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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

CAMERON HARRELL,  
Plaintiff,

vs.

FAURA COMMERCIAL HOLDINGS,  
LLC D/B/A CANYON CREEK INN; and  
DOES 1 to 10,  
Defendants.

**Case No.:**

COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE  
RELIEF AND DAMAGES FOR DENIAL  
OF CIVIL RIGHTS OF A DISABLED  
PERSON IN VIOLATIONS OF

1. AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT, 42 U.S.C. §12131 et seq.;
2. CALIFORNIA’S UNRUH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT;
3. CALIFORNIA’S DISABLED PERSONS ACT;
4. CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE;
5. NEGLIGENCE

Plaintiff CAMERON HARRELL (“Plaintiff”) complains of Defendants FAURA COMMERCIAL HOLDINGS, LLC D/B/A CANYON CREEK INN; and DOES 1 to 10 (“Defendants”) and alleges as follows:

**PARTIES**

1. Plaintiff is a California resident with a physical disability. Plaintiff is diagnosed with complete paraplegia due to a spinal cord injury and is substantially

1 limited in his ability to walk. Plaintiff requires the use of a wheelchair at all times when  
2 traveling in public.

3 2. Defendants are, or were at the time of the incident, the real property owners,  
4 business operators, lessors and/or lessees of the real property for a motel (“Business”)   
5 located at or about 6059 Pine St, Wrightwood, California.

6 3. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or  
7 otherwise of Defendant DOES 1 through 10, and each of them, are unknown to Plaintiff,  
8 who therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will ask leave of  
9 Court to amend this Complaint when the true names and capacities have been  
10 ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and, based thereon, alleges that each such  
11 fictitiously named Defendants are responsible in some manner, and therefore, liable to  
12 Plaintiff for the acts herein alleged.

13 4. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that, at all relevant  
14 times, each of the Defendants was the agent, employee, or alter-ego of each of the other  
15 Defendants, and/or was acting in concert with each of the other Defendants, and in doing  
16 the things alleged herein was acting with the knowledge and consent of the other  
17 Defendants and within the course and scope of such agency or employment relationship.

18 5. Whenever and wherever reference is made in this Complaint to any act or  
19 failure to act by a defendant or Defendants, such allegations and references shall also be  
20 deemed to mean the acts and failures to act of each Defendant acting individually, jointly  
21 and severally.

### 22 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

23 6. The Court has jurisdiction of this action pursuant to 28 USC §§ 1331 and  
24 1343 for violation of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, (42 USC §12101, *et*  
25 *seq.*).

26 7. Pursuant to pendant jurisdiction, attendant and related causes of action,  
27 arising from the same nucleus of operating facts, are also brought under California law,  
28

1 including, but not limited to, violations of California Civil Code §§51, 51.5, 52(a), 52.1,  
2 54, 54., 54.3 and 55.

3 8. Plaintiff's claims are authorized by 28 USC §§ 2201 and 2202.

4 9. Venue is proper in this court pursuant to 28 USC §1391(b). The real  
5 property which is the subject of this action is located in this district, San Bernardino  
6 County, California, and that all actions complained of herein take place in this district.

7 **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

8 10. In or about April of 2024, Plaintiff went to the Business.

9 11. The Business is a motel business establishment, open to the public, and is a  
10 place of public accommodation that affects commerce through its operation. Defendants  
11 provide parking spaces for customers.

12 12. While attempting to enter the Business during each visit, Plaintiff personally  
13 encountered a number of barriers that interfered with his ability to use and enjoy the  
14 goods, services, privileges, and accommodations offered at the Business.

15 13. To the extent of Plaintiff's personal knowledge, the barriers at the Business  
16 included, but were not limited to, the following:

- 17 a. Defendants failed to comply with the federal and state standards for  
18 the parking space designated for persons with disabilities. Defendants  
19 failed to provide proper van accessible space designated for the  
20 persons with disabilities as there was no access aisle for wheelchair  
21 drop-off.
- 22 b. Defendants failed to comply with the federal and state standards for  
23 the parking space designated for persons with disabilities. Defendants  
24 failed to paint the ground as required.
- 25 c. Defendants failed to comply with the federal and state standards for  
26 the parking space designated for persons with disabilities. Defendants  
27 failed to paint the International Symbol of Accessibility on the surface  
28

1 as required as its lower side or corner did not align with the end of the  
2 parking space length.

3 d. Defendants failed to comply with the federal and state standards for  
4 the parking space designated for persons with disabilities. Defendants  
5 failed to provide a van parking space and access aisle with level  
6 surface slope.

