IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

US DOMINION, INC., et al.,

Plaintiffs,

No. 1:21-cv-02130-CJN

v.

HERRING NETWORKS, INC., et al.,

Judge Carl J. Nichols

Defendants.

AMENDED COUNTERCLAIM/THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT

Herring Networks, Inc., d/b/a One America News Network ("Herring"), Charles Herring, Robert Herring, and Chanel Rion (collectively, "Counterclaim Plaintiffs"), by and through their undersigned attorneys, bring this amended action against plaintiffs/counterclaim defendants US Dominion, Inc., Dominion Voting Systems, Inc., and Dominion Voting Systems Corporation (collectively, "Counterclaim Defendants"); counterclaim defendant Staple Street Capital LLC ("Staple Street"); and third-party defendants AT&T Services, Inc. ("AT&T Services"), and AT&T, Inc. Board Chairman and Staple Street Operating Executive Board Member William Kennard ("Kennard") (collectively, "Third-Party Defendants"), alleging counts against some or all of them for tortious interference and contractual indemnity. In support of their Counterclaim/Third-Party Complaint, Counterclaim Plaintiffs state as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. Counterclaim Defendants appear to have hit upon a business model for the "Dominion" brand that has nothing to do with voting machines, software, or technology. Financed by Staple Street and directed by Kennard, Counterclaim Defendants have retooled themselves as professional litigants.

- 2. Less than three years after the election, Counterclaim Defendants have already been able to parlay allegations of defamation into a \$787.5 million settlement with Fox News Network ("Fox") (approximately 15 times what Staple Street paid for a controlling stake in Counterclaim Defendants in 2018), and politically-like-minded admirers now routinely speak highly of Dominion voting machines, software, and technology without questioning or investigating how (or if) the technology works as it should.
- 3. Counterclaim Defendants have managed to position themselves as purported crusaders for democracy while generating a financial windfall from Fox through litigation and distracting the public from the well-documented history of very real problems with Dominion voting machines, software, and technology. It's a clever trick Counterclaim Defendants have turned core political speech earnestly criticizing them into a valuable return on investment for Staple Street.
- 4. *CBS News* recognized that Staple Street is the "biggest financial winner" in Counterclaim Defendants' settlement with Fox. *See* **Exhibit A**. As *CBS News* reported, "A former Staple Street employee foresaw the possibility of windfall emerging from Dominion's litigation against Fox, according to court filings. In December 2020, the person sent a Staple Street executive a text reading, 'Would be pretty unreal if you guys [make] like 20 [times] your Dominion investment with these lawsuits." *Id*.
- 5. As part of their effort to artificially boost their reputation and fatten their bottom line, Counterclaim Defendants have sought to destroy anyone who stood in their way, including Herring. Herring's claims seek to redress the unchecked influence and power that Counterclaim Defendants, Staple Street, and Third-Party Defendants have wielded in an attempt to unlawfully destroy an independent, family-run business and torch First Amendment freedoms.

- 6. Family-owned and operated Herring manages two television networks: One America News Network ("OAN") and A Wealth of Entertainment, or "AWE." For several years, Herring and AT&T Inc. ("AT&T") had enjoyed a profitable, mutually beneficial business relationship through which AT&T (through AT&T Services and DIRECTV, LLC ("DIRECTV")) carried OAN and AWE and was paid generous commissions via selling advertising on OAN and AWE.
- 7. As a result of the contractual carriage and advertising arrangements, AT&T, AT&T Services, and DIRECTV profited handsomely, and Herring thrived by growing OAN into one of the most popular cable channels offered on DIRECTV's platform.
- 8. But OAN's coverage of the 2020 presidential election upset Counterclaim Defendants, Staple Street, and one of their "founding investors," Kennard.
- 9. Kennard proceeded to put his unlawful personal, political, and financial interests ahead of the interests of AT&T and orchestrated pressure on AT&T, AT&T Services, and DIRECTV to violate their contractual duties to Herring and terminate carriage of OAN and AWE.
- 10. The unlawful actions of AT&T, AT&T Services, Kennard, and DIRECTV in removing OAN and AWE from the airwaves are currently being litigated in the Superior Court of San Diego County, California in *Herring Networks, Inc. v. AT&T, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 37-2022-00008623-CU-BC-CTL (the "San Diego Litigation").
- 11. In contrast to and distinct from the San Diego Litigation which involves numerous different parties and different claims the Counterclaim asserted here focuses on the unlawful efforts of Counterclaim Defendants to interfere with Herring's business relationships, contracts, and reasonable business expectancies through Counterclaim Defendants' unlawful influence and the unlawful influence of Staple Street and Kennard.

- 12. Also in contrast to and distinct from the San Diego Litigation, the Counterclaim seeks to hold Staple Street liable for tortious interference with Herring's business relationships and reasonable business expectancies, and the Third-Party Complaint seeks to hold AT&T Services and Kennard liable for their contractual indemnity obligations to Herring.
- 13. Counterclaim Defendants, together with Staple Street and Third-Party Defendants, have flouted the First Amendment in acting unlawfully to try to destroy an independent family business based on Counterclaim Defendants' and Third-Party Defendants' viewpoint discrimination, political power, selfish profit motives, backroom handshake shenanigans, and improper manipulation of governmental influence. In fact, Herring is confident discovery will further reveal that one or more Dominion entities or Dominion-affiliated entities (including via Dominion Voting Systems Vice President of Government Affairs Kay Stimson) used governmental entities to unlawfully censor speech. Counterclaim Defendants coordinated out of the public eye with the Mis-, Dis-, and Malinformation ("MDM") team at the U.S. Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency ("CISA") (among others) to attack speech that one or more Dominion entities found troubling for selfish business reasons. This was part and parcel of Counterclaim Defendants', Staple Street's, and Third-Party Defendants' efforts to unlawfully interfere with, disparage, and destroy viewpoints politically and financially detrimental to them, including those expressed via Herring.
- 14. Moreover, Kennard's involvement in the filing of this lawsuit against Herring is, in and of itself, a violation of the non-disparagement provision of the relevant Affiliation Agreement.
- 15. These wrongdoings are inextricably intertwined with a larger, coordinated, well-financed scheme to build up the "Dominion" brand and weaponize it as a profit-making litigation

machine while taking down Herring (among others) and unlawfully destroying its ability to operate in the media business.

THE PARTIES

- 16. Herring is a California corporation with its principal place of business in San Diego, California. It thus is a California citizen for purposes of diversity of citizenship. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1332(c)(1).
- 17. Robert Herring is CEO of Herring and a California citizen for purposes of diversity jurisdiction.
- 18. Charles Herring is President of Herring and a California citizen for purposes of diversity jurisdiction.
- 19. Rion is an OAN reporter and Chief White House Correspondent and a Maryland citizen for purposes of diversity jurisdiction.
- 20. US Dominion, Inc. is a for-profit Delaware with its principal place of business in Denver, Colorado. It thus is a Delaware and Colorado citizen for purposes of diversity of citizenship. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1332(c)(1). It is majority-owned by private equity firm Staple Street, whose principal place of business is in New York, New York.
- 21. Dominion Voting Systems, Inc. is a for-profit Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Denver, Colorado. It thus is a Delaware and Colorado citizen for purposes of diversity of citizenship. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1332(c)(1). It is a wholly owned subsidiary of US Dominion, Inc.
- 22. Dominion Voting Systems Corporation is a for-profit Ontario corporation with its principal place of business in Toronto, Ontario. It thus is a citizen of Canada for purposes of

diversity of citizenship. See 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a)(3), (c)(1). It is a wholly owned subsidiary of US Dominion, Inc.

- 23. AT&T Services is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Dallas, Texas. It thus is a Delaware and Texas citizen for purposes of diversity of citizenship. AT&T is the parent company of AT&T Services.
- 24. Staple Street is a Delaware limited liability company. Counterclaim Plaintiffs have thoroughly investigated Staple Street's membership but have been unable to confirm with certainty the identity of the members of the company. On information and belief, Stephen D. Owens, who is a citizen of New York, and Hootan Yaghoobzadeh, who is a citizen of New York, are the members of Staple Street. Thus, it is likely a citizen of New York for purposes of diversity of citizenship. Staple Street is the majority owner of US Dominion, Inc., which in turn is the sole owner of Dominion Voting Systems, Inc. and Dominion Voting Systems Corporation.¹
- 25. Kennard is a resident, domiciliary, and citizen of South Carolina for purposes of diversity of citizenship. Kennard is the Chairman of the Board of Directors of AT&T. Kennard also is a founding investor of Staple Street and serves as an Operating Executive Board member.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

26. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332 because the parties are of diverse citizenship and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000 exclusive of interest and costs.

