UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

Case No. 1:21-cr-00582 (CRC)

MICHAEL A. SUSSMAN,

Defendant.

PRE-TRIAL ORDER

In order to administer the trial of the above-captioned criminal case in a manner that is fair and just to the parties and is consistent with the goal of completing the trial of this case in the most efficient manner, it is hereby

ORDERED that counsel shall comply with the following procedures and requirements:

1. TRIAL. Trial of this matter will commence with jury selection on May 16, 2022

at 9:00 a.m. in Courtroom 27A. The Court has reserved facilities for conducting voir dire and trial of this matter. However, the trial date is subject to change based on developments with respect to courtroom and juror availability due to the ongoing Covid-19 pandemic. <u>See In re:</u> <u>Speedy Trial Act Exclusions in Light of Current Circumstances Relating to the Covid-19</u> <u>Pandemic</u>, Standing Order 21-79 (BAH) (December 13, 2021) (extending Speedy Trial Act exclusions in pending criminal cases until February 18, 2022).

<u>PRE-TRIAL CONFERENCE</u>. A pre-trial conference will be held on May 9,
 2022 at 11:00 a.m. The Court will rule on all pending pre-trial motions and objections to proposed exhibits, to the extent possible, at the pre-trial conference, hearing argument as necessary.

3. <u>PRE-TRIAL MOTIONS AND PROCEEDINGS</u>: The Court adopts the following schedule for pre-trial proceedings, as described more fully below. The parties may not extend

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any deadline by stipulation. Any extension request shall be sought by motion indicating whether the request is by consent. The Court notes that many of these deadlines have been set based on other deadlines, as well as the Court's schedule. As result, the Court may not be able to accommodate significant changes to the schedule.

Date	Event
January 28, 2022	Production of all unclassified discovery (including all unclassified Brady material) by Special Counsel to the Defendant
February 11, 2022	Production of all classified discovery (including all classified Brady material) by Special Counsel to the Defendant
February 18, 2022	Defense pre-trial legal motions (including any motion(s) to dismiss the indictment) due
March 4, 2022	Special Counsel's opposition to defense pre-trial legal motion(s) due
March 11, 2022	Defense replies in support of pre-trial legal motion(s) due
March 11, 2022	Special Counsel CIPA Section 4 motion(s) due
March 18, 2022	Special Counsel's Fed. R. Evid. 404(b) notices due
March 18, 2022	Production of any remaining Jencks Act and <i>Giglio</i> material by the Special Counsel to Defendant.
March 25, 2022	Joint proposed jury questionnaire due
March 31, 2022	Hearing on defense legal motions and status conference
April 4, 2022	Motions <i>in limine</i> , objections to 404(b) notices, and motions relating to voir dire process due
April 4, 2022	Defense CIPA Section 5 notices due
April 15, 2022	Exchange of case-in-chief exhibits and exhibit lists by both parties
April 15, 2022	Production of trial witness list by the Special Counsel to the Defendant
April 15, 2022	Responses to motions in limine and 404(b) objections due
April 29, 2022	Production of trial witness list by the Defendant to the Special Counsel
May 5, 2022	Objections to case-in-chief exhibits due
May 9, 2022	Proposed jury instructions and verdict form due
May 9, 2022	Pre-trial conference and CIPA Section 6 hearing (if necessary)
May 10, 2022	Placeholder for further hearing (if necessary)
May 11, 2022	Administration of jury questionnaire
May 16, 2022	Jury selection

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4. <u>CLASSIFIED EVIDENCE</u>. The Court encourages the parties to work cooperatively to allow for the presentation of relevant, currently-classified evidence without need for litigation, including through agreements on the scope of relevant evidence, declassification, redaction, and presentation of unclassified stipulations and summaries. Any anticipated disputes regarding classified evidence in the case should be brought to the Court's attention at the earliest practicable juncture, notwithstanding the CIPA-related deadlines noted above.

