

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	:	
	:	
v.	:	Case No. 23-cr-96 (RDM)
	:	
JEREMY CHRISTIAN HARRISON,	:	40 U.S.C. §5104(e)(2)(G)
	:	
Defendant.	:	

STATEMENT OF OFFENSE

Pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 11, the United States of America, by and through its attorney, the United States Attorney for the District of Columbia, and the defendant, Jeremy Christian Harrison, with the concurrence of his attorney, agree and stipulate to the below factual basis for the defendant’s guilty plea—that is, if this case were to proceed to trial, the parties stipulate that the United States could prove the below facts beyond a reasonable doubt:

The Attack at the U.S. Capitol on January 6, 2021

1. The U.S. Capitol, which is located at First Street, SE, in Washington, D.C., is secured twenty-four hours a day by U.S. Capitol Police (USCP). Restrictions around the Capitol include permanent and temporary security barriers and posts manned by USCP. Only authorized people with appropriate identification are allowed access inside the Capitol.

2. On January 6, 2021, the exterior plaza of the Capitol was closed to members of the public.

3. On January 6, 2021, a joint session of the United States Congress convened at the Capitol, which is located at First Street, SE, in Washington, D.C. During the joint session, elected members of the United States House of Representatives and the United States Senate were meeting in separate chambers of the Capitol to certify the vote count of the Electoral College of the 2020 Presidential Election, which had taken place on Tuesday, November 3, 2020. The joint session

began at approximately 1:00 p.m. Shortly thereafter, by approximately 1:30 p.m., the House and Senate adjourned to separate chambers to resolve a particular objection. Vice President Mike Pence was present and presiding, first in the joint session, and then in the Senate chamber.

4. As the proceedings continued in both the House and the Senate, and with Vice President Pence present and presiding over the Senate, a large crowd gathered outside the Capitol. Temporary and permanent barricades, as noted above, were in place around the exterior of the Capitol, and USCP officers were present and attempting to keep the crowd away from the Capitol and the proceedings underway inside.

5. At approximately 2:00 p.m., certain individuals in the crowd forced their way through, up, and over the barricades. Officers of the USCP were forced to retreat and the crowd advanced to the exterior façade of the building. The crowd was not lawfully authorized to enter or remain in the building and, prior to entering the building, no members of the crowd submitted to security screenings or weapons checks as required by USCP officers or other authorized security officials.

6. At such time, the certification proceedings were still underway, and the exterior doors and windows of the Capitol were locked or otherwise secured. Members of the USCP attempted to maintain order and keep the crowd from entering the Capitol; however, shortly after 2:00 p.m., individuals in the crowd forced entry into the Capitol, including by breaking windows and by assaulting members of law enforcement, as others in the crowd encouraged and assisted those acts. The riot resulted in substantial damage to the Capitol, requiring the expenditure of more than \$2.7 million dollars for repairs.

7. Shortly thereafter, at approximately 2:20 p.m., members of the House of Representatives and of the Senate, including the President of the Senate, Vice President Pence,

were instructed to—and did—evacuate the chambers. Accordingly, all proceedings of the United States Congress, including the joint session, were effectively suspended until shortly after 8:00 p.m. on January 6, 2021. In light of the dangerous circumstances caused by the unlawful entry to the Capitol—including the danger posed by individuals who had entered the Capitol without any security screening or weapons check—Congressional proceedings could not resume until after every unauthorized occupant had been removed from or left the Capitol, and USCP confirmed that the building was secured. The proceedings resumed at approximately 8:00 p.m. after the building had been secured. Vice President Pence remained in the Capitol from the time he was evacuated from the Senate Chamber until the session resumed.

Harrison’s Participation in the January 6, 2021, Capitol Riot

8. The defendant, Jeremy Christian Harrison (Harrison), lives in Hernando, Florida. On January 5, 2021, Harrison and his wife drove to Washington, D.C., and met up with co-defendant, Brian Scott McGee (McGee). The purpose of Harrison’s trip to Washington, D.C., was to protest Congress’ certification of the Electoral College.

9. Prior to January 6, Harrison’s wife had developed a social media correspondence with McGee. The Harrisons and McGee made plans to attend the “Stop the Steal” rally in Washington, D.C., and Harrison’s wife reserved their hotel rooms in Crystal City, Virginia. On the morning of January 6, McGee and the Harrisons took a rideshare together from the hotel to the Ellipse to watch former President Trump’s speech.

10. Harrison and McGee entered the restricted area of the U.S. Capitol grounds in the early afternoon of January 6, 2021. Harrison’s wife decided not to enter. After the crowd breached entrances to the U.S. Capitol, Harrison and McGee made their way up the west side of the grounds

and entered the U.S. Capitol Building around 2:24 p.m., via the Senate Wing Door. Neither McGee nor Harrison had permission to enter the restricted area or the U.S. Capitol Building.

11. Harrison and McGee stayed in the U.S. Capitol Building for less than two minutes, and during that time remained near the entrance at the Senate Wing Door. Harrison and McGee exited through the Senate Wing Door in order to meet up with Harrison's wife, who was still outside.

Elements of the Offense

12. Harrison knowingly and voluntarily admits to all the elements of Parading, Demonstrating, or Picketing in any of the Capitol Buildings, in violation of 40 U.S.C. § 5104(e)(2)(G). Specifically, Harrison admits that he willfully and knowingly paraded inside the U.S. Capitol Building.

Respectfully submitted,

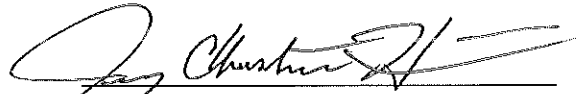
MATTHEW M. GRAVES
United States Attorney
D.C. Bar No. 481052

By: /s/ Melanie Krebs-Pilotti
Melanie Krebs-Pilotti
Trial Attorney
U.S. Department of Justice- Antitrust Div.
Detailed to the D.C. U.S. Attorney's Office
601 D St. N.W.
Washington, DC 20530
melanie.krebs-pilotti2@usdoj.gov
(202) 870-7457

DEFENDANT'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I, Jeremy Christian Harrison, have read this Statement of the Offense and have discussed it with my attorney. I fully understand this Statement of the Offense. I agree and acknowledge by my signature that this Statement of the Offense is true and accurate. I do this voluntarily and of my own free will. No threats have been made to me nor am I under the influence of anything that could impede my ability to understand this Statement of the Offense fully.

Date: 6-15-2023

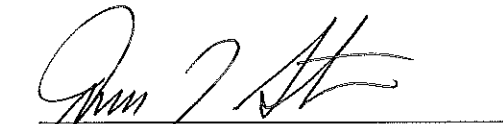


Jeremy Christian Harrison
Defendant

ATTORNEY'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I have read this Statement of the Offense and have reviewed it with my client fully. I concur in my client's desire to adopt this Statement of the Offense as true and accurate.

Date: 6/15/23



James Skúthan
Attorney for Defendant