¹ During the meet-and-confer process, Staple Street suggested that the appropriate corporate defendants may be Staple Street Capital II LP and Staple Street Capital II-A LP. But Staple Street did not respond to Counterclaim Plaintiffs' request for sufficient information to plead the identity of those parties. Accordingly, Counterclaim Plaintiffs have pled Staple Street's corporate form based on the information currently available to them and reserve the right to further amend if needed.

- 27. This Court can exercise specific personal jurisdiction over Counterclaim Defendants because they caused tortious injury in this District by an act or omission outside this District, harming Counterclaim Plaintiffs' reputations and business prospects in this District, where Herring has a news bureau and the Court has held (but Counterclaim Plaintiffs dispute in part and reserve the right to raise on appeal) that Counterclaim Plaintiffs have sufficient contacts for jurisdiction in this case. *See* D.C. Code § 13-432(a)(4). Counterclaim Defendants also have engaged in a persistent course of conduct in this District by filing this and other lawsuits in the District related to the 2020 U.S. election. Thus, Counterclaim Defendants have personally availed themselves of jurisdiction in this Court.
- 28. This Court can exercise specific personal jurisdiction over AT&T Services because it caused tortious injury in this District by an act or omission outside this District, harming Counterclaim Plaintiffs' reputations and business prospects in this District, where Herring has a news bureau, and the Court has held (but Counterclaim Plaintiffs dispute in part) that Counterclaim Plaintiffs have sufficient contacts for jurisdiction. *See* DC Code § 13-432(a)(4). Moreover, AT&T Services regularly does and solicits business in this District.
- 29. This Court can exercise specific personal jurisdiction over Staple Street because it caused tortious injury in this District by an act or omission outside this District, harming Counterclaim Plaintiffs' reputations and business prospects in this District, where Herring has a news bureau and the Court has held (but Counterclaim Plaintiffs dispute in part) that Counterclaim Plaintiffs have sufficient contacts for jurisdiction. *See* DC Code § 13-432(a)(4).
- 30. This Court can exercise specific personal jurisdiction over Kennard because he possesses real property in the District of Columbia. *See* DC Code § 13-432(a)(5); *see also* Decl. of William Kennard in Support of Mot. to Quash, *Herring Networks, Inc. v. AT&T, Inc.*, Case No.

37-2022-00008623-CU-BC-CTL, ¶ 11 (Cal. Super. Ct. Apr. 6, 2022) ("I primarily conduct my duties for AT&T Inc. from one of my two residences — in South Carolina and Washington, D.C."). Moreover, Kennard has caused tortious injury in this District by an act or omission outside this District, harming Counterclaim Plaintiffs' reputations and business prospects in this District, where Herring has a news bureau and the Court has held (but Counterclaim Plaintiffs dispute in part) that Counterclaim Plaintiffs have sufficient contacts for jurisdiction. *See* D.C. Code § 13-432(a)(4).

31. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because the Court has personal jurisdiction over all parties and a substantial part of the events giving rise to the counterclaims and third-party claims occurred in this District.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

A. Herring's business

- 32. Herring is an independent media company headquartered in San Diego, California. CEO Robert Herring, Sr. ("Robert") started the company in 2003 with his sons, Charles Herring ("Charles") and Robert Herring, Jr. ("Bobby"). Charles is the President of Herring, and Bobby is the General Manager.
- 33. OAN, launched on July 4, 2013, is a news channel that delivers timely national and international news 24 hours a day throughout the United States. It features political analysis programming, political talk shows, and special documentary-style reports. OAN provides more live news than any other network. As of the third quarter of 2021 (the last time this data was made available to Herring), AT&T's own data showed that OAN was a top-performing network, ranked 24th (excluding broadcast networks) out of over 300 channels, putting OAN in the top 10 percent of channels offered via DIRECTV. OAN outperformed CNBC, Fox Business, CNN Headline

News, and Newsmax, as well as popular entertainment channels such as Paramount Network, Comedy Central, and Animal Planet. Additionally, OAN's extensive live programming lineup, which preserves the linear experience for viewers, is an ideal genre moving forward to compete with streaming services that don't offer live programming experiences.

34. AWE is a lifestyle and entertainment channel, which Herring launched in 2004. AWE airs a wide range of programming, including travel-related series, automotive shows, international news, documentaries, and live championship boxing. AWE has demonstrated excellent performance since its inception. It is distributed domestically on dozens of cable systems; it has received regional Emmy awards and nominations for its productions; its live championship boxing programming has received multiple recognitions; and as of Q3 2021 (the last time this data was made available to Herring), AWE performed in the top 35 percent of the channel lineup according to AT&T's own data.

B. <u>AT&T helped launch OAN</u>.

35. AT&T is the largest combined telecommunications and entertainment company in the world. It provides mobile telecommunications, broadband, and Internet subscription services throughout the United States and Latin America. Between 2018 and April 2022, AT&T also ran a significant media business through its WarnerMedia division and owned and operated several networks, including CNN and HBO. Herring and AT&T had been in business together since 2006, when AT&T began distributing AWE on its "U-Verse" network. Through its then-WarnerMedia subsidiary, AT&T managed one of the world's largest TV and film studios and delivered streaming services through the HBO Max platform. WarnerMedia also offered a significant portfolio of advertising solutions through Basic Networks, which sold advertising on WarnerMedia's networks and digital properties and through another wholly owned AT&T subsidiary called Xandr, Inc.

- ("Xandr") (which provides marketers with advanced advertising solutions). As of the close of the 12-month period ending September 30, 2022, AT&T reported \$155.65 billion in revenue.
- 36. DIRECTV is the country's largest paid satellite TV provider. AT&T acquired DIRECTV in 2015. With a 70 percent ownership interest in DIRECTV, AT&T remains the majority owner of DIRECTV.
 - 37. AT&T Services is another wholly owned subsidiary of AT&T.
- 38. In 2013, at the urging of AT&T, which wanted to compete with Fox News Network with an alternative conservative-leaning network, Herring launched OAN. AT&T Services and OAN entered into a Network Affiliation Agreement on April 10, 2014. AT&T was planning to take an equity stake in Herring to ensure that OAN gained carriage on DIRECTV (pursuant to a put-right agreement between AT&T and DIRECTV). The plan was terminated as AT&T began targeting DIRECTV for a possible acquisition.
- 39. AT&T announced its plan to acquire DIRECTV shortly thereafter and enlisted Herring's help to ensure that the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") approved the acquisition. Herring obliged by, among other things, hiring lobbyists, meeting with FCC officials, and signing filings in support of the acquisition that were ghostwritten by AT&T. In exchange, AT&T promised to air OAN and AWE on U-Verse and DIRECTV.
- 40. But when the FCC approved AT&T's acquisition of DIRECTV and the acquisition completed in July of 2015, AT&T and DIRECTV did not hold up their end of the bargain, forcing Herring to file suit.
- 41. AT&T Services, DIRECTV, and Herring subsequently entered into an Affiliation Agreement on March 9, 2017 ("Affiliation Agreement"), which is attached as **Exhibit B**.

42. Upon information and belief, AT&T Services later fully assigned the Affiliation Agreement to DIRECTV, but Herring does not possess any assignment agreement. If the Affiliation Agreement was in fact assigned to DIRECTV, AT&T Services either took the position that DIRECTV is an Affiliated Company as defined by the Affiliation Agreement (in which case, the corporate family at issue remains the same) or AT&T Services assigned the agreement without Herring's consent in violation of Section 12.² See Exh. B.