7 14. These barriers and conditions denied Plaintiff the full and equal access to the  
8 Business and caused Plaintiff difficulty and frustration. Plaintiff wishes to return and  
9 patronize the Business; however, Plaintiff is deterred from visiting the Business because  
10 his knowledge of these violations prevents him from returning until the barriers are  
11 removed.

12 15. Based on the violations, Plaintiff alleges, on information and belief, that  
13 there are additional barriers to accessibility at the Business after further site inspection.  
14 Plaintiff seeks to have all barriers related to his disability remedied. *See Doran v. 7-*  
15 *Eleven, Inc.* 524 F.3d 1034 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2008).

16 16. In addition, Plaintiff alleges, on information and belief, that Defendants  
17 knew that particular barriers render the Business inaccessible, violate state and federal  
18 law, and interfere with access for the physically disabled.

19 17. At all relevant times, Defendants had and still have control and dominion  
20 over the conditions at this location and had and still have the financial resources to  
21 remove these barriers without much difficulty or expenses to make the Business  
22 accessible to the physically disabled in compliance with ADDAG and Title 24  
23 regulations. Defendants have not removed such barriers and have not modified the  
24 Business to conform to accessibility regulations.

25 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

26 **VIOLATION OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990**

27 18. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
28 paragraphs in this complaint.

1           19. Under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (“ADA”), no individual  
2 shall be discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of  
3 the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations of any place of  
4 public accommodation by any person who owns, leases, or leases to, or operates a place  
5 of public accommodation. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).

6           20. Discrimination, *inter alia*, includes:

- 7           a. A failure to make reasonable modification in policies, practices, or  
8 procedures, when such modifications are necessary to afford such  
9 goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations  
10 to individuals with disabilities, unless the entity can demonstrate that  
11 making such modifications would fundamentally alter the nature of  
12 such goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or  
13 accommodations. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(ii).
- 14           b. A failure to take such steps as may be necessary to ensure that no  
15 individual with a disability is excluded, denied services, segregated or  
16 otherwise treated differently than other individuals because of the  
17 absence of auxiliary aids and services, unless the entity can  
18 demonstrate that taking such steps would fundamentally alter the  
19 nature of the good, service, facility, privilege, advantage, or  
20 accommodation being offered or would result in an undue burden. 42  
21 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(iii).
- 22           c. A failure to remove architectural barriers, and communication barriers  
23 that are structural in nature, in existing facilities, and transportation  
24 barriers in existing vehicles and rail passenger cars used by an  
25 establishment for transporting individuals (not including barriers that  
26 can only be removed through the retrofitting of vehicles or rail  
27 passenger cars by the installation of a hydraulic or other lift), where  
28 such removal is readily achievable. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv).

1 d. A failure to make alterations in such a manner that, to the maximum  
2 extent feasible, the altered portions of the facility are readily  
3 accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities, including  
4 individuals who use wheelchairs or to ensure that, to the maximum  
5 extent feasible, the path of travel to the altered area and the  
6 bathrooms, telephones, and drinking fountains serving the altered  
7 area, are readily accessible to and usable by individuals with  
8 disabilities where such alterations to the path or travel or the  
9 bathrooms, telephones, and drinking fountains serving the altered area  
10 are not disproportionate to the overall alterations in terms of cost and  
11 scope. 42 U.S.C. § 12183(a)(2).

12 21. Where parking spaces are provided, accessible parking spaces shall be  
13 provided. 1991 ADA Standards § 4.1.2(5); 2010 ADA Standards § 208. One in every  
14 eight accessible spaces, but not less than one, shall be served by an access aisle 96 in  
15 (2440 mm) wide minimum and shall be designated “van accessible.” 1991 ADA  
16 Standards § 4.1.2(5)(b). For every six or fraction of six parking spaces, at least one shall  
17 be a van accessible parking space. 2010 ADA Standards § 208.2.4.

18 22. For the parking spaces, access aisles shall be marked with a blue painted  
19 borderline around their perimeter. The area within the blue borderlines shall be marked  
20 with hatched lines a maximum of 36 inches (914 mm) on center in a color contrasting  
21 with that of the aisle surface, preferably blue or white. The words "NO PARKING" shall  
22 be painted on the surface within each access aisle in white letters a minimum of 12 inches  
23 (305 mm) in height and located to be visible from the adjacent vehicular way. CBC §  
24 11B-502.3.3.

25 23. Here, Defendants failed to provide a proper access aisle as there were no  
26 “NO PARKING” markings and blue hatched lines painted on the parking surface.  
27 Moreover, Defendants failed to provide the access aisle with the minimum width of 96  
28 inches.

