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13	Counsel for Defendants		
14 15 16	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION		
17 18	AMERICAN FEDERATION OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, et al.	Case No. 3:25-cv-1780-WHA	
19	Plaintiffs, v.	DECLARATION OF REESHA TRZNADEL IN SUPPORT OF	
20 21 22	UNITED STATES OFFICE OF PERSONEL MANAGEMENT, et al., Defendants.	DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR STAY OF MARCH 13, 2025, ORDER	
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Declaration of Reesha Trznadel in Support of Defendants' Motion for Stay of March 13, 2025, Order 3:25-cv-1780-WHA

- I, Reesha Trznadel, declare, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, as follows:
- I am the Acting Chief Human Capital Officer of the Department of Energy ("Department"), headquartered in Washington, D.C. I have served in this position since February 28, 2025.
- 2. In my Acting role at the Department, I oversee those responsible for personnel management. I oversee those responsible for tracking and recording personnel actions, including terminations. I assist in ensuring that all personnel actions comply with federal law, including those related to probationary employees.
- 3. Probationary employees in the competitive service are generally employees who have been employed for less than one year. In the excepted service, the probationary period is two years for most employees.
- 4. The probationary period is part of the hiring process, and the Department is generally subject to less stringent procedural requirements when terminating a probationary employee versus terminating employees with final appointments.
- 5. The probationary period is an extended tryout for a finalized appointment. Supervisors evaluate probationary employees to determine whether the employees would be a good fit for long-term employment. An employee's appointment is not final until they have completed their probationary period.
- 6. On January 20, 2025, although I was not serving in this position at that time, it is my understanding that the Department received a guidance memorandum from the Office of Personnel Management ("OPM"), which requested that agencies identify all probationary employees and determine whether those employees should be retained.
- 7. The Department terminated approximately 555 probationary employees between February 13 and 14, 2025.
- 8. The Court's order, requiring the Department to reinstate all probationary employees terminated on or about February 13 and 14, 2025, could impose administrative burdens on the Department.

- 9. Offers of reinstatement could impose administrative burdens on the Department. Among other things, all reinstated employees will have to be identified, contacted, and onboarded again. The onboarding process includes going through training, filling out human resources paperwork, receiving new equipment, obtaining new security badges and clearances, and re-enrolling in benefits programs.
- 10. I understand from managers that offers of reinstatement could cause confusion. Employees who were terminated just weeks ago will be offered reinstatement. Yet an appellate ruling could reverse the district court's order before terminated employees accept their reinstatement or before they reenter on the job. The Department could withdraw any offers of reinstatement in that circumstance. And even if the employees are reinstated prior to any reversal of the district court's order, the reinstated employees will remain on probation and could again be terminated. In short, employees could be subjected to multiple changes in their employment status in a matter of weeks.
- 11. I understand from managers that the uncertainty associated with this state of affairs could impede supervisors from efficiently managing their workforce. Work schedules and assignments would effectively be tied to hearing and briefing schedules set by the courts. It would be inefficient and disruptive to assign new work to reinstated employees in light of the uncertainty over their future status.
- 12. Finally, I understand from managers that offering reinstatement to terminated probationary employees could interfere with the effective functioning of the Department. Since February, the Department has made meaningful changes to accommodate the challenged terminations, including reassigning the necessary functions of the terminated employees.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

1	Dated: March 14, 2025	
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4		/s/ Reesha Trznadel
5		REESHA TRZNADEL ACTING CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICER
6		ACTING CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICER US DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
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