C. Affiliation Agreement

- 43. The Affiliation Agreement expanded the business relationship between AT&T and Herring and further extended the business relationship between DIRECTV and Herring. The Affiliation Agreement demonstrates AT&T's desire for OAN to compete with Fox News Network, providing that OAN's programming was "designed to have broad appeal with special interest to viewers interested in independent and conservative political thought."
 - 44. The term of the Affiliation Agreement is five years.
- 45. The opening paragraph of the Affiliation Agreement establishes the parties to the agreement:

AGREEMENT, made as of March 9, 2017 (the "Effective Date"), by and among Herring Networks, Inc., a California corporation ("Programmer"), on the one hand and DIRECTV, LLC, a California limited liability company ("DIRECTV") and AT&T Services, Inc., a Delaware corporation, *on behalf of itself and its Affiliated Companies* other than AT&T, Inc., which is not a party to this Agreement, on the other hand ("AT&T" and collectively with DIRECTV, "Affiliate" and together with Programmer, each a "Party" and collectively the "Parties")). "Affiliated Company(ies)" means, with respect to any person or entity, *any other person* or entity *directly or indirectly controlling*, controlled by or under common control

² Regardless, "under California law, after assigning a contract, the assignor remains responsible for any obligation imposed by the contract absent consent from the party entitled to its benefit. In other words, without a release, a third party may assume the obligations, i.e. agree to perform, but the assignor continues to be liable to the other party to the contract in the event of a default on the part of the assignee." *Cuscinetti v. Beaver Precision Prod.*, 1996 WL 743801, *6 (N.D. Cal. Dec. 23, 1996).

(i.e., the power to direct affairs by reason of ownership of voting stock, by contract or otherwise) with such person or entity." (Emphasis added).

- 46. Kennard certainly falls within the definition of a "Party" via the broad definition of an "Affiliate Company" he is a "person" who "directly controls" AT&T Services, Inc. (i.e., has the "power to direct affairs") by virtue of his role as the board chair for parent company AT&T, which is the 100 percent owner of AT&T Services, and by virtue of actions he has taken to influence the relevant actions of AT&T Services with respect to the Affiliation Agreement.
- 47. The remainder of the agreement (taken as a whole) is consistent with this interpretation because the Affiliation Agreement repeatedly reflects a desire to extend the provisions of the contract beyond the signatories.
- 48. Section 8.1 extends indemnity protection to all of "Affiliate's contractors, subcontractors and authorized distributors and agents, and the members, directors, officers, employees and agents of Affiliate, such Affiliated Companies and such contractors, subcontractors and distributors and agents."
- 49. Section 16 extends the confidentiality and non-disparagement obligations to "Affiliate and its Affiliated Companies and all of their current, then-current and former members of the Board of Directors, officers, representatives, agents, employees, attorneys, parent companies, subsidiaries, insurers, partners, predecessors, contractors, successors and assigns."
- 50. Section 19 states that "[n]either Party may interfere with, and each Party shall take reasonable steps to prevent its officers and employees from interfering with, the other Party's and such other Party's Affiliated Companies' (and/or the Programmer Related Parties' or the AT&T Related Parties', as applicable) relations with its or their customers, third-party vendors, or government or community relations."

- 51. Section 25.2 extends the mutual release to "Affiliate, the AT&T Related Parties, and their respective Representatives, or any of them, and all of their respective past, present and future parent entities, direct or indirect subsidiaries, affiliates, divisions, facilities, operators, partners, members, representatives, principals, officers, directors, shareholders, agents, employees, insurers, independent contractors, heirs, trusts, beneficiaries, successors-in-interest, assigns and attorneys."
- 52. All of these provisions clearly show that the parties did not envision that the rights and responsibilities in the Affiliation Agreement would be narrowly limited to the signatories.
- 53. Moreover, the facts demonstrate that Kennard, as the board chairman for AT&T, sets the agenda for and directly formulates AT&T's and its subsidiaries' strategic policy, has an outsized role in directing its management's actions in significant matters, and has sufficient power to direct the affairs of AT&T Services to be considered within the definition of a party under the Affiliation Agreement.
- 54.
- 55. After execution of the Affiliation Agreement, OAN grew substantially, benefiting AT&T, AT&T Services, and DIRECTV. As of 2021, a substantial amount of OAN's revenue came from the Affiliation Agreement.

D. <u>Violations of the Affiliation Agreement by AT&T Services.</u>

56. From April 2020 through mid-2021, AT&T Services' Representatives³ openly disparaged OAN through CNN and HBO, which AT&T at the time owned via its WarnerMedia division.

57. While DIRECTV was still 100 percent owned by AT&T, AT&T Services began breaching the non-disparagement provisions in the Affiliation Agreement through CNN, which competes with OAN. On January 10, 2021, during CNN's *Reliable Sources* program, CNN chief media correspondent Brian Stelter (now terminated) interviewed CNN media reporter Oliver Darcy, who stated, "You have corporations and people that are profiting off of lies and conspiracy theories, whether that is big tech, whether that's Fox News, whether that's TV providers that beam OAN and Newsmax into homes." Stelter responded, "Right. This is a poisoned informational well. That is the big story here."

58. On January 17, 2021, CNN's Stelter continued promoting disparagement of OAN by inviting former Facebook Chief Security Officer Alex Stamos on his *Reliable Sources* program. During the program, Stamos advocated eliminating the capability of conservative programs such as OAN from reaching large audiences. Stamos stated, "And then we're going to have to figure out the OANN and Newsmax problem, that these companies have freedom of speech, but I'm not sure we need Verizon, AT&T, Comcast, and such to be bringing them into tens of millions of homes. . . . Allowing people to seek out information if they really want to, but not pushing it into their faces, I think, is where we're going to have to do here." CNN's Stelter thanked Stamos for his comments.

³ The Affiliation Agreement defines "Representatives" as "any individual or entity over which a Party or an AT&T Related Party . . . exercises influence."

- 59. On January 22, 2021, Bloomberg News Canada published an article quoting CNN's Darcy and CNN analyst Max Boot. In the article, Darcy implied that conservative channels contributed to the deeply unfortunate events of January 6, 2021 at the U.S. Capitol. In that same article, Boot wrote that "cable providers should 'step in and kick Fox News off.' If Newsmax and rival One America News Network 'continue to incite viewers, they, too, should be booted off,' [CNN analyst Boot] added."
- 60. Throughout 2021, CNN steadily released a drumbeat of similar reports and commentary that falsely accused OAN of contributing to the events of January 6, 2021 and engaging in "disinformation" campaigns.
- 61. AT&T Services also breached the non-disparagement provisions in the Affiliation Agreement on April 5, 2020, when HBO's *Last Week Tonight with John Oliver* dedicated an entire segment to OAN. Host John Oliver made the following comments about OAN during the segment:
 - "The whole selling point for OAN is that they are Fox News with even less shame and even fewer scruples."
 - "And I know that it is easy to dismiss OAN as just a stupid, little watched, borderline self-parody. The problem is if we're learning one thing right now it's that toxic things that start small can get big fast and it's dangerous to ignore them."
 - "OAN's weird combination of far right-wing talking points and dirt stupid reporting is incredibly dangerous at a time like this."
 - "It is more important than ever to be on the lookout for OAN's bullshit and to make sure no one that you know is falling for it either."
- 62. Oliver doubled down in his October 10, 2021 episode, referring to OAN as a "ragtag band of fascists" and stating that "with [AT&T's] help, OAN has grown into the toxic

network that is today — one that's happy to give a platform to batshit election fraud theories from America's most out-of-breath pillow fetishist."

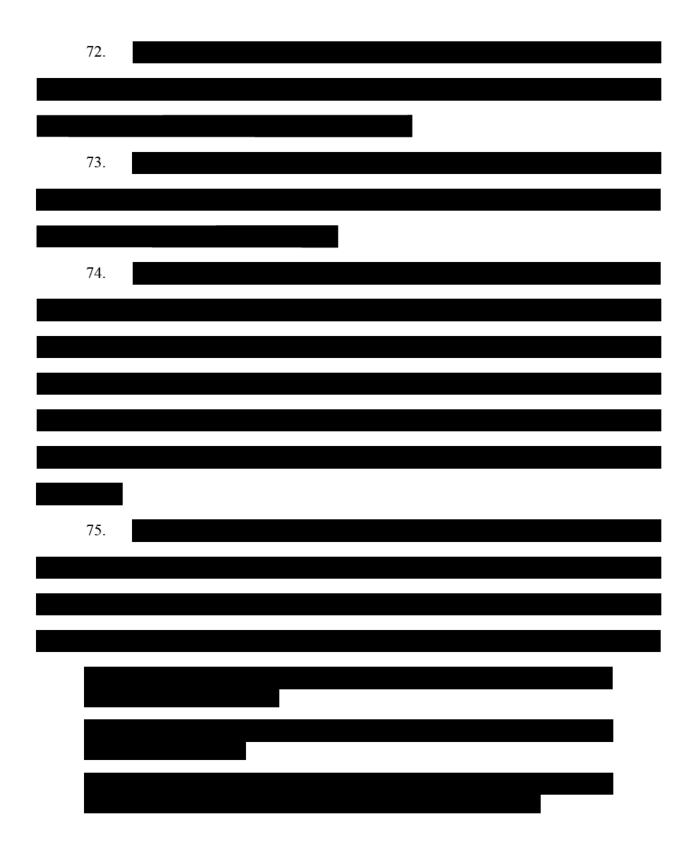
- 63. Around that same time, CNN also doubled down on its disparagement attack on OAN. For example, on October 6, 2021, CNN anchor Don Lemon (now terminated) stated that OAN is "corrosive to our democracy" and CNN media reporter Oliver Darcy referred to OAN as a "far right-wing conspiracy channel" that "promotes all sorts of nonsense." The next day when appearing on CNN's *New Day*, Stelter called OAN "conspiracy laden" and accused OAN of putting "some of the worst of the worst content out there." He went even further to state that "there's a difference between real news and conspiracy crap. . . [OAN] goes on the air and lies to people who for some reason want the lies."
- 64. Additionally, when speaking with Darcy and Reuters reporter John Shiffman on an October 7, 2021 episode of *The Lead with Jake Tapper*, Tapper referred to OAN as "the ultra-farright cable network that's a major source of lies masquerading as facts."
- 65. Most recently, AT&T took aim at OAN in its 2023 Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders and Proxy Statement, claiming without provocation that "OAN's news anchors have been tied to white supremacist movements and have actively supported claims that the 2020 presidential election was stolen." *See* Exhibit D.
- 66. These are mere examples of the ways in which AT&T Services has breached the non-disparagement provision in the Affiliation Agreement.