1 24. The surface of each accessible car and van space shall have surface  
2 identification complying with either of the following options: The outline of a profile  
3 view of a wheelchair with occupant in white on a blue background a minimum 36” wide  
4 by 36” high (914 mm x 914 mm). The centerline of the profile view shall be a maximum  
5 of 6 inches (152 mm) from the centerline of the parking space, its sides parallel to the  
6 length of the parking space and its lower side or corner aligned with the end of the  
7 parking space length or by outlining or painting the parking space in blue and outlining  
8 on the ground in white or a suitable contrasting color a profile view of a wheel chair with  
9 occupant. See CBC § 11B-502.6.4, et seq.

10 25. Here, Defendants failed to paint the International Symbol of Accessibility on  
11 the surface as required as its lower side or corner did not align with the end of the parking  
12 space length.

13 26. Under the 1991 Standards, parking spaces and access aisles must be level  
14 with surface slopes not exceeding 1:50 (2%) in all directions. 1991 Standards § 4.6.2.  
15 Accessible parking spaces shall be at least 96 in (2440 mm) wide. Parking access aisles  
16 shall be part of an accessible route to the building or facility entrance and shall comply  
17 with 4.3. Two accessible parking spaces may share a common access aisle. Parked  
18 vehicle overhangs shall not reduce the clear width of an accessible route. Parking spaces  
19 and access aisles shall be level with surface slopes not exceeding 1:50 (2%) in all  
20 directions. 1991 Standards § 4.6.3.

21 27. Here, the van parking space and access aisle are not properly level. Under  
22 the 2010 Standards, access aisles shall be at the same level as the parking spaces they  
23 serve. Changes in level are not permitted. 2010 Standards § 502.4. “Access aisles are  
24 required to be nearly level in all directions to provide a surface for transfer to and from  
25 vehicles.” 2010 Standards § 502.4 Advisory. Id. No more than a 1:48 slope is permitted.

26 28. A public accommodation shall maintain in operable working condition those  
27 features of facilities and equipment that are required to be readily accessible to and usable  
28 by persons with disabilities by the Act or this part. 28 C.F.R. 35.211(a).

1 29. By failing to maintain the facility to be readily accessible and usable by  
2 Plaintiff, Defendants are in violation of Plaintiff's rights under the ADA and its related  
3 regulations.

4 30. The Business has denied and continues to deny full and equal access to  
5 Plaintiff and to other people with disabilities. Plaintiff has been and will continue to be  
6 discriminated against due to the lack of accessible facilities, and therefore, seeks  
7 injunctive relief to alter facilities to make such facilities readily accessible to and usable  
8 by individuals with disabilities.

9 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

10 **VIOLATION OF THE UNRUH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT**

11 31. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
12 paragraphs in this complaint.

13 32. California Civil Code § 51 states, "All persons within the jurisdiction of this  
14 state are free and equal, and no matter what their sex, race, color, religion, ancestry,  
15 national origin, disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sexual  
16 orientation, citizenship, primary language, or immigration status are entitled to the full  
17 and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business  
18 establishments of every kind whatsoever."

19 33. California Civil Code § 52 states, "Whoever denies, aids or incites a denial,  
20 or make any discrimination or distinction contrary to Section 51, 51.5, or 51.6, is liable  
21 for each and every offense for the actual damages, and any amount that may be  
22 determined by a jury, or a court sitting without a jury, up to a maximum of three times the  
23 amount of actual damage but in no case less than four thousand dollars (\$4,000) and any  
24 attorney's fees that may be determined by the court in addition thereto, suffered by any  
25 person denied the rights provided in Section 51, 51.5, or 51.6.

26 34. California Civil Code § 51(f) specifies, "a violation of the right of any  
27 individual under federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336)  
28 shall also constitute a violation of this section."



1 35. The actions and omissions of Defendants alleged herein constitute a denial  
2 of full and equal accommodation, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services by  
3 physically disabled persons within the meaning of California Civil Code §§ 51 and 52.  
4 Defendants have discriminated against Plaintiff in violation of California Civil Code §§  
5 51 and 52.

6 36. The violations of the Unruh Civil Rights Act caused Plaintiff to experience  
7 difficulty, discomfort, or embarrassment. The Defendants are also liable for statutory  
8 damages as specified in California Civil Code §55.56(a)-(c).

9 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

10 **VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA DISABLED PERSONS ACT**

11 37. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
12 paragraphs in this complaint.