5. <u>BRADY AND GIGLIO</u>. The Government is under a continuing and ongoing obligation to provide defense counsel any favorable or exculpatory information (<u>Brady</u>), whether or not admissible in evidence. <u>Brady</u> information must be disclosed on a rolling basis—"the duty to disclose is ongoing." <u>Pennsylvania v. Ritchie</u>, 480 U.S. 39, 60 (1987). To the extent it has not already done so, the Government must disclose information that may be useful for impeachment or may otherwise affect the credibility of any Government witness (<u>Giglio</u>)— including <u>Lewis</u> material—on or before **March 18, 2022**. See <u>United States v. Celis</u>, 608 F.3d 818, 835–36 (D.C. Cir. 2010). <u>Giglio</u> obligations are also ongoing.

6. <u>JURY QUESTIONNAIRE</u>. The parties shall submit a joint proposed jury questionnaire, and any additional questions that each side proposes to add to the joint questionnaire, and objections to the other side's proposed questions, by **March 25, 2022**. A sample questionnaire that the Court has used previously can be found in <u>United States v. Al</u> <u>Imam</u>, 17-cr-213 (CRC), ECF No. 131. The Court would not expect the questionnaire in this case to exceed the length of that questionnaire. The Court will administer the final questionnaire to the jury panel in the Ceremonial Courtroom on **May 11, 2022 at 10:00 a.m.** The parties may strike members of the panel by mutual consent based on their questionnaire responses. The

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Court will conduct individual voir dire of the remaining panel members beginning May 16, 2022 at 9:30 a.m.

7. <u>EXHIBIT LISTS</u>. The parties shall exchange lists of exhibits they intend to use in their cases-in-chief by **April 15, 2022**. The parties shall file objections to the admissibility of exhibits, to the extent practicable and to the extent not already raised via motions *in limine*, by **May 5, 2022**. All exhibits are to be marked in advance of trial and listed in order on the exhibit form obtained from Courtroom Deputy Clerk Lauren Jenkins. The written list of exhibits must contain a brief description of each exhibit. The Court will endeavor to resolve as many objections to individual or groups of exhibits as possible prior to trial in order to avoid sidebars and breaks during trial. At the commencement of trial, counsel shall furnish the Court with two sets of binders containing their exhibit lists and copies of their pre-marked exhibits.

8. <u>WITNESS LISTS</u>. The Government shall provide its list of witnesses to the defense (and to this Court) on or before **April 15, 2022**. In addition, **each Friday** during trial, the Government shall provide to the defense an anticipated "order of call" of witnesses for the following week and any additional Jencks Act material for those witnesses. It must also provide a list of witnesses the Government anticipates calling on a particular trial day **no less than 36 hours in advance (if not earlier)**. Defendants shall provide reverse Jencks material no later than the Friday before the witness is to testify. Counsel will not be absolutely bound by the witness lists or order of call in calling their witnesses because, on occasion, in good faith they must change an intended order of proof or find it necessary to call a witness out of turn. In some cases, security concerns may justify non-identification of witnesses by the Government until shortly before they are actually called. These situations, if any, shall be brought to the Court's attention *in camera* when the witness list excluding those names is provided to defense counsel.

9. <u>PROPOSED JURY INSTRUCTIONS</u>. Counsel shall file proposed jury instructions and a proposed verdict form, jointly to the extent possible, by **May 9, 2022**. For pattern jury instructions from the current version of the Redbook, it is sufficient simply to list the numbers of those instructions. Special instructions shall be submitted verbatim with citations to cases and other authorities to support each instruction. Proposed instructions shall be filed on ECF. In addition, a set of the instructions shall be emailed to Chambers (c/o Lauren_Jenkins@dcd.uscourts.gov) in MS Word form.

10. <u>JURY SELECTION</u>. The Court will summarize its jury-selection procedures at the pre-trial conference.

11. <u>TRIAL AND PUNCTUALITY</u>. Unless counsel are notified otherwise, the jury portion of the trial will be conducted each trial day from **9:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. and from 1:45 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. on Mondays through Thursdays in Courtroom 27A.** The Court will consider Friday trial dates as necessary. Unless otherwise instructed by the Court, counsel shall be present in the courtroom each morning **promptly at 9:00 a.m.** to address preliminary matters. Trial will convene promptly at the designated time on each trial day and the jury will not be kept waiting. Counsel shall be available in the courtroom at least five minutes before Court is scheduled to begin or resume after a recess.