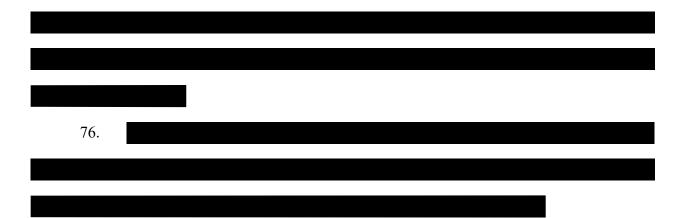
E. Violations of the Affiliation Agreement by Kennard

67.	Kennard also	has repeated	ly violated th	e Affiliation	Agreement.
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77. In all of the actions set forth in Paragraphs 67-77, Kennard plainly took an active interest and role in addressing and dealing with AT&T and DIRECTV's relationship with Herring.

F. The links between Counterclaim Defendants and AT&T

- 78. Kennard serves as a member of the Operating Executive Board of Directors of Staple Street, which is the majority owner of US Dominion, Inc.
- 79. But Kennard is not just a board member according to a public biography, he also is a "founding investor" in Staple Street, deeply and personally invested in its financial success.⁴

80.

81. Kennard was appointed as Chairman of AT&T's Board on November 6, 2020 — three days after the 2020 U.S. presidential election. Around this same time, Staple Street's Web site underwent a full transformation, and all information about Staple Street's investment in Dominion and Kennard's role as a member of Staple Street's Operating Executive Board of Directors vanished.

⁴ See https://law.yale.edu/studying-law-yale/alumni-student-profiles/william-kennard-81 (last visited May 5, 2023)

- 82. In addition to being Chairman of the Board of AT&T, Kennard also sits on AT&T's Public Policy and Corporate Reputation Committee, which has "the authority to review AT&T's management of its brands to ensure that the value and reputation of the Company's brand names is maintained and enhanced."
- 83. Kennard, who is a registered Democrat, has deep ties to the Democratic Party, having been appointed in 1997 as Chairman of the FCC by President Bill Clinton and in 2009 as the U.S. Ambassador to the European Union by President Barack Obama.
- 84. Kennard has personally donated nearly \$90,000 to a combination of Barack Obama, the Democratic National Committee, the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee, and the Democratic Senatorial Campaign Committee and bundled more than half a million dollars in donations to the Obama campaign.
- 85. When Staple Street acquired US Dominion, Inc. in 2018, it announced that "[w]e are excited to partner with [Dominion CEO John Poulos] and the Dominion Voting team as they embark on their next phase of growth. . . ." Like any private equity company, Staple Street's goal in acquiring US Dominion, Inc. as a portfolio company was presumably to make the company as profitable as possible so Staple Street could in turn sell it for a profit.
- 86. On October 8, 2020, Staple Street's Form D Notice of Exempt Offering of Securities filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission disclosed that Staple Street had raised \$400 million from unknown investors in an unusual "one and done" deal. This additional capital raise suggests that Staple Street continues to invest in US Dominion, Inc.'s success.
- 87. Dominion similarly is profiting handsomely from Staple Street's investment. In addition to the \$787.5 million received from Fox, public filings from that litigation reveal that in

October 2021, Staple Street caused Dominion to distribute \$8 million to shareholders and that as of April 2022, Dominion was on pace to exceed \$110 million in revenue in 2022.⁵

- 88. Kennard's role as Chairman of AT&T's Board gives Kennard significant influence over AT&T, its subsidiaries, and the companies it owns majority stakes in. Indeed, according to the publicly filed bylaws of AT&T, "the Chairman of the Board . . . shall have authority to vote and otherwise act on behalf of the corporation . . . at any meeting of stockholders, or with respect to any action of stockholders of any other corporation in which this corporation may hold securities, and otherwise to exercise any and all rights and powers that this corporation may possess by reason of its ownership of securities in any other corporation."
- 89. Despite these significant connections and the potential for conflicts of interest, AT&T and Kennard have made this information difficult for investors to discover. For example, the recent AT&T proxy statement contains a bio for Kennard that omits any reference to Staple Street. *See* Exh. D, p. 4.
- 90. Likewise, AT&T's most recent and other prior proxy statements repeatedly highlighted that Kennard is the "independent" Chairman of the Board of Directors of AT&T. Yet, AT&T's proxy statements have not disclosed that (i) Kennard indirectly owns an interest in one or more of Counterclaim Defendants, (ii) Kennard serves on the Operating Executive Board of Staple Street, and (iii) Kennard was personally involved in the decision not to renew OAN, to the financial detriment of AT&T's stockholders.

⁵ US Dominion, Inc. v. Fox Corporation, N21C-11-082 (Superior Court of Delaware, Feb. 16, 2023 Fox News Network Br. in support of its Rule 56 Mot. for Summ. J. at 153.)

91. Additionally, AT&T *declined* to include in its proxy statement a proposal from the National Center for Public Policy Research that would have highlighted these conflicts. The proposed language stated:

The Company's fiduciary duty to its shareholders demands that decisions as to which networks and programming to carry should not be the result of activist pressure or any reason other than the pecuniary interest of the Company. Making decisions on the basis of viewpoint discrimination harms the Company's bottom line by reducing diversity of programing and the Company's attraction to a wide array of audiences, while placing the Company at great reputational, financial, and legislative and related risk.

See Exhibit M.

G. <u>Counterclaim Defendants sued Herring for defamation, seeking more than \$1.6</u> billion in damages in an attempt to destroy Herring and silence OAN.

- 92. According to Counterclaim Defendants, OAN's coverage of President Trump's newsworthy allegations that the integrity of the 2020 presidential election was compromised, including allegations that Counterclaim Defendants' voting machines were unreliable and unsecure, harmed their reputations.
- 93. Counterclaim Defendants began pursuing a public relations strategy to burnish Counterclaim Defendants' public image in early 2021 by unleashing a torrent of defamation lawsuits against multiple Trump campaign surrogates and media outlets including Fox, Newsmax, Rudy Giuliani, Sidney Powell, Patrick Byrne, and Michael Lindell.
- 94. As an Operating Executive Board member of US Dominion, Inc.'s majority owner, Staple Street, Kennard is invested in helping to make the Dominion entities succeed and become as profitable as possible. This includes ensuring that the Dominion entities silence their opponents such as Herring, which featured critics of the Counterclaim Defendants in the marketplace of ideas.
- 95. In addition to being an Operating Executive Board member of Staple Street, Kennard also is a direct investor in one or more Counterclaim Defendants.