13 38. California Civil Code § 54.1(a) states, “Individuals with disabilities shall be  
14 entitled to full and equal access, as other members of the general public, to  
15 accommodations, advantages, facilities, medical facilities, including hospitals, clinics,  
16 and physicians’ offices, and privileges of all common carriers, airplanes, motor vehicles,  
17 railroad trains, motorbuses, streetcars, boats, or any other public conveyances or modes  
18 of transportation (whether private, public, franchised, licensed, contracted, or otherwise  
19 provided), telephone facilities, adoption agencies, private schools, hotels, loading places,  
20 places of public accommodations, amusement, or resort, and other places in which the  
21 general public is invited, subject only to the conditions and limitations established by  
22 law, or state or federal regulation, and applicable alike to all persons.

23 39. California Civil Code § 54.3(a) states, “Any person or persons, firm or  
24 corporation who denies or interferes with admittance to or enjoyment of public facilities  
25 as specified in Sections 54 and 54.1 or otherwise interferes with the rights of an  
26 individual with a disability under Sections 54, 54.1 and 54.2 is liable for each offense for  
27 the actual damages, and any amount as may be determined by a jury, or a court sitting  
28 without a jury, up to a maximum of three times the amount of actual damages but in no

1 case less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and any attorney’s fees that may be  
2 determined by the court in addition thereto, suffered by any person denied the rights  
3 provided in Section 54, 54.1, and 54.2.

4 40. California Civil Code § 54(d) specifies, “a violation of the right of an  
5 individual under Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336) also  
6 constitute a violation of this section, and nothing in this section shall be construed to limit  
7 the access of any person in violation of that act.

8 41. The actions and omissions of Defendants alleged herein constitute a denial  
9 of full and equal accommodation, advantages, and facilities by physically disabled  
10 persons within the meaning of California Civil Code § 54. Defendants have  
11 discriminated against Plaintiff in violation of California Civil Code § 54.

12 42. The violations of the California Disabled Persons Act caused Plaintiff to  
13 experience difficulty, discomfort, and embarrassment. The Defendants are also liable for  
14 statutory damages as specified in California Civil Code §55.56(a)-(c).

15 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

16 **CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE § 19955, et seq.**

17 43. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
18 paragraphs in this complaint.

19 44. Plaintiff and other similar physically disabled persons who require the use of  
20 a wheelchair are unable to use public facilities on a “full and equal” basis unless each  
21 such facility is in compliance with the provisions of California Health & Safety Code §  
22 19955 et seq. Plaintiff is a member of the public whose rights are protected by the  
23 provisions of California Health & Safety Code § 19955 et seq.

24 45. The purpose of California Health & Safety Code § 1995 et seq. is to ensure  
25 that public accommodations or facilities constructed in this state with private funds  
26 adhere to the provisions of Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 4450) of Division 5 of  
27 Title 1 of the Government Code. The code relating to such public accommodations also  
28 require that “when sanitary facilities are made available for the public, clients, or

1 employees in these stations, centers, or buildings, they shall be made available for  
2 persons with disabilities.

3 46. Title II of the ADA holds as a “general rule” that no individual shall be  
4 discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of goods  
5 (or use), services, facilities, privileges, and accommodations offered by any person who  
6 owns, operates, or leases a place of public accommodation. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).  
7 Further, each and every violation of the ADA also constitutes a separate and distinct  
8 violation of California Civil Code §§ 54(c) and 54.1(d), thus independently justifying an  
9 award of damages and injunctive relief pursuant to California law, including but not  
10 limited to Civil Code § 54.3 and Business and Professions Code § 17200, et seq.

11 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

12 **NEGLIGENCE**

13 47. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
14 paragraphs in this complaint.

15 48. Defendants have a general duty and a duty under the ADA, Unruh Civil  
16 Rights Act and California Disabled Persons Act to provide safe and accessible facilities  
17 to the Plaintiff.

18 49. Defendants breached their duty of care by violating the provisions of ADA,  
19 Unruh Civil Rights Act and California Disabled Persons Act.

20 50. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants’ negligent conduct, Plaintiff  
21 has suffered damages.

22 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

23 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully prays for relief and judgment against  
24 Defendants as follows:

- 25 1. For preliminary and permanent injunction directing Defendants to comply
- 26 with the Americans with Disability Act and the Unruh Civil Rights Act;
- 27 2. Award of all appropriate damages, including but not limited to statutory
- 28 damages, general damages and treble damages in amounts, according to proof;

- 1 3. Award of all reasonable restitution for Defendants' unfair competition
- 2 practices;
- 3 4. Reasonable attorney's fees, litigation expenses, and costs of suit in this
- 4 action;
- 5 5. Prejudgment interest pursuant to California Civil Code § 3291; and
- 6 6. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

7 **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

8 Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby  
9 demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

10  
11  
12 Dated: August 14, 2024

SO. CAL. EQUAL ACCESS GROUP

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15 By: /s/ Jason J. Kim  
16 Jason J. Kim, Esq.  
17 Attorneys for Plaintiff  
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