### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA : Case No: 21-cr-82-2 (CJN)

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:

40 U.S.C. § 5104(e)(2((G)

:

**v.** 

:

TROY WILLIAMS,

:

Defendant.

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#### STATEMENT OF OFFENSE

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11, the United States of America, by and through its attorney, the United States Attorney for the District of Columbia, and the defendant, Troy WILLIAMS, with the concurrence of his attorney, agree and stipulate to the below factual basis for the defendant's guilty plea—that is, if this case were to proceed to trial, the parties stipulate that the United States could prove the below facts beyond a reasonable doubt:

#### The Attack at the U.S. Capitol on January 6, 2021

- 1. The U.S. Capitol, which is located at First Street, SE, in Washington, D.C., is secured 24 hours a day by U.S. Capitol Police. Restrictions around the U.S. Capitol include permanent and temporary security barriers and posts manned by U.S. Capitol Police. Only authorized people with appropriate identification are allowed access inside the U.S. Capitol.
- 2. On January 6, 2021, the exterior plaza of the U.S. Capitol was closed to members of the public.

- 3. On January 6, 2021, a joint session of the United States Congress convened at the United States Capitol, which is located at First Street, SE, in Washington, D.C. During the joint session, elected members of the United States House of Representatives and the United States Senate were meeting in separate chambers of the United States Capitol to certify the vote count of the Electoral College of the 2020 Presidential Election, which had taken place on November 3, 2020. The joint session began at approximately 1:00 p.m. Shortly thereafter, by approximately 1:30 p.m., the House and Senate adjourned to separate chambers to resolve a particular objection. Vice President Mike Pence was present and presiding, first in the joint session, and then in the Senate chamber.
- 4. As the proceedings continued in both the House and the Senate, and with Vice President Pence present and presiding over the Senate, a large crowd gathered outside the U.S. Capitol. As noted above, temporary and permanent barricades were in place around the exterior of the U.S. Capitol building, and U.S. Capitol Police were present and attempting to keep the crowd away from the Capitol building and the proceedings underway inside.
- 5. At approximately 2:00 p.m., certain individuals in the crowd forced their way through, up, and over the barricades, and officers of the U.S. Capitol Police, and the crowd advanced to the exterior façade of the building. The crowd was not lawfully authorized to enter or remain in the building and, prior to entering the building, no members of the crowd submitted to security screenings or weapons checks by U.S. Capitol Police Officers or other authorized security officials.
- 6. At such time, the certification proceedings were still underway and the exterior doors and windows of the U.S. Capitol were locked or otherwise secured. Members of the U.S. Capitol Police attempted to maintain order and keep the crowd from entering the Capitol;

however, shortly after 2:00 p.m., individuals in the crowd forced entry into the U.S. Capitol, including by breaking windows and by assaulting members of law enforcement, as others in the crowd encouraged and assisted those acts. The riot resulted in substantial damage to the U.S. Capitol, requiring the expenditure of more than \$1.4 million dollars for repairs.

7. Shortly thereafter, at approximately 2:20 p.m., members of the United States
House of Representatives and United States Senate, including the President of the Senate, Vice
President Pence, were instructed to—and did—evacuate the chambers. Accordingly, all
proceedings of the United States Congress, including the joint session, were effectively
suspended until shortly after 8:00 p.m. the same day. In light of the dangerous circumstances
caused by the unlawful entry to the U.S. Capitol, including the danger posed by individuals who
had entered the U.S. Capitol without any security screening or weapons check, Congressional
proceedings could not resume until after every unauthorized occupant had left the U.S. Capitol,
and the building had been confirmed secured. The proceedings resumed at approximately 8:00
p.m. after the building had been secured. Vice President Pence remained in the United States
Capitol from the time he was evacuated from the Senate Chamber until the session resumed.

#### WILLIAMS' Participation in the January 6, 2021, Capitol Riot

8. On or about January 5, 2021, WILLIAMS, Dalton Ray CRASE and another person traveled from Kentucky to Washington, D.C. area to attend the "Stop the Steal" rally. CRASE and WILLIAMS attended the rally at the Ellipse in Washington, D.C. and then marched to the U.S. Capitol, and onto the U.S. Capitol Grounds while the Congressional Proceeding was still ongoing. At about approximately 3:00 p.m., CRASE and WILLIAMS crossed police lines at the steps of the U.S. Capitol. In so doing, CRASE and WILLIAMS joined others who had already entered the building, and WILLIAMS observed that law enforcement had been

overwhelmed by the crowd. At approximately 3:08 pm CRASE and WILLIAMS both entered the U.S. Capitol Building and took photographs and video inside and in the doorway to the building. CRASE and WILLIAMS moved through the U.S. Capitol Building with other rioters who were yelling, chanting, carrying posters and signs, and yelling various slogans in support of then-President Trump.

- 9. CRASE and WILLIAMS were inside the U.S. Capitol building together for approximately 10 minutes.
- 10. When WILLIAMS entered the U.S. Capitol Building he was aware that he did not have permission to enter the building or to otherwise parade, demonstrate or picket in the building.
- 11. WILLIAMS personally observed CRASE enter the U.S. Capitol Building with him on January 6, 2021, and has no information that CRASE was authorized or had permission to enter the U.S. Capitol, cross police lines, or parade, picket or demonstrate in the U.S. Capitol Building.

Respectfully submitted,

CHANNING D. PHILLIPS Acting United States Attorney D.C. Bar No. 415793

By: /s/
Tejpal S. Chawla
Assistant United States Attorney

## DEFENDANT'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I, Troy Williams have read this Statement of the Offense and have discussed it with my attorney. I fully understand this Statement of the Offense. I agree and acknowledge by my signature that this Statement of the Offense is true and accurate. I do this voluntarily and of my own free will. No threats have been made to me nor am I under the influence of anything that could impede my ability to understand this Statement of the Offense fully.

Date: 10/12/21

Troy Williams
Defendant

# ATTORNEY'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I have read this Statement of the Offense and have reviewed it with my client fully. I concur in my client's desire to adopt this Statement of the Offense as true and accurate.

Date: 10/12/2021

Dwight Crawley
Attorney for Defendant