11. <u>ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT</u>. Representatives of either side who intend to use electronic equipment during the course of this trial shall promptly meet with John Cramer, Courtroom Technology Administrator, of the Clerk's Office (202-354-3019), to arrange for the necessary equipment. Representatives of both sides shall meet with Mr. Cramer to become fully conversant with the procedures for use of the equipment in the courtroom.

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12. <u>RECORDINGS</u>. For any video or audio recordings to be used in this case, counsel for both sides shall resolve any dispute regarding any alleged inaccuracy in the transcripts and/or discrepancies between the transcripts and the recordings. If it proves impossible for counsel to resolve the dispute, they shall so advise the Court **at least three days before the recording is to be offered** so that the Court may resolve the dispute efficiently and avoid any delay to the parties, the jury, and the Court.

13. <u>GENERAL COURTROOM RULES</u>. The Court expects counsel to exercise civility at all times toward each other and toward everyone involved in the case or working with the Court.

- Unless leave is otherwise given, counsel shall interrogate witnesses and make opening statements and closing arguments from the lectern and shall speak into the microphone.
- b. Counsel shall obtain permission from the Court before approaching a witness.
- c. One counsel for the Government and one counsel for each Defendant shall be designated as lead counsel for each and every witness, for purposes of direct examination, cross-examination, redirect examination, and raising objections.
- d. The Court will strictly apply the rules on rebuttal evidence. <u>See Black's Law</u>
 Dictionary (9th ed. 2009) (defining "rebuttal evidence" as "[e]vidence offered to disprove or contradict the evidence presented by an opposing party").
- e. Counsel are reminded that the traditional rules regarding opening statements and closing arguments will be enforced by the Court.
- f. All statements by counsel should be directed to the Court and not to opposing counsel.

- g. Counsel are reminded that their own opinions regarding facts or issues in a case are irrelevant and should not be communicated to the jury (*e.g.*, "I think . . . , we believe . . .").
- h. Counsel are reminded to secure clearance from the Court before posing questions or engaging in procedures in the presence of the jury that carry a risk of undue prejudice, or that by law or customary procedures require judicial pre-approval.
- i. Unless otherwise permitted by the Court, counsel shall refer to all witnesses over the age of 18, including their clients, as "Mr." or "Ms." or by their official title (*e.g.*, "Captain" or "Dr."). The use of first names or nicknames is prohibited. All witnesses are to be addressed in a respectful and polite manner.

14. <u>DIRECT AND CROSS-EXAMINATION</u>. On direct and cross-examination of a witness, counsel shall not:

- Testify by improperly incorporating facts into their questions so as to put before the jury information that has not been received in evidence;
- Use an objection as an opportunity to argue or make a speech in the presence of the jury;
- c. Show the jury a document or anything else that has not yet been received in evidence without leave of the Court. If counsel is using electronic equipment to display documents to the jury and the Court, counsel shall make sure that the document has been admitted in evidence before it is shown to the jury; or
- d. Except in extraordinary circumstances, be permitted to recross-examine any witness.

15. <u>OBJECTIONS AND EVIDENTIARY MATTERS.</u> Any legal matters or evidentiary issues that arise during the course of the trial and have not been the subject of a motion in limine or pre-trial motion should be discussed between counsel no later than the night before the witness or exhibit is to be offered. If there is no resolution, the proponent of the objection or evidence shall email to Chambers and to opposing counsel that evening or, in any case, **no later than 7:00 a.m. the next morning**, in succinct terms, a statement of the evidentiary issue or objection and their position, with legal authority. The opposing party shall email by **no later than 8:00 a.m.** the contrary position with legal authority. The Court will discuss and rule during the time for preliminary matters each morning. In this way the jury will not be kept waiting while legal issues are discussed and resolved.

16. <u>OBJECTIONS AT TRIAL</u>. Bench conferences are discouraged.¹ Counsel who make objections during trial must state the legal basis for their objections without elaboration or argument (unless invited)—e.g., "objection, hearsay," "objection, lack of foundation." The Court will generally rule on the objection without additional discussion except in the most critical areas. For purposes of "protecting the record" and assisting appellate review, counsel may explain or amplify their objections on the record after the jury has been excused for a break, for lunch, or for the day.

