IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA : Case No.:

v. : 40 U.S.C. §§ 5104(e)(2)(D), 5104(e)(2)(G)

THOMAS E. BLACKWOOD, SR.

Defendant.

STATEMENT OF OFFENSE

Pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 11, the United States of America, by and through its attorney, the United States Attorney for the District of Columbia, and the defendant, Thomas E. Blackwood, Sr., with the concurrence of the defendant's attorney, agree and stipulate to the below factual basis for the defendant's guilty plea—that is, if this case were to proceed to trial, the parties stipulate that the United States could prove the below facts beyond a reasonable doubt:

The Attack at the U.S. Capitol on January 6, 2021

- 1. The U.S. Capitol, which is located at First Street, SE, in Washington, D.C., is secured twenty-four hours a day by U.S. Capitol Police (USCP). Restrictions around the Capitol include permanent and temporary security barriers and posts manned by USCP. Only authorized people with appropriate identification are allowed access inside the Capitol.
- 2. On January 6, 2021, the exterior plaza of the Capitol was closed to members of the public. The grounds around the Capitol were posted and cordoned off, and the entire area as well as the Capitol building itself were restricted as that term is used in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1752 due to the fact that the Vice President and the immediate family of the Vice President, among others, would be visiting the Capitol complex that day.

- 3. On January 6, 2021, a joint session of the United States Congress convened at the Capitol. During the joint session, elected members of the United States House of Representatives and the United States Senate were meeting in separate chambers of the Capitol to certify the vote count of the Electoral College of the 2020 Presidential Election, which had taken place on Tuesday, November 3, 2020. The joint session began at approximately 1:00 p.m. Shortly thereafter, by approximately 1:30 p.m., the House and Senate adjourned to separate chambers to resolve a particular objection. Vice President Mike Pence was present and presiding, first in the joint session, and then in the Senate chamber.
- 4. As the proceedings continued in both the House and the Senate, and with Vice President Pence present and presiding over the Senate, a large crowd gathered outside the Capitol. Temporary and permanent barricades, as noted above, were in place around the exterior of the Capitol, and USCP officers were present and attempting to keep the crowd away from the Capitol and the proceedings underway inside.
- 5. At approximately 2:00 p.m., certain individuals in the crowd forced their way through, up, and over the barricades. Officers of the USCP were forced to retreat and the crowd advanced to the exterior façade of the building. Officers with the D.C. Metropolitan Police Department were called to assist officers of the USCP who were then engaged in the performance of their official duties. The crowd was not lawfully authorized to enter or remain in the building and, prior to entering the building, no members of the crowd submitted to security screenings or weapons checks as required by USCP officers or other authorized security officials.
- 6. At such time, the certification proceedings were still underway, and the exterior doors and windows of the Capitol were locked or otherwise secured. Members of the USCP attempted to maintain order and keep the crowd from entering the Capitol; however, shortly after

2:00 p.m., individuals in the crowd forced entry into the Capitol, including by breaking windows and by assaulting members of law enforcement, as others in the crowd encouraged and assisted those acts. The riot resulted in substantial damage to the Capitol, requiring the expenditure of more than \$2.9 million dollars for repairs.

7. Shortly thereafter, at approximately 2:20 p.m., members of the House of Representatives and of the Senate, including the President of the Senate, Vice President Pence, were instructed to—and did—evacuate the chambers. Accordingly, all proceedings of the United States Congress, including the joint session, were effectively suspended until shortly after 8:00 p.m. on January 6, 2021. In light of the dangerous circumstances caused by the unlawful entry to the Capitol—including the danger posed by individuals who had entered the Capitol without any security screening or weapons check—Congressional proceedings could not resume until after every unauthorized occupant had been removed from or left the Capitol, and USCP confirmed that the building was secured. The proceedings resumed at approximately 8:00 p.m. after the building had been secured. Vice President Pence remained in the Capitol from the time he was evacuated from the Senate Chamber until the session resumed.

The Defendant's Participation in the January 6, 2021, Capitol Riot

- 8. Blackwood and his friend N.B., charged elsewhere, spent the night in Washington, D.C. on January 5, 2021.
- 9. On January 6, 2021, Blackwood and N.B. attended the Trump Rally at the Ellipse, near the Washington Monument. After the rally, Blackwood and N.B. walked to the Capitol.



Image 1 - Blackwood (holding the flag) and N.B. walking away from the Washington Monument towards the Capitol

10. Once arrived at the Capitol grounds, Blackwood and N.B. walked up the stairs at the West Front.



Image 2 – Blackwood (circled in red) walking up the steps at the West Front

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cUuZecb4U8k&t=1133

Timecode: 18:55

²YouTube | The Allen Report (UC5NJlt5YSHA62ozQbD_fe8Q) | [youtube] Cop Vs The American People!!-70SspWNp4Bg.mp4 Cop Vs The American People!!

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=70SspWNp4Bg&t=5

Timecode 0:09

¹ YouTube | Dan Noakes (Bluebpage) | [youtube] 2021 01 6 March to Capitol 2X-cUuZecb4U8k.mkv 2021 01 6 March to Capitol 2X

11. They walked with thousands of rioters and through multiple downed barricades, towards the Capitol building.



Image 3 - Blackwood (circled in red) and N.B. (circled in yellow) standing on the West Terrace³

12. Instead of turning around and leaving the U.S. Capitol grounds, Blackwood and N.B. entered the U.S. Capitol building on January 6, 2021. Blackwood entered the Capitol building, knowing that Congress was in session and intending to impede, disrupt, or disturb the orderly conduct of a session of Congress or either House of Congress.

https://archive.org/download/Wezxg58PppWWwnGPF/Facebook_video_4951676291.mpeg4

³Video_4951676291540898.mp4 Archive.org Link

13. According to video surveillance footage from U.S. Capitol Police CCTV, Blackwood and N.B. first entered through the Parliamentarian Door (also known as the Senate Fire Door) at 2:55 p.m.:



Image 4 - View from the back of N.B., holding a flag, followed by Blackwood entering the U.S. Capitol building at 2:55 p.m.



