you found punitive damages not proven, your deliberations are complete, and you should have the Foreperson sign and date the Verdict Form.

If you found punitive damages proven by clear and convincing evidence, please state the amount of punitive damages imposed:

Your deliberations are now complete, and you should have the Foreperson sign and date this Verdict Form.

SO SAY WE ALL, this 20th day of May, 2022.

Foreperson's Signature