- 96. Kennard is an agent of both Staple Street and Counterclaim Defendants.
- 97. At some point in or before August 2021, Counterclaim Defendants, through Staple Street and Kennard, determined that the destruction of Herring would be beneficial to their political and business interests.
- 98. Accordingly, on August 10, 2021, Counterclaim Defendants, under the direction of Staple Street and Kennard, filed this lawsuit against Herring, Robert Herring, Charles Herring, Rion, and then-Herring employee Christina Bobb. Counterclaim Defendants allege that Herring and the other defendants defamed Counterclaim Defendants in connection with OAN's coverage of the 2020 presidential election and seek at least **\$1.6 billion** in damages against Herring.
- 99. In public interviews, Poulos claimed that it is "[o]ne hundred percent correct" that Counterclaim Defendants will not accept a settlement in their defamation litigation and that they intend to take all of their cases to trial.⁶ Lo and behold, Counterclaim Defendants were willing to settle at least one case (i.e. the one against Fox) before opening statements even occurred for nearly \$1 billion.
- 100. One way to hasten Herring's destruction was by cutting off Herring's ability to earn revenue to help fund speech, including speech critical of Counterclaim Defendants, and Herring's litigation defense by pressuring carriers to take OAN off the air.

H. <u>Liberal organizations pressured AT&T to "drop" OAN.</u>

101. The prime opportunity for Counterclaim Defendants, through Staple Street and Kennard, to put pressure on AT&T to ensure that DIRECTV ceased carrying OAN arose in the fall of 2021.

⁶ Dominion Voting Systems Sues Ex-Trump Lawyer Over False Claims, NPR (Jan. 12, 2021, 5:06 AM), https://www.npr.org/2021/01/12/955938741/dominion-voting-systems-sues-ex-trump-lawyer-over-false-claims (last visited May 5, 2023).

- 102. On October 6, 2021, Reuters published an article titled "How AT&T helped build far-right One America News."
- 103. In response to that article, AT&T released the following statement, providing confidential information on how the Affiliation Agreement came to be (and implying that AT&T carried OAN only because OAN had forced AT&T's hand by suing AT&T in 2016):

AT&T has never had a financial interest in OAN's success and does not 'fund' OAN. When AT&T acquired DIRECTV, we refused to carry OAN on that platform, and OAN sued DIRECTV as a result. Four years ago, DIRECTV reached a commercial carriage agreement with OAN, as it has with hundreds of other channels and as OAN has done with the other TV providers that carry its programming. DIRECTV offers a wide variety of programming, including many news channels that offer a variety of viewpoints, but it does not dictate or control programming on the channels. Any suggestion otherwise is wrong. The decision of whether to renew the carriage agreement upon its expiration will be up to DIRECTV, which is now a separate company outside of AT&T.

- 104. Immediately upon release of the Reuters article, liberal organizations began publicly criticizing AT&T for its relationship with OAN.
- 105. On October 6, 2021, NAACP President Derrick Johnson issued a public statement condemning AT&T for supporting OAN. In that statement, the NAACP accused AT&T of causing

"irreparable damage to our democracy," stating that it was "sickened by these revelations." The NAACP's statement was picked up and published throughout the media.⁸

106. Media Matters of America ("Media Matters"), a politically left-wing organization founded by a prominent political operative within the Democratic Party, began a public Twitter campaign criticizing OAN and AT&T. On October 6, 2021, Media Matters President Angelo Carusone tweeted, "I want to just put a few things out there about OANN and ATT/DirecTV . . . on how absurd and odious this deal is. ATT has been paying OANN. . . . The amount of revenue they give OANN every month is massive. But it's worse than that." Carusone went on to take AT&T to task for "propping up" OAN.

107. Media Matters then published articles critical of AT&T's relationship with OAN. One such article published October 8, 2021, titled "Fact-checking AT&T's defense of single-handedly funding OAN," criticized AT&T, stating "AT&T is having a bad day after the first part of a bombshell Reuters exposé uncovered the company's extensive involvement in helping to create and fund the far-right conspiracy theory outlet One America News Network."

⁷ Press Statement, NAACP, NAACP President and CEO, Derrick Johnson, Released the Following Statement Following the Revelation that AT&T Backs One America News (OAN) (Oct. 6, 2021), https://naacp.org/articles/naacp-president-and-ceo-derrick-johnson-released-following-statement-following-revelation (last visited May 5, 2023).

⁸ See, e.g., Dominick Mastrangelo, NAACP President blasts AT&T after report linking company to One America News, THE HILL (Oct. 6, 2021, 2:51 PM), https://thehill.com/homenews/media/575604-naacp-president-blasts-att-after-report-linking-company-to-one-america-news/ (last visited May 5, 2023).

⁹ Angelo Carusone (@GoAngelo), TWITTER (Oct. 6, 2021, 4:07 PM), https://twitter.com/GoAngelo/status/1445858337673781249, available at https://tinyurl.com/MMtweet5 (last visited May 5, 2023).

- 108. On October 7, 2021, Ultraviolet, a women's advocacy group, joined the fray, calling on AT&T CEO John Stankey to either resign or immediately sever ties with OAN and fire Ed Gillespie, the former Chairman of the Republican National Committee who had joined AT&T as its senior vice president of external and legislative affairs. Ultraviolet also criticized AT&T for donating to Texas Republican lawmakers who facilitated the passage of recent legislation relating to abortions.
 - 109. Other left-leaning publications and organizations followed suit. 11
- 110. Kennard acting as an agent in the financial interests of Staple Street and Counterclaim Defendants saw this as an opportunity to weaken Herring and decided to offer up OAN as a sacrificial lamb to the NAACP and other groups, while Kennard and/or AT&T's representatives convinced Herring that there was no reason to be concerned.
- 111. AT&T agreed to meet with the NAACP shortly after the Reuters article was published. On information and belief, AT&T executives first met with the NAACP during the week of October 11, 2021 to address OAN.
- 112. On October 20, 2021, the NAACP issued a press release stating that NAACP President Derrick Johnson would be meeting with AT&T leadership the next day, on October 21,

¹⁰ Press Release, UltraViolet, UltraViolet Says AT&T CEO John Stankey Should End Company's Relationship With Radical Right-Wing Media Outlet OAN, Stop Donations to Anti-Choice Politicians—or Step Down (Oct. 7, 2021, 2:50 PM), https://www.commondreams.org/newswire/2021/10/07/ultraviolet-says-att-ceo-john-stankey-should-end-companys-relationship-radical (last visited May 5, 2023).

¹¹ Charlie Cray, How AT&T Funds Right Wing Extremism and Six More Scary Things You Need to Know About the Company, GREENPEACE (Oct. 26, 2021), https://www.greenpeace.org/usa/how-att-funds-right-wing-extremism-and-six-more-scary-things-you-need-to-know-about-the-company/; November 8, 2021 letter to AT&T and DIRECTV at 1, available at https://tinyurl.com/oannletter (last visited May 5, 2023) (emphasis in original).

in Washington, D.C.¹² The release further stated, "The meeting will focus on the need for AT&T to drop OAN immediately."

- 113. At least one more meeting with the NAACP related to the carriage of OAN occurred during the week of October 25, 2021.
- those meetings, the NAACP demanded that AT&T de-platform OAN from DIRECTV and AT&T U-Verse, which are both products directly owned by DIRECTV, not AT&T. In other words, while AT&T publicly claimed on the one hand that it was not affiliated with DIRECTV and did not participate in programming decisions made by DIRECTV, AT&T took meetings with organizations such as the NAACP suggesting that AT&T in fact had the authority and ability to influence DIRECTV's programming decisions (which makes sense because AT&T is a majority owner of and controls the board of DIRECTV). And the chairman of AT&T's board was Kennard, whose personal fortunes are inextricably tied to Staple Street and Counterclaim Defendants.
- 115. Kennard's dual roles with AT&T and Staple Street created a conflict of interest for him in anything having to do with AT&T's or DIRECTV's relationship with Herring because US Dominion, Inc., owned largely by Staple Street, is suing Herring for \$1.6 billion.
- 116. At least one journalist seemed to understand the conflict of interest facing Kennard *New York Times* reporter Ken Vogel contacted Counterclaim Defendants on October 18, 2021, asking about Kennard's "affiliations on both sides of this legal dispute."
- 117. As AT&T and DIRECTV faced this criticism and mounting pressure to remove OAN from the airwaves, Kennard's and/or AT&T's representatives were in direct contact with

¹² See Joseph Choi, *NAACP*, *AT&T to meet to discuss OANN*, THE HILL (Oct. 20, 2021, 5:42 PM), https://thehill.com/homenews/media/577669-naacp-att-to-meet-to-discuss-oann (last visited May 5, 2023).

Charles Herring and Robert Herring, lying to them by claiming that there was no reason to be concerned and continuing with business as usual, leading Herring to believe that carriage would continue on DIRECTV.