17. <u>WAIVER OF BENCH CONFERENCES</u>. Counsel may arrange with the Courtroom Deputy Clerk, Lauren Jenkins, to permit Defendants to listen to bench conferences through a headset. They will not be permitted at the bench.

¹ Counsel may seek to convene a bench conference if counsel is about to engage in a line of inquiry on direct or cross-examination that reasonably necessitates preclearance, e.g., potentially inflammatory areas of interrogation.

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18. <u>RULE ON WITNESSES</u>. Except for the parties or their authorized representatives permitted under Rule 615 of the Federal Rules of Evidence and any expert witnesses, all witnesses shall remain outside the courtroom except while actually testifying. Unless permission for a witness to remain in the courtroom is expressly sought and granted, the rule on witnesses is always in effect, even during voir dire and opening statements. Counsel shall instruct witnesses not to discuss their testimony with others after they leave the stand. Except for a Defendant-witness (because of Sixth Amendment implications), counsel calling a witness to testify, and counsel's agents, should have no further discussions with that witness concerning any aspect of the testimony already given or anticipated until such time as the witness has completed his or her testimony. As to a Defendant-witness, counsel and their agents are directed to the D.C. Circuit's opinion in <u>United States v. McLaughlin</u>, 164 F.3d 1, 4–7 (D.C. Cir. 1998). At all other times, within the bounds of governing ethics rules and the law, counsel may pursue their discussions with witnesses during the trial.

19. <u>WITNESSES ON CALL</u>. Once the trial begins, witnesses shall be put on call at the peril of the calling party. The trial will not be recessed because a witness on call is unavailable, except in extraordinary circumstances. The Court will endeavor to accommodate out-of-town and expert witnesses if counsel alerts the Court. The party calling a witness shall arrange for that witness's presence until cross-examination is completed, including the following trial day if need be. The failure to have a witness present for cross-examination following direct examination is grounds to strike the witness's testimony.

20. <u>PRESENCE OF COUNSEL</u>. Once court is in session, lead counsel shall not leave the courtroom without the Court's express permission. Failure of counsel to be present and on time may result in sanctions.

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21. <u>SUA SPONTE JURY INSTRUCTIONS</u>. Any necessary *sua sponte* jury instructions shall be written out by counsel requesting them and shall be given to the Court in a form in which the Court might read the instructions to the jury. Failure to do so shall be deemed a waiver of any such request. In the event that the instructions are given, it shall be counsel's responsibility to remind the Court of the necessity for inclusion of any *sua sponte* instructions in its final charge by **4:00 p.m. on the day** *before* **the date on which** the final charge is to be given by the Court to the jury.

22. <u>VERBAL OR FACIAL CONTACT WITH THE JURY</u>. Counsel, Defendants, and law-enforcement personnel shall not make any verbal comments, facial expression, laughter or other contact with the jury that could be interpreted as conveying a comment one way or the other with respect to any testimony, argument, or event that may occur during trial. Nor shall any such persons offer gratuitous comments or asides about witnesses' testimony or opposing counsel.

23. <u>CLOSING ARGUMENTS AND INSTRUCTIONS</u>. The courtroom will be locked during jury instructions and no one will be permitted to enter or leave. In making closing arguments, counsel shall be limited by the evidence presented during trial and are reminded of the prohibition against appealing to the jurors' prejudices. Moreover, during closing argument and throughout the trial, counsel shall not:

- a. Comment adversely on the failure of Defendants to testify on their own behalf;
- b. Make statements of personal belief to the jury;
- c. Make personal attacks on other counsel in the case;
- d. Appeal to the self-interest of the jurors; or
- e. Make potentially inflammatory racial, ethnic, political, or religious comments.

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With regard to both opening statements and closing arguments, counsel are admonished not to make statements or arguments that will engender objections. The Court will intervene *sua sponte* and not wait for objections if it detects a failure to adhere to basic legal principles and standards of civility. Failure to abide by these rules may result in sanctions.

SO ORDERED.

DATE: December 14, 2021

CHRISTOPHER R. COOPER United States District Judge