

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

TRICIA LACOUNT,

Defendant.

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Case No.: 23-CR-00386

18 U.S.C. § 1752(a)(1)

STATEMENT OF OFFENSE

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11, the United States of America, by and through its attorney, the United States Attorney for the District of Columbia, and the defendant, Tricia LaCount, with the concurrence of her attorney, agree and stipulate to the below factual basis for the defendant's guilty plea—that is, if this case were to proceed to trial, the parties stipulate that the United States could prove the below facts beyond a reasonable doubt:

The Attack at the U.S. Capitol on January 6, 2021

1. The U.S. Capitol, which is located at First Street, SE, in Washington, D.C., is secured twenty-four hours a day by U.S. Capitol Police (USCP). Restrictions around the Capitol include permanent and temporary security barriers and posts manned by USCP. Only authorized people with appropriate identification are allowed access inside the Capitol.

2. On January 6, 2021, the exterior plaza of the Capitol was closed to members of the public.

3. On January 6, 2021, a joint session of the United States Congress convened at the Capitol. During the joint session, elected members of the United States House of Representatives and the United States Senate were meeting in separate chambers of the Capitol to certify the vote count of the Electoral College of the 2020 Presidential Election, which had taken place on Tuesday,

November 3, 2020. The joint session began at approximately 1:00 PM. Shortly thereafter, by approximately 1:30 PM, the House and Senate adjourned to separate chambers to resolve a particular objection. Vice President Mike Pence was present and presiding, first in the joint session, and then in the Senate chamber.

4. As the proceedings continued in both the House and the Senate, and with Vice President Pence present and presiding over the Senate, a large crowd gathered outside the Capitol. Temporary and permanent barricades, as noted above, were in place around the exterior of the Capitol, and USCP officers were present and attempting to keep the crowd away from the Capitol and the proceedings underway inside.

5. At approximately 2:00 PM, certain individuals in the crowd forced their way through, up, and over the barricades. Officers of the USCP were forced to retreat and the crowd advanced to the exterior façade of the building. Officers with the D.C. Metropolitan Police Department were called to assist officers of the USCP who were then engaged in the performance of their official duties. The crowd was not lawfully authorized to enter or remain in the building and, prior to entering the building, no members of the crowd submitted to security screenings or weapons checks as required by USCP officers or other authorized security officials.

6. At such time, the certification proceedings were still underway, and the exterior doors and windows of the Capitol were locked or otherwise secured. Members of the USCP attempted to maintain order and keep the crowd from entering the Capitol; however, shortly after 2:00 PM, individuals in the crowd forced entry into the Capitol, including by breaking windows and by assaulting members of law enforcement, as others in the crowd encouraged and assisted those acts. The riot resulted in substantial damage to the Capitol, requiring the expenditure of more than \$2.9 million dollars for repairs.

7. Shortly thereafter, at approximately 2:20 PM, members of the House of Representatives and of the Senate, including the President of the Senate, Vice President Pence, were instructed to—and did—evacuate the chambers. Accordingly, all proceedings of the United States Congress, including the joint session, were effectively suspended until shortly after 8:00 PM on January 6, 2021. In light of the dangerous circumstances caused by the unlawful entry to the Capitol—including the danger posed by individuals who had entered the Capitol without any security screening or weapons check—Congressional proceedings could not resume until after every unauthorized occupant had been removed from or left the Capitol, and USCP confirmed that the building was secured. The proceedings resumed at approximately 8:00 PM after the building had been secured. Vice President Pence remained in the Capitol from the time he was evacuated from the Senate Chamber until the session resumed.

Tricia LaCount's Participation in the January 6, 2021, Capitol Riot

8. The defendant, Tricia LaCount, traveled from Oklahoma to be present in Washington, D.C. on January 6, 2021.

9. The morning of January 6, 2021, LaCount wrote in a Facebook message, “It’s up to Pence/Congress to certify the election or not.” She continued, “I’m on my way down there now!”

10. At approximately 2:16 PM on January 6, 2021, LaCount entered the Capitol through the Senate Wing Door. When she entered, approximately three minutes after the initial breach of that door, she looked around the hallway where broken glass was on the floor from windows that had been smashed out by other rioters and a loud alarm was blaring. LaCount knew she did not have authority to enter the building. She knowingly and willfully paraded around the

building and marched through several hallways, as well as the Crypt, Statuary Hall, and Rotunda. LaCount also walked into Speaker of the House Nancy Pelosi's office.

11. LaCount exited the Capitol through the Rotunda doors at approximately 3:30 PM. In total, LaCount was inside the Capitol for approximately one hour and 14 minutes.

12. LaCount shared videos and messages on social media from inside the Capitol. In one conversation, LaCount received a message asking, "You got in the Capitol?!" LaCount responded, "Absolutely!" In the same conversation thread, LaCount stated "Pelosi's office is so gaudy . . . massive chandelier, beautiful fireplace . . . MSNBC live was on every laptop."

Elements of the Offense

13. The parties agree that Entering or Remaining in a Restricted Building or Grounds in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1752(a)(1) requires the following elements:

- a. First, the defendant entered or remained in a restricted building or grounds without lawful authority to do so; and
- b. Second, the defendant did so knowingly.

Defendant's Acknowledgments

14. Tricia LaCount knowingly and voluntarily admits to all the elements as set forth above. Specifically, the defendant admits that she entered or remained in a restricted building or grounds without lawful authority to do so. She knew the area was posted, cordoned off, or

otherwise restricted, and she knew she lacked lawful authority to be in the area. The defendant also admits that she acted knowingly.

Respectfully submitted,

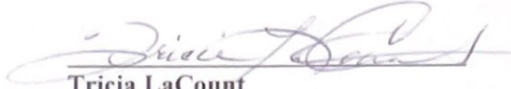
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DEFENDANT'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I, Tricia LaCount, have read this Statement of the Offense and have discussed it with my attorney. I fully understand this Statement of the Offense. I agree and acknowledge by my signature that this Statement of the Offense is true and accurate. I do this voluntarily and of my own free will. No threats have been made to me nor am I under the influence of anything that could impede my ability to understand this Statement of the Offense fully.

Date: 6-26-24


Tricia LaCount
Defendant

ATTORNEY'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I have read this Statement of the Offense and have reviewed it with my client fully. I concur in my client's desire to adopt this Statement of the Offense as true and accurate.

Date: 6/26/24


Stephen F. Brennwald
Attorney for Defendant