118. If Herring had known the true motives of AT&T — driven by Kennard's desire to bolster Staple Street and Counterclaim Defendants and destroy Herring — it would have taken action much sooner to protect its interests and ensure that carriage continued.

I. AT&T publicly announced that DIRECTV would "drop" OAN and AWE.

- 119. Given AT&T's sole ownership of AT&T Services and AT&T's majority ownership in DIRECTV, it is obvious that AT&T through Kennard induced DIRECTV to discontinue its relationship with Herring without legally adequate justification.
- 120. On Friday, January 14, 2022, OAN President Charles Herring spoke with DIRECTV Senior Vice President of Content Rob Thun ("Thun"). Throughout much of Herring's relationship with AT&T, Thun has been Herring's primary contact with AT&T and DIRECTV. During that call, Thun informed Charles that DIRECTV decided not to renew the Affiliation Agreement. Thun informed Charles that the decision was made *at the board level* and was "political," implying that outside forces, such as AT&T and/or Kennard (given his agency role with US Dominion, Inc.'s owner, Staple Street), had influenced the decision. Indeed, Charles later learned that AT&T's CEO, John Stankey, knew at least two days before that OAN would not be renewed. The news stunned Herring.
- 121. That same day, Bloomberg News released an article titled "DirecTV to Drop One America News in Blow to Conservative Channel." DIRECTV provided confidential information

¹³ See Gerry Smith, DirecTV to Drop One America News in Blow to Conservative Channel, BLOOMBERG (Jan. 14, 2022, 5:44 PM), https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2022-01-14/directv-to-drop-one-america-news-in-blow-to-conservative-channel (last visited May 5, 2023).

regarding the parties' discussions on the non-renewal of the Affiliation Agreement to Bloomberg News, writing via email that it had "informed Herring Networks that, following a routine internal review, we do not plan to enter into a new contract when our current agreement expires." Multiple news outlets such as *The Wall Street Journal, The New York Times* and *The Washington Post* picked up the article, and DIRECTV has since provided similar statements to other media outlets.

- 122. The pre-announcement by DIRECTV to not renew OAN more than 75 days in advance is atypical in the industry. There is no question that AT&T's strategy, overseen by Kennard, was intended to harm OAN. By making the gratuitous announcement that breached the Affiliation Agreement, AT&T signaled to the public that something was wrong, hurting OAN's business and standing in the news media business.
- 123. The gratuitous announcement by DIRECTV also constituted a breach of the confidentiality provision in the Affiliation Agreement, a breach that DIRECTV has *admitted* in its answer in the San Diego Litigation. *See* Exhibit N.
- 124. Concerns about OAN's viability directly sparked by DIRECTV's aggressive, well-in-advance notification approach, have significantly harmed OAN.
- 125. Counterclaim Defendants' goal of destroying OAN which is the stated goal of this litigation was clearly served by the decision not to renew OAN, as was the unusual public notice of that decision.
- 126. Limited jurisdictional discovery in the San Diego Litigation has already revealed that Kennard *directly* disparaged Herring.
- 127. Herring is confident that discovery will further demonstrate that Kennard, working as an agent for both Staple Street and Counterclaim Defendants, was directly involved in DIRECTV's decision to non-renew OAN and that Kennard has personal, political, and financial

interests in the destruction of OAN that are inconsistent with his fiduciary obligations to AT&T shareholders.

- 128. The attacks on carriage of OAN and Counterclaim Defendants' stated goal of silencing the network are inextricably intertwined with the allegations Counterclaim Defendants have made in their Complaint. The Complaint by the Dominion entities is not a typical defamation case, seeking reasonable damages to remedy reputational harm. It is a scorched-earth effort by the Dominion entities (under the direction of Staple Street and Kennard) to use defamation law to silence critics and eliminate differing opinions, something that should be of concern to Americans across the political spectrum, while attempting to achieve a personal astronomical return on investment.
- 129. Counterclaim Defendants' focus on muzzling OAN and similar voices while laughing all the way to the bank is apparent from the Counterclaim Defendants' discovery efforts in *US Dominion, Inc. v. Fox Corporation*, N21C-11-082 (Superior Court of Delaware), where Counterclaim Defendants issued subpoenas to Altice USA Inc., Verizon Communications Inc., and Comcast Corp. seeking carriage information and related agreements, including discussions *related to OAN* (which is not a party in that case).
- 130. Counterclaim Defendants are not satisfied with trying to extract a pound of flesh—they are clearly focused on trying to use their lawsuits and their disparagement of conservative voices to punish dissenting speech and drive it from the marketplace of ideas in an improper and tortious fashion.
- 131. Indeed, Counterclaim Defendants, through the efforts of Kennard and Staple Street, have already largely achieved that goal with respect to carriage of OAN on DIRECTV and other carriers.

- 132. Notably, while this is to the benefit of Counterclaim Defendants, Staple Street, and Kennard, it is not in the best interests of AT&T and its shareholders.
- 133. The harm to shareholders is not hypothetical on January 13, 2022, the day before DIRECTV announced that it was dropping OAN and AWE, AT&T stock was trading at \$22.06 per share. By April 6, 2022, the day after carriage of OAN and AWE ended, the price of AT&T stock had dropped to \$17.41 per share (a 21 percent drop representing an overall loss in market value of more than \$20 billion).
- 134. On information and belief, tens of thousands of subscribers left DIRECTV and AT&T after the carriage announcement.
- 135. AT&T stock experienced a similar loss in value after DIRECTV announced it was dropping Newsmax in January 2023.
- 136. Notably, prominent figures in Washington, D.C., including former FCC commissioner nominee Gigi Sohn and dozens of Republican lawmakers, have called for investigations into the de-platforming of OAN and Newsmax.
- 137. The de-platforming efforts have not been limited to satellite carriers political adversaries are also going after advertising dollars. A series published in the *Washington Examiner* in February 2023 revealed that advertising company Xandr was being provided with a "disinformation blacklist" by a British organization known as the Global Disinformation Index that identified OAN and other conservative outlets as among the "ten riskiest" outlets targeted for blacklisting by advertisers.
- 138. Xandr's use of this list prevented certain companies, including OAN, from advertising because their sites were unfairly marked as "false/misleading."

- 139. It is notable that around the time that this series of articles was published, Xandr attempted to prematurely terminate its contract with OAN.
- 140. Although Xandr is now owned by Microsoft, it was owned by AT&T until mid-2022, and it is easy to see how the same forces working to boost Counterclaim Defendants to the detriment of Herring from within AT&T likely utilized Xandr's "blacklist" to further undermine Herring.

H. <u>AT&T's accusations of defamation, followed by silence, confirm Kennard's involvement.</u>

- anchor Dan Ball reported on January 17, 2022, that Kennard pressured DIRECTV to drop OAN and not renew the Affiliation Agreement. Herring CEO Robert Herring also gave a statement on January 20, 2022, in which he concluded that Kennard and the AT&T Board directed DIRECTV to remove OAN from DIRECTV's channel lineup. On January 21, 2022, AT&T's counsel sent a letter to Robert Herring and Ball accusing them of defaming AT&T and Kennard by suggesting that AT&T and Kennard pressured DIRECTV to drop OAN from its channel lineup. In that letter, AT&T's counsel demanded that OAN issue a retraction. *See* Exhibit O.
- 142. That demand for retraction invoked the Texas Defamation Mitigation Act ("DMA"), Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code §§ 73.051-73.062. The DMA states, in relevant part:

A person who has been requested to make a correction, clarification, or retraction may ask the person making the request to provide reasonably available information regarding the falsity of the allegedly defamatory statement not later than the 30th day after the date the person receives the request. Any information requested under this section must be provided by the person seeking the correction, clarification, or retraction not later than the 30th day after the date the person receives the request.

DMA § 73.056(a).

143. The DMA further states, in relevant part:

If a correction, clarification, or retraction is not made, a person who, without good cause, fails to disclose the information requested under Subsection (a) may not recover exemplary damages, unless the publication was made with actual malice.

DMA § 73.056(b).