Image 5 - View from the front of N.B. and Blackwood, holding a phone, entering the U.S. Capitol building at 2:55 p.m.

14. Blackwood and N.B. were stopped by police officers who blocked them from advancing further and required them to leave the building. Blackwood and N.B. turned around and walked out the same door, escorted by police officers, seven minutes later, at 3:02 p.m.:



Image 6 - Blackwood and N.B., holding the flag

- 15. Although Blackwood remembers entering the U.S. Capitol Building once, he has no specific recollection of entering the U.S. Capitol Building a second time. Third party and CCTV video footage reflect that an individual matching Blackwood's description entered the U.S. Capitol Building a second time with N.B
- 16. Specifically, an individual matching Blackwood's description and N.B. walked past fellow rioters who were climbing in through the window and re-entered the U.S. Capitol building at 3:10 p.m., this time through the Senate Wing Door with the fire alarm blaring:



Image 7 - An individual matching Blackwood's description (circled in red) and N.B. (circled in yellow) walking to the Senate Wing Door⁴



Image 8 - An individual matching Blackwood's description, with his phone, and N.B., with her flag, re-enter the U.S. Capitol building, while other protesters enter through the broken window

⁴Court Case Files | Anthony Puma (Anthony Michael Puma) | GEX 3 [11_GH040034].h264.mp4 https://archive.org/details/gex-3-11-gh-040034.h-264 Timecode: 3:30

17. After re-entering the U.S. Capitol building, an individual matching Blackwood's description and N.B. walked to, and then around, the Crypt for approximately 15 minutes:

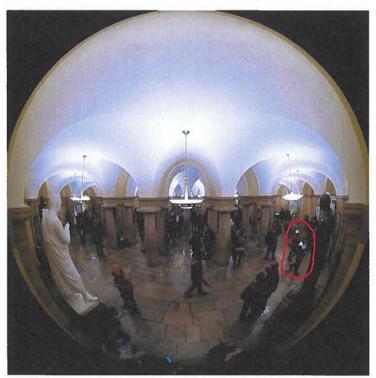


Image 9 - An individual matching Blackwood's description and N.B. in the Crypt

18. Approximately 30 minutes after they first entered, an individual matching Blackwood's description and N.B. walked back out through the Senate Wing Door at 3:25 p.m.:



Image 9 - N.B. and an individual matching Blackwood's description walking out of the Senate Wing Door at 3:25 p.m.

19. After leaving the building, an individual matching Blackwood's description and N.B. stood outside the Senate Wing Door:



Image 10 - An individual matching Blackwood's description and N.B. standing outside the Senate Wing Door⁵

⁵ YouTube | SCNRbot (UCqFdvJdTk5vDqyVS4hRHipg) | [youtube] 4K Footage of Trump Supporters Storm Capitol Building during January 6 Insurrection-8Vh8wPeo6Jk.mkv

- 20. Blackwood engaged in disorderly or disruptive conduct when he entered the U.S. Capitol building. Further, Blackwood paraded and demonstrated (meaning that he took part in a march, procession or public manifestation in support of some political object) while inside the U.S. Capitol building.
- 21. During the entire event, as described in this Statement of Offense, Blackwood was acting willfully and knowingly.

Elements of the Offenses

- 22. The parties agree that 40 U.S.C. § 5104(e)(2)(D) requires the following elements:
 - The defendant engaged in disorderly or disruptive conduct at any place in the Grounds or in any of the Capitol Buildings;
 - b. The defendant engaged in such actions with the intent to impede, disrupt, or disturb the orderly conduct of a session of Congress or either House of Congress, or the orderly conduct in that building of a hearing before, or any deliberations of, a committee of Congress or either House of Congress; and
 - c. The defendant acted willfully and knowingly.

Title 40, United States Code, Section 5101, defines "Capitol Buildings" as including "the United States Capitol."

- 23. The parties agree that 40 U.S.C. §5104(e)(2)(G) requires the following elements:
 - a. The defendant paraded, demonstrated, or picketed in any of the Capitol Buildings; and

⁴K Footage of Trump Supporters Storm Capitol Building during January 6 Insurrection https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8Vh8wPeo6Jk&t=1092 Timecode: 18:11

b. The defendant did so willfully and knowingly.

Defendant's Acknowledgments

24. The defendant knowingly and voluntarily admits to all the elements as set forth above.

Respectfully submitted,

MATTHEW M. GRAVES United States Attorney D.C. Bar No. 481052

By: /s/ Alexandra F. Foster
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DEFENDANT'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I, Thomas E. Blackwood, Sr, have read this Statement of the Offense and have discussed it with my attorney. I fully understand this Statement of the Offense. I agree and acknowledge by my signature that this Statement of the Offense is true and accurate. I do this voluntarily and of my own free will. No threats have been made to me nor am I under the influence of anything that could impede my ability to understand this Statement of the Offense fully.

Date:

THOMAS E. BLACKWOOD, SR.

Defendant

ATTORNEY'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I have read this Statement of the Offense and have reviewed it with my client fully. I concur in my client's desire to adopt this Statement of the Offense as true and accurate.

Date: 6/17/2A

MARK PEPER

Attorney for Defendant