- 144. On February 2, 2022, Herring sent AT&T a letter responding to AT&T's accusations, noting that OAN's assertions that AT&T and Kennard were involved in DIRECTV's decision were not defamatory. *See* Exhibit P.
- 145. Among other reasons, Herring's letter stated that the statements were true or substantially true because AT&T owns 70 percent of DIRECTV and it is likely irrefutable that Kennard, Chairman of the Board and a member of AT&T's Public Policy and Reputation Committee, provided input on how to respond to the demands to drop OAN.
- 146. Herring also demanded, pursuant to the DMA, that AT&T produce information relating to AT&T's retraction demand, including but not limited to (i) communications relating to demands or complaints to AT&T about OAN, including requests that AT&T and/or DIRECTV drop OAN from carriage via DIRECTV; (ii) internal and external communications by Kennard about OAN; (iii) information and communications relating to Kennard's relationship with Staple Street; (iv) internal and external communications about reporting by OAN regarding DIRECTV's non-renewal, AT&T's ownership interest in or control of DIRECTV, Kennard's role in non-renewal of OAN, and the AT&T Board of Directors' role in the non-renewal of OAN; and (v) Kennard's human resources file. Under the DMA, AT&T was required to provide this information to Herring no later than March 2, 2022.
- 147. Despite the statutory deadline of March 2, 2022, under the DMA a statute first invoked by AT&T in its letter AT&T has neither responded to Herring's letter nor produced any of the information requested as of filing this Third-Party Complaint. Given AT&T's obvious

familiarity with the DMA and the implications of failing to respond by the deadline, AT&T's lack of response shows that AT&T actually has no evidence of falsity as to Dan Ball's and Robert Herring's statements.

- 148. Thus, Ball and Robert Herring were right that AT&T and Kennard, at minimum, were involved in the decision not to renew the Affiliation Agreement.
- 149. Kennard was motivated to use his role and position of influence at AT&T to induce DIRECTV not to continue its carriage of OAN, to the benefit of Kennard, Staple Street, and Counterclaim Defendants and to the detriment of OAN as well as the detriment of AT&T, which no longer receives advertising revenue from OAN.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Tortious Interference With Business Relationship/Contract Herring Networks, Inc. v. Counterclaim Defendants

- 150. Herring incorporates Paragraphs 1-55, 78-149 by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 151. Until April 2022, Herring had a mutually beneficial and mutually profitable relationship with DIRECTV and AT&T related to the carriage of OAN and AWE, including through the Affiliation Agreement.
- 152. Counterclaim Defendants were certainly aware of this relationship in addition to the fact that it is widely known to the public that OAN and AWE were carried on DIRECTV, Counterclaim Defendants had knowledge through their agent Kennard.
- 153. Moreover, the business relationship and related contract between AT&T and OAN were widely reported in October 2021 and became a source of significant public discussion and controversy.

- 154. Counterclaim Defendants, through the actions of their agent Kennard (which were violations of his fiduciary obligations to AT&T), sought to further their goal of destroying Herring by pressuring AT&T and DIRECTV to ensure non-renewal of OAN, breaching the disparagement and confidentiality provisions of the Affiliation Agreement in the process.
- 155. As a result of the pressure imposed by Counterclaim Defendants, through their agent Kennard, AT&T and DIRECTV breached the confidentiality provision of the Affiliation Agreement by leaking the details of the carriage agreement in announcing non-renewal.
- 156. Similarly, as a result of the pressure imposed by Counterclaim Defendants, through their agent Kennard, AT&T and its agents and affiliates breached the non-disparagement provision in the Affiliation Agreement by repeatedly disparaging OAN.
- 157. Counterclaim Defendants acted with intent, malice and willful disregard for Herring's rights through a wrongful act (Kennard's fiduciary breach) in attempting to undermine Herring's business relationships and destroy the company.
- 158. As a result of Kennard's actions on behalf of Counterclaim Defendants, Herring was significantly damaged by the breaches of the Affiliation Agreement, in an amount to be proven at trial.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, counter plaintiff Herring Networks, Inc. respectfully requests that the Court enter judgment in its favor on Count I and award the following relief:

- A. Compensatory and other damages, in an amount to be determined at trial;
- B. Punitive damages;
- C. Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;
- D. Costs of suit; and

E. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Tortious Interference With Business Expectancy Herring Networks, Inc. v. Counterclaim Defendants

- 159. Herring incorporates Paragraphs 1-55, 78-149 by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 160. Until April 2022, Herring had a mutually beneficial and mutually profitable relationship with DIRECTV and various other cable television carriers related to the carriage of OAN and AWE.
- 161. Counterclaim Defendants were certainly aware of these relationships in addition to the fact that it is widely known to the public that OAN and AWE were carried on DIRECTV and other carriers, Counterclaim Defendants had knowledge of the DIRECTV relationship through their agent Kennard.
- 162. Counterclaim Defendants, through the actions of their agent Kennard, sought to further their goal of destroying Herring by disparaging OAN and catering to left-leaning organizations seeking the non-renewal of OAN.
- 163. In dereliction of his fiduciary obligations to AT&T stockholders, Kennard (for the benefit of Counterclaim Defendants) used his influence at AT&T to persuade DIRECTV to change the status quo and non-renew the Affiliation Agreement, resulting in reduced revenue for both AT&T and DIRECTV.
- 164. Before Kennard's exercise of his influence for the benefit of Counterclaim Defendants, Herring reasonably believed that DIRECTV and other carriers would renew carriage of OAN, and there was a reasonable probability that this could occur because carriage was mutually beneficial, generating revenue for Herring and the carriers.

- 165. Counterclaim Defendants acted with intent, malice, and willful disregard for Herring's rights through wrongful acts (Kennard's fiduciary breaches) in attempting to undermine Herring's business relationships and destroy the company.
- 166. As a result of Kennard's actions on behalf of Counterclaim Defendants, Herring has been significantly damaged through the loss of its expected future business relationship with DIRECTV and the loss of carriage on DIRECTV, as well as carriage and future business relationships on other providers that followed DIRECTV's lead, including Verizon Fios and Frontier.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, counter plaintiff Herring Networks, Inc. respectfully requests that the Court enter judgment in its favor on Count II and award the following relief:

- A. Compensatory and other damages, in an amount to be determined at trial;
- B. Punitive damages;
- C. Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;
- D. Costs of suit; and
- E. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Tortious Interference With Business Relationship/Contract Herring Networks, Inc. v. Staple Street Capital LLC

- 167. Herring incorporates Paragraphs 1-55, 78-149 by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 168. Until April 2022, Herring had a mutually beneficial and mutually profitable relationship with DIRECTV and AT&T related to the carriage of OAN and AWE, including through the Affiliation Agreement.

- 169. Staple Street was certainly aware of this relationship in addition to the fact that it is widely known to the public that OAN and AWE were carried on DIRECTV, Staple Street had knowledge through its agent Kennard.
- 170. Moreover, the business relationship and related contract between AT&T and OAN were widely reported in October 2021 and became a source of significant public discussion and controversy.
- 171. Staple Street, through the actions of its agent Kennard (which were violations of his fiduciary obligations to AT&T), sought to further its goal of destroying Herring by pressuring AT&T and DIRECTV to ensure non-renewal of OAN, breaching the disparagement and confidentiality provisions of the Affiliation Agreement in the process.
- 172. As a result of the pressure imposed by Staple Street, through its agent Kennard, AT&T and DIRECTV breached the confidentiality provision of the Affiliation Agreement by leaking the details of the carriage agreement in announcing non-renewal.
- 173. Similarly, as a result of the pressure imposed by Staple Street, through its agent Kennard, AT&T breached the non-disparagement provision in the Affiliation Agreement by repeatedly disparaging OAN.
- 174. Staple Street acted with malice, intent, and willful disregard for Herring's rights through wrongful acts (Kennard's fiduciary breaches) in attempting to undermine Herring's business relationships and destroy the company.
- 175. As a result of Kennard's actions on behalf of Counterclaim Defendants, Herring was significantly damaged by the breaches of the Affiliation Agreement, in an amount to be proven at trial.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, counter plaintiff Herring Networks, Inc. respectfully requests that the Court enter judgment in its favor on Count III and award the following relief:

- A. Compensatory and other damages, in an amount to be determined at trial;
- B. Punitive damages;
- C. Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;
- D. Costs of suit; and
- E. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Tortious Interference With Business Expectancy Herring Networks, Inc. v. Staple Street Capital LLC

- 176. Herring incorporates Paragraphs 1-55, 78-149 by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 177. Until April 2022, Herring had a mutually beneficial and mutually profitable relationship with DIRECTV and various other cable television carriers related to the carriage of OAN and AWE.
- 178. Staple Street was certainly aware of these relationships in addition to the fact that it is widely known to the public that OAN and AWE were carried on DIRECTV and other carriers, Staple Street had knowledge of the DIRECTV relationship through its agent Kennard.
- 179. Staple Street, through the actions of its agent Kennard, sought to further its goal of destroying Herring by disparaging OAN and bowing to the pressure of left-leaning organizations seeking the non-renewal of OAN.
- 180. In dereliction of his fiduciary obligations to AT&T stockholders, Kennard (for the benefit of Staple Street) used his influence at AT&T to convince DIRECTV to change the status

quo and non-renew the Affiliation Agreement, resulting in reduced revenue for both AT&T and DIRECTV.

- 181. Prior to Kennard's exercise of his influence for the benefit of Staple Street, Herring reasonably believed that DIRECTV and other carriers would renew carriage of OAN, and there was a reasonable probability that this could occur because carriage was mutually beneficial generating revenue for Herring and the carriers.
- 182. Staple Street acted with malice, intent, and willful disregard for Herring's rights through wrongful acts (Kennard's fiduciary breach) in attempting to undermine Herring's business relationships and destroy the company.
- 183. As a result of Kennard's actions on behalf of Staple Street, Herring has been significantly damaged through the loss of its expected future business relationship with DIRECTV and the loss of carriage on DIRECTV, as well as carriage and future business relationships on other providers that followed DIRECTV's lead, including Verizon Fios and Frontier.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, counter plaintiff Herring Networks, Inc. respectfully requests that the Court enter judgment in its favor on Count IV and award the following relief:

- A. Compensatory and other damages, in an amount to be determined at trial;
- B. Punitive damages;
- C. Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;
- D. Costs of suit; and
- E. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Contractual Indemnity Counterclaim Plaintiffs v. AT&T Services

- 184. Counterclaim Plaintiffs incorporate Paragraphs 1-66, 78-149 by reference as if fully set forth herein.
 - 185. Section 8.2 of the Affiliation Agreement states:

Affiliate shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless each of [Herring], its parent company and its Affiliated Companies, contractors, subcontractors, authorized agents, each supplier to [Herring] of any portion of any Service under this Agreement and each participant therein and the directors, officers, employees and agents of [Herring], such Affiliated Companies, contractors, subcontractors, authorized agents, such suppliers and participants therein (collectively, the "**Programmer Indemnitees**") from, against and with respect to any and all claims, demands, actions, or causes of action, damages, liabilities, threatened claims, costs and expenses (including reasonable outside attorneys' and experts' fees) incurred in connection with any third-party claim against the Programmer Indemnitees to the extent arising out of (a) Affiliate's breach or alleged breach of any provision of this Agreement.

- 186. As addressed *supra* ¶ 45, "Affiliate" is defined to include AT&T Services, Inc.
- 187. AT&T Services breached the non-disparagement provision in the Affiliation Agreement (Section 16.3) including by, among other things, disparaging the Counterclaim Plaintiffs through its representatives at CNN and HBO repeatedly from April 2020 through mid-2021, laying the groundwork for this lawsuit in August 2021.
- 188. Because this disparagement by AT&T Services, Kennard's disparagement of Herring, Kennard's control over AT&T Services, Kennard's dual agency between AT&T Services and Staple Street, Kennard's associated conflicts of interest, and AT&T Services' failure to address and remedy those conflicts of interest by ensuring Kennard was removed from any decision-making related to or ability to harm Herring proximately caused Counterclaim Defendants' lawsuit

against the Counterclaim Plaintiffs, AT&T Services is obligated to defend and indemnify the Counterclaim Plaintiffs in this litigation.

- 189. Pursuant to the Affiliation Agreement, AT&T Services owes a duty to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Herring and any of its directors, officers, employees and agents for any breach of the Affiliation Agreement.
- 190. Charles, Robert, and Rion were, at all relevant times, directors, officers, employees and/or agents of Herring.
- 191. Accordingly, under the Affiliation Agreement, AT&T Services and Kennard are required to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the Counterclaim Plaintiffs against the claims, costs, and expenses (including attorneys' fees) arising out of the lawsuit brought by Counterclaim Defendants.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Herring Networks, Inc., Charles Herring, Robert Herring, and Chanel Rion respectfully request that the Court enter judgment in their favor on Count V and award them the following relief:

- A. Compensatory and other damages, in an amount to be determined at trial;
- B. Attorneys' fees, as provided in the Affiliation Agreement;
- C. Costs of suit;
- D. Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest; and
- E. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Contractual Indemnity Counterclaim Plaintiffs v. William Kennard

- 192. Counterclaim Plaintiffs incorporate Paragraphs 1-55, 67-149 by reference as if fully set forth herein.
 - 193. Section 8.2 of the Affiliation Agreement states:

Affiliate shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless each of [Herring], its parent company and its Affiliated Companies, contractors, subcontractors, authorized agents, each supplier to [Herring] of any portion of any Service under this Agreement and each participant therein and the directors, officers, employees and agents of [Herring], such Affiliated Companies, contractors, subcontractors, authorized agents, such suppliers and participants therein (collectively, the "Programmer Indemnitees") from, against and with respect to any and all claims, demands, actions, or causes of action, damages, liabilities, threatened claims, costs and expenses (including reasonable outside attorneys' and experts' fees) incurred in connection with any third-party claim against the Programmer Indemnitees to the extent arising out of (a) Affiliate's breach or alleged breach of any provision of this Agreement.

- 194. As addressed *supra* ¶¶ 45-54, although Kennard is not a signatory to the Affiliation Agreement, he clearly falls within the definition of an "Affiliated Company" and therefore is a party bound by the terms of the agreement, including Section 8.2.
- 195. Importantly, Kennard is not relieved from his obligations under the Affiliation Agreement by Section 27, which limits (in certain contexts) liability for directors and officers.
- 196. Any interpretation of Section 27 that would preclude Kennard's liability would be inconsistent with the Affiliation Agreement as a whole and would, if accepted, render numerous provisions of the Affiliation Agreement superfluous. *See, e.g.,* Sections 8.1, 8.2, 16, 19, and 25.
 - 197.
- 198. Kennard breached the non-disparagement provision in the Affiliation Agreement (Section 16.3) including by, among other things,

, laying the groundwork both for the filing of this lawsuit by Counterclaim Defendants (in whom Kennard invests heavily) and the adverse carriage decision by AT&T and DIRECTV (which Kennard controls).

- 199. In fact, this lawsuit itself is a significant violation by Kennard of the non-disparagement provision, given that the lawsuit was brought at Kennard's direction as a member of Staple Street's Operating Executive Board, and Kennard stands to potentially financially benefit personally from the contract-breaching disparagement that is this lawsuit given his direct investment in one or more Dominion entities and his founding investor status and executive roles as to Staple Street.
- 200. Kennard's influence in Counterclaim Defendants' decision to bring suit "arises out of" his breaches of the non-disparagement provision in the Affiliation Agreement (including but not limited to the filing of this lawsuit), triggering the indemnification provision.
- 201. Pursuant to the Affiliation Agreement, Kennard owes a duty to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Herring and any of its directors, officers, employees and agents for any breach of the Affiliation Agreement.
- 202. Charles, Robert, and Rion were, at all relevant times, directors, officers, employees and/or agents of Herring.
- 203. Accordingly, under the Affiliation Agreement, Kennard is required to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the Counterclaim Plaintiffs against the claims, costs, and expenses (including attorneys' fees) arising out of the lawsuit brought by Counterclaim Defendants.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Herring Networks, Inc., Charles Herring, Robert Herring, and Chanel Rion respectfully request that the Court enter judgment in their favor on Count VI and award them the following relief:

- A. Compensatory and other damages, in an amount to be determined at trial;
- B. Attorneys' fees, as provided in the Affiliation Agreement;
- C. Costs of suit;
- D. Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest; and
- E. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

(All Claims)

WHEREFORE, Herring Networks, Inc., Charles Herring, Robert Herring, and Chanel Rion respectfully request that the Court enter judgment on all causes of action and award the following relief:

- A. Compensatory damages, in an amount to be determined at trial;
- B. Punitive damages against Counterclaim Defendants and Staple Street for tortious interference;
- C. Attorneys' fees against AT&T Services and Kennard pursuant to the Affiliation Agreement;
 - D. Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;
 - E. Costs of suit incurred herein; and
 - F. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Herring Networks, Inc., Charles Herring, Robert Herring, and Chanel Rion demand a trial by jury on all claims and issues so triable and request that the jury consist of 12 members.

Dated: May 5, 2023 Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Blaine Kimrey

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Counsel for Counterclaim Plaintiffs

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 5th day of May 2023, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system, which I understand to have served counsel for the current parties of record.

/s/ Blaine C. Kimrey
Blaine C